

**CONIC CARDS**  
**EQUATION FOR**  
**GRAPHING**

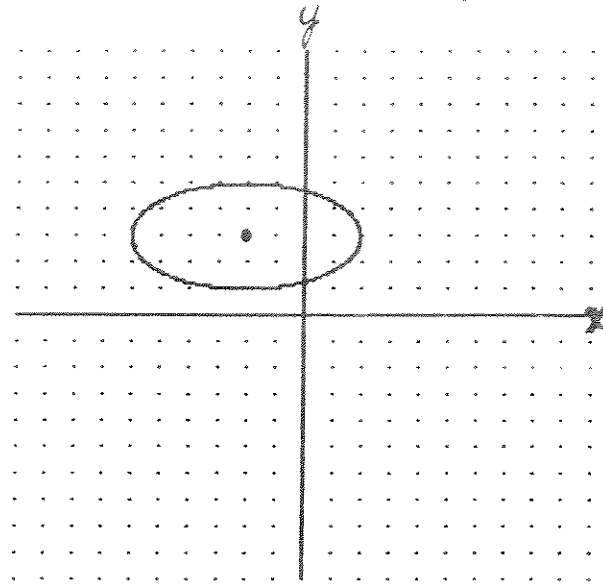
**GRAPH**

**DESCRIPTION**

**EQUATION**

$$\frac{(x+2)^2}{16} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{4} = 1$$

A



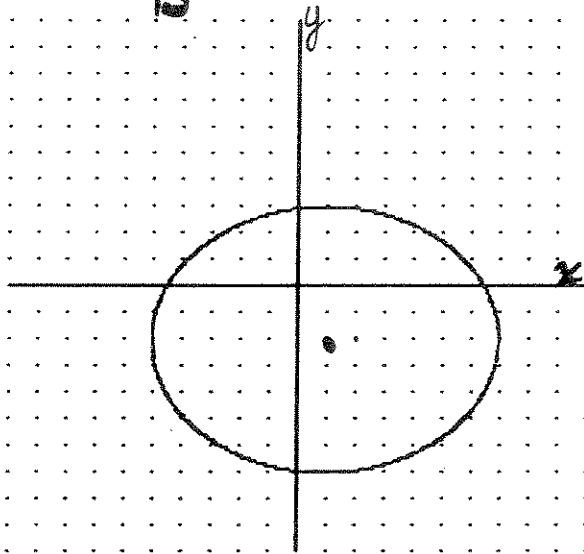
**ELLIPSE**

center: (-2, 3)  
 semi-major axis: 4  
 semi-minor axis: 2

**EQUATION**

$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{36} + \frac{(y+2)^2}{25} = 1$$

B



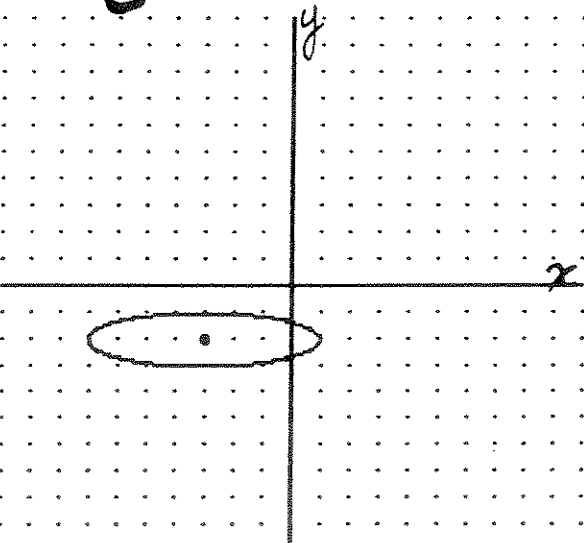
**ELLIPSE**

center: (1, -2)  
 semi-major axis: 6  
 semi-minor axis: 5

**EQUATION**

$$\frac{(x+3)^2}{16} + \frac{(y+2)^2}{1} = 1$$

C



**ELLIPSE**

center: (-3, -2)  
 semi-major axis: 4  
 semi-minor axis: 1

a, b, c,  
eccentricity

$$Ax^2 + By^2 + Cx + Dy + E = 0$$

A

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 4 \\ b &= 2 \\ c &= 2\sqrt{3} \\ e &= .866 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + 4y^2 + 4x - 24y + 24 = 0$$

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B

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 6 \\ b &= 5 \\ c &= \sqrt{11} \\ e &= .553 \end{aligned}$$

$$25x^2 + 36y^2 - 50x + 144y - 731 = 0$$

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C

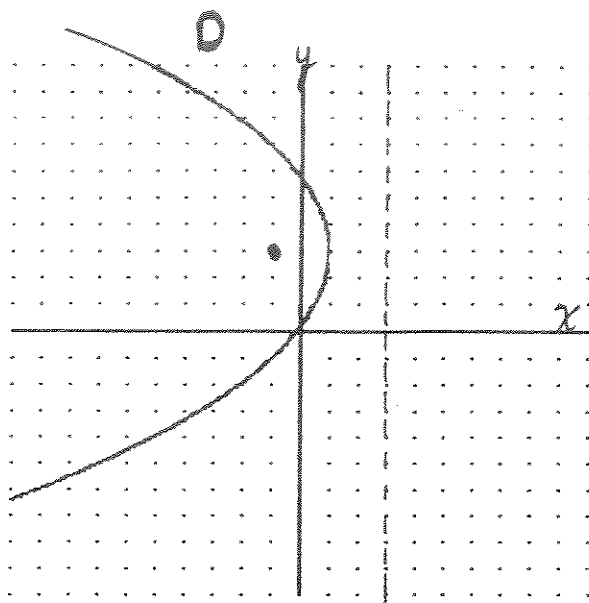
$$\begin{aligned} a &= 4 \\ b &= 1 \\ c &= \sqrt{15} \\ e &= .968 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + 16y^2 + 6x + 64y + 57 = 0$$

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EQUATION

$$(y-3)^2 = -8(x-1)$$



PARABOLA

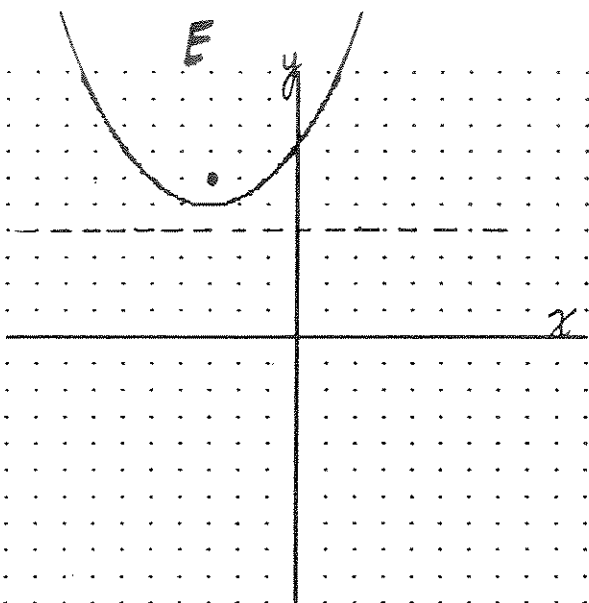
Vertex: ( 1, 3 )

Axis of symm:  $x = 3$

directrix:  $x = 3$

EQUATION

$$(x+3)^2 = 4(y-5)$$



PARABOLA

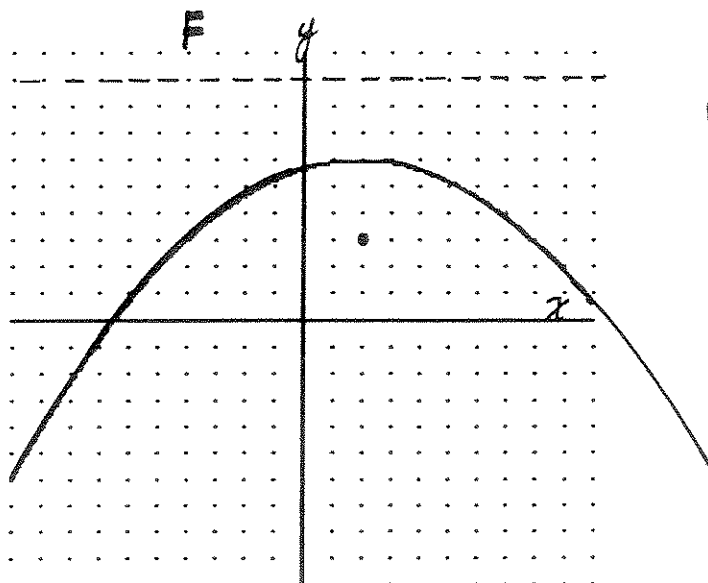
Vertex: (-3, 5)

Axis of symm:  $x = -3$

directrix:  $y = 4$

EQUATION

$$(x-2)^2 = -12(y-6)$$



PARABOLA

Vertex: ( 2, 6 )

Axis of symm:  $x = 2$

directrix:  $y = 9$

D

$$\begin{aligned} a &= -2 \\ e &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$y^2 + 8x - 6y + 1 = 0$$

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E

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 1 \\ e &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + 6x - 4y - 29 = 0$$

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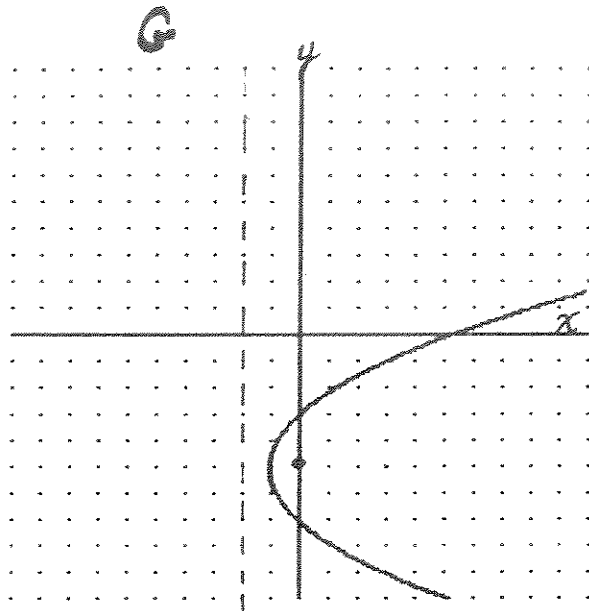
F

$$\begin{aligned} a &= -3 \\ e &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 - 4x + 12y - 68 = 0$$

EQUATION

$$(y+5)^2 = 4(x+1)$$



PARABOLA

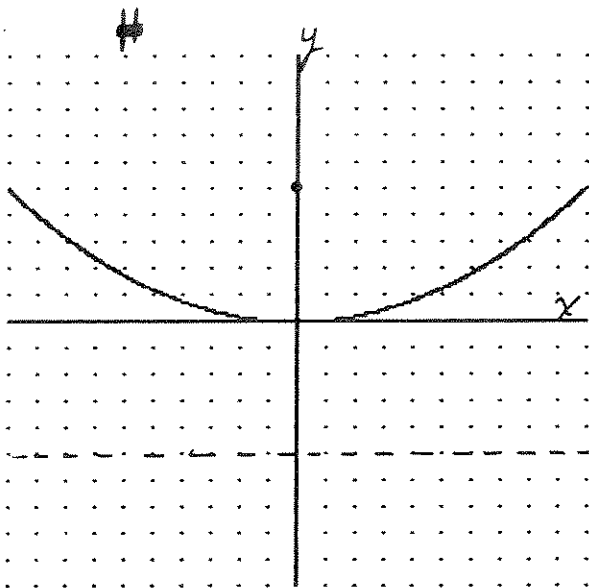
Vertex:  $(-1, -5)$

Axis of symm:  $y = -5$

directrix:  $x = -2$

EQUATION

$$x^2 = 20y$$



PARABOLA

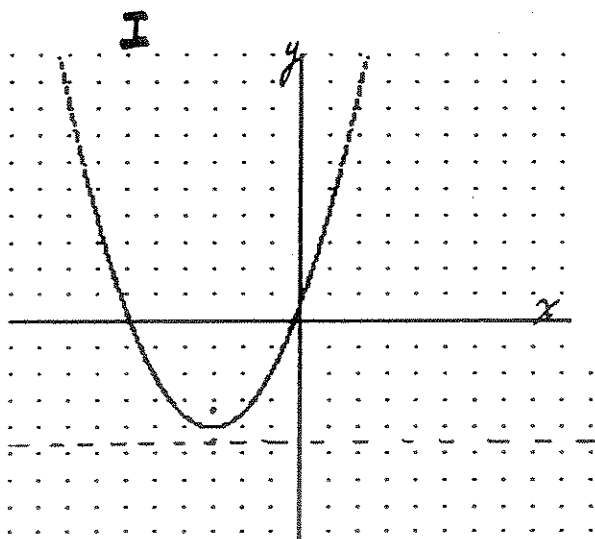
Vertex:  $(0, 0)$

Axis of symm:  $x = 0$

directrix:  $y = -5$

EQUATION

$$(x+3)^2 = 2(y+4)$$



PARABOLA

Vertex:  $(-3, -4)$

Axis of symm:  $x = -3$

directrix:  $y = -4.5$

G

$$a = 1$$
$$e = 1$$

$$y^2 - 4x + 10y + 21 = 0$$

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H

$$a = 5$$
$$e = 1$$

$$x^2 - 20y = 0$$

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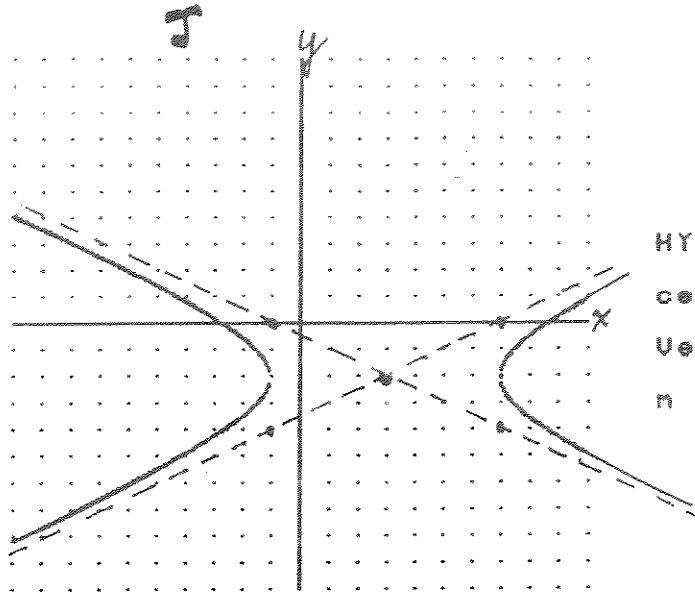
I

$$a = .5$$
$$e = 1$$

$$x^2 + 6x - 2y + 1 = 0$$

EQUATION

$$\frac{(x-3)^2}{16} - \frac{(y+2)^2}{4} = 1$$



HYPERBOLA

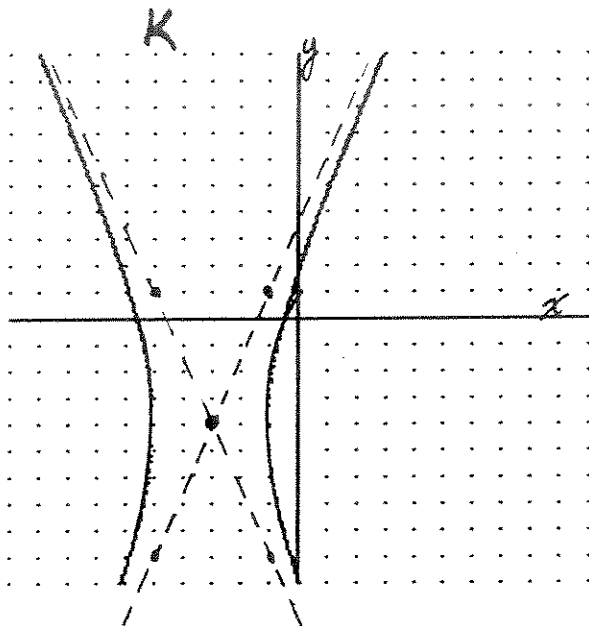
center: (3, -2)

Vertex to center: 4

n (asymptotes):  $\pm 1/2$

EQUATION

$$\frac{(x+3)^2}{4} - \frac{(y+4)^2}{25} = 1$$



HYPERBOLA

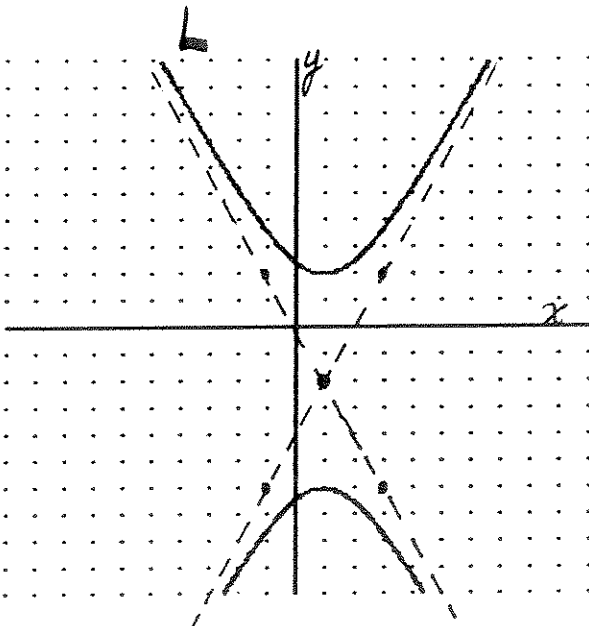
center: (-3, -4)

Vertex to center: 2

n (asymptotes):  $\pm 5/2$

EQUATION

$$\frac{(y+2)^2}{16} - \frac{(x-1)^2}{4} = 1$$



HYPERBOLA

center: (1, -2)

Vertex to center: 4

n (asymptotes):  $\pm 2/1$

J

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 4 \\b &= 2 \\c &= 2\sqrt{5} \\e &= 1.12\end{aligned}$$

$$4x^2 - 16y^2 - 24x - 64y - 92 = 0$$

---

K

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 2 \\b &= 5 \\c &= \sqrt{29} \\e &= 2.69\end{aligned}$$

$$25x^2 - 4y^2 + 150x - 32y + 61 = 0$$

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L

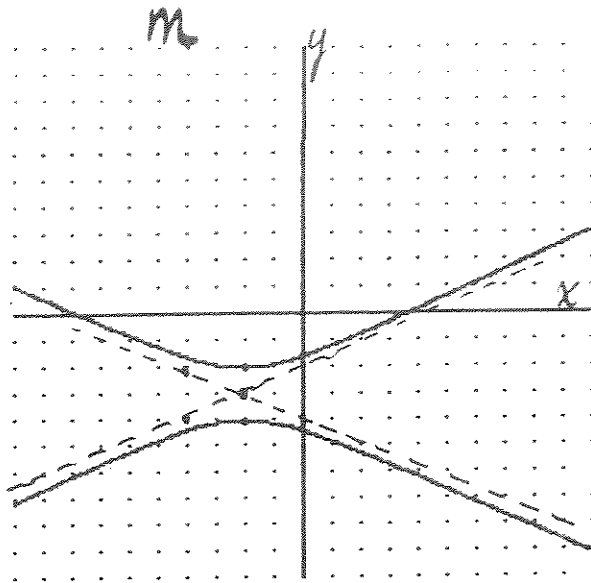
$$\begin{aligned}a &= 4 \\b &= 2 \\c &= 2\sqrt{5} \\e &= 1.12\end{aligned}$$

$$-16x^2 + 4y^2 + 32x + 16y - 64 = 0$$



EQUATION

$$\frac{(y+3)^2}{1} - \frac{(x+2)^2}{4} = 1$$



HYPERBOLA

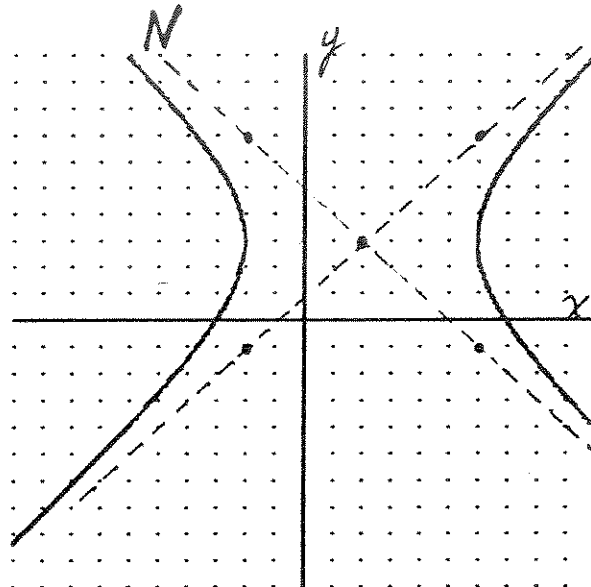
center:  $(-2, -3)$

Vertex to center: 1

$a$  (asymptotes):  $\pm 1/2$

EQUATION

$$\frac{(x-2)^2}{16} - \frac{(y-3)^2}{16} = 1$$



HYPERBOLA

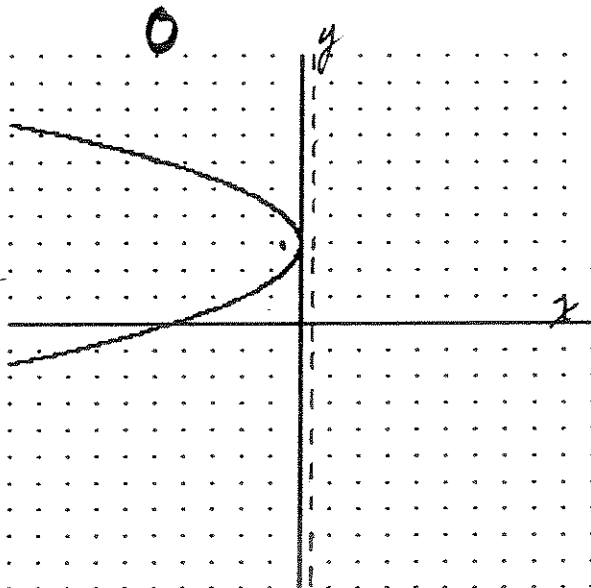
Center:  $(2, 3)$

Vertex to center: 4

$a$  (asymptotes):  $\pm 1$

EQUATION

$$(y-3)^2 = -2x$$



PARABOLA

Vertex:  $(0, 3)$

Axis of sym:  $y = 3$

directrix:  $x = .5$

M

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 1 \\b &= 2 \\c &= \sqrt{5} \\e &= 2.24\end{aligned}$$

$$-x^2 + 4y^2 - 4x + 24y + 26 = 0$$

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N

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 4 \\b &= 4 \\c &= 4\sqrt{2} \\e &= 1.41\end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 - y^2 - 4x + 6y - 21 = 0$$

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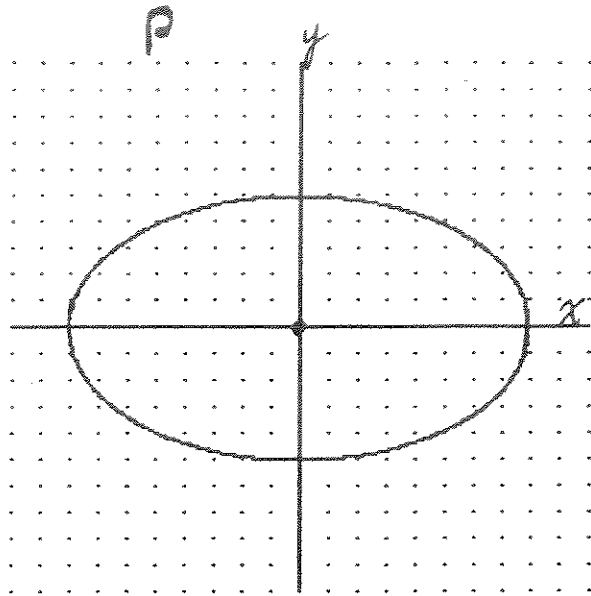
O

$$\begin{aligned}a &= .5 \\e &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$y^2 + 2x - 6y + 9 = 0$$

EQUATION

$$\frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$



ELLIPSE

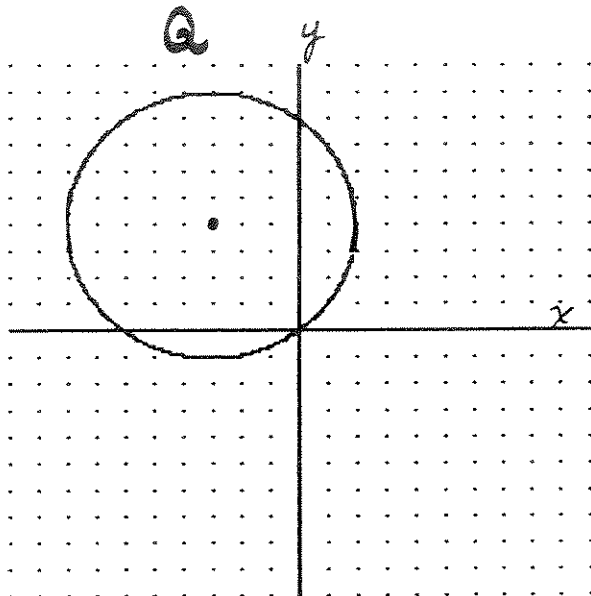
center: (0,0)

semi-major axis: 8

semi-minor axis: 5

EQUATION

$$\frac{(x+3)^2}{25} + \frac{(y-4)^2}{25} = 1$$



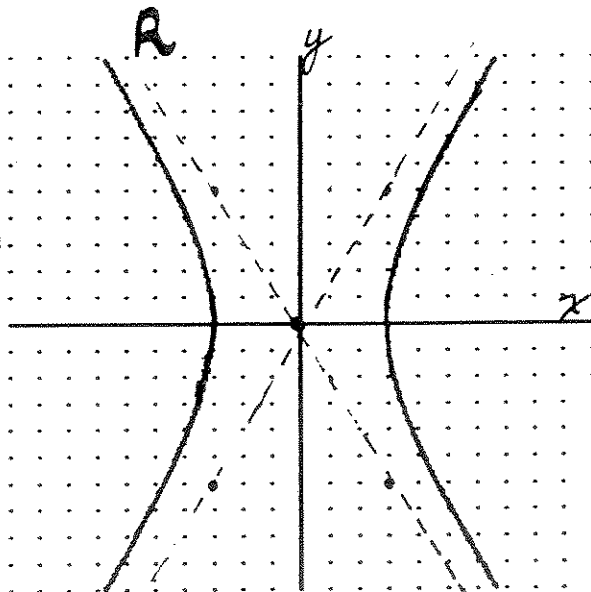
CIRCLE

center: (-3,4)

radius: 5

EQUATION

$$\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$



HYPERBOLA

center: (0,0)

Vertex to center: 3

asymptotes:  $\pm 5/3$

P

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 8 \\ b &= 5 \\ c &= \sqrt{39} \\ e &= .781 \end{aligned}$$

$$25x^2 + 64y^2 - 1600 = 0$$

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Q

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 5 \\ b &= 5 \\ c &= 0 \\ e &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 8y = 0$$

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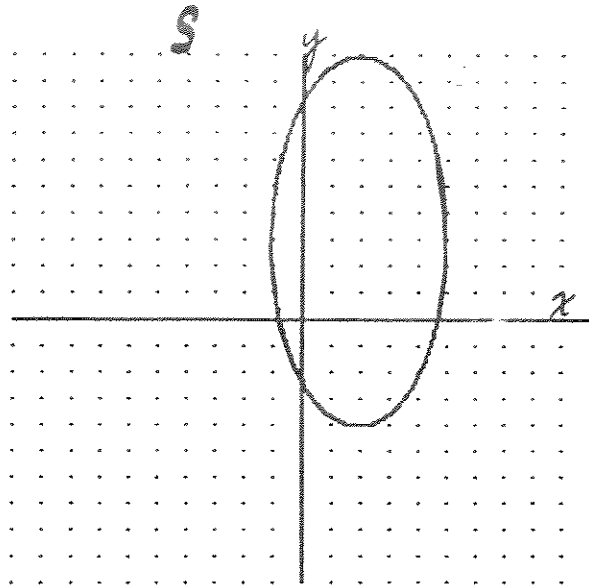
R

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 3 \\ b &= 5 \\ c &= \sqrt{34} \\ e &= 1.94 \end{aligned}$$

$$25x^2 - 9y^2 - 225 = 0$$

EQUATION

$$\frac{(x-2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{49} = 1$$



ELLIPSE

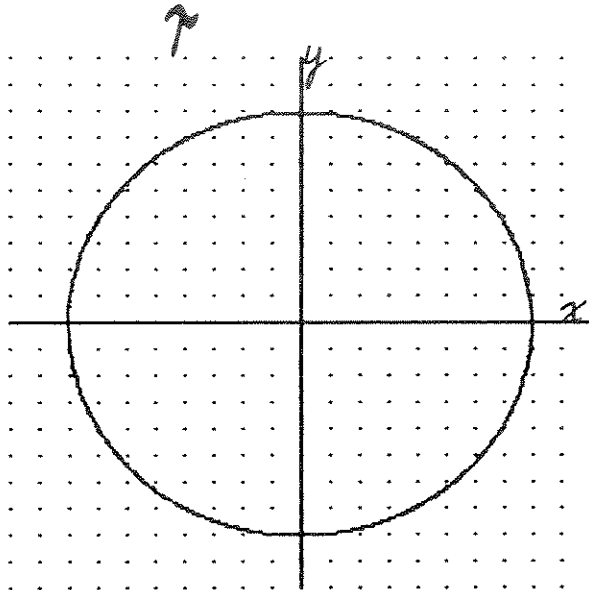
center: (2, 3)

semi-major axis: 7

semi-minor axis: 3

EQUATION

$$\frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{64} = 1$$



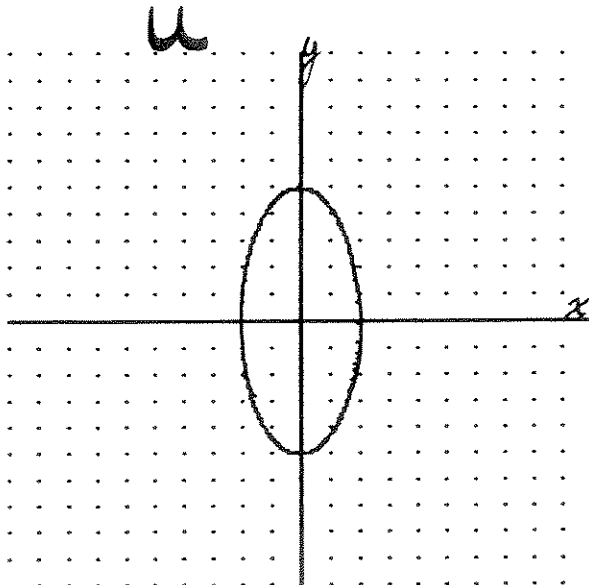
CIRCLE

center: (0, 0)

radius: 8

EQUATION

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$



ELLIPSE

center: (0, 0)

semi-major axis: 5

semi-minor axis: 2

S

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 7 \\b &= 3 \\c &= 2\sqrt{10} \\e &= .904\end{aligned}$$

$$49x^2 + 9y^2 - 196x - 54y - 164 = 0$$

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T

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 8 \\b &= 8 \\c &= 0 \\e &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 - 64 = 0$$

---

U

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 5 \\b &= 2 \\c &= \sqrt{21} \\e &= .917\end{aligned}$$

$$25x^2 + 4y^2 - 100 = 0$$