# On Thinning Ice: Modeling Sea Ice as a Multiscale Composite Material

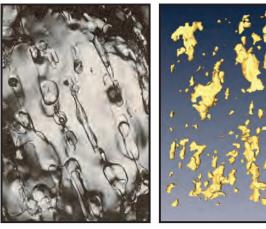
Kenneth M. Golden
Dept. of Mathematics, Univ. of Utah



#### Sea Ice is a Multiscale Composite Material

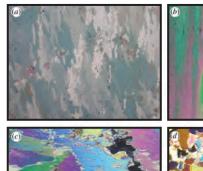
#### microscale

brine inclusions



H. Eicken Weeks & Assur 1969 Golden et al. GRL 2007

polycrystals

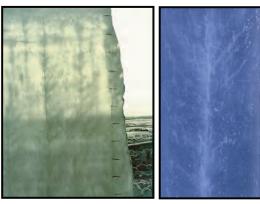




K. Golden

Gully et al. Proc. Roy. Soc. A 2015

brine channels



D. Cole K. Golden

#### millimeters

#### centimeters

macroscale

#### mesoscale

Arctic melt ponds



Antarctic pressure ridges



sea ice floes



sea ice pack

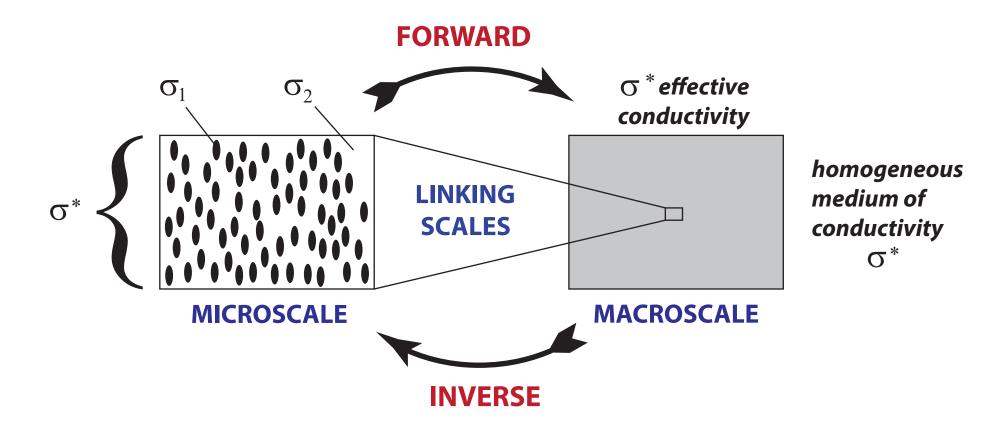


**NASA** 

meters

kilometers

#### **HOMOGENIZATION for Composite Materials**



Maxwell 1873: effective conductivity of a dilute suspension of spheres Einstein 1906: effective viscosity of a dilute suspension of rigid spheres in a fluid

Wiener 1912: arithmetic and harmonic mean bounds on effective conductivity Hashin and Shtrikman 1962: variational bounds on effective conductivity

widespread use of composites in late 20th century due in large part to advances in mathematically predicting their effective properties

#### What is this talk about?

the role of "microstructure" in determining sea ice effective properties

Using homogenization and statistical physics to compute effective behavior on scales relevant to coarse-grained sea ice and climate models, process studies, ...

MICROSCALE: brine + polycrystalline microstructure; EM, fluid transport

MESOSCALE: advection diffusion, thermal transport, ocean waves

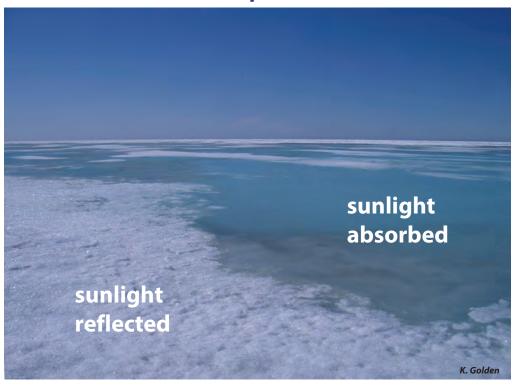
A tour of Stieltjes functions in the study of sea ice and its role in climate.

Solving problems in the physics of sea ice drives advances in theory of composite materials.

# microscale

# fluid flow through the porous microstructure of sea ice governs key processes in polar climate and ecosystems

evolution of Arctic melt ponds and sea ice albedo

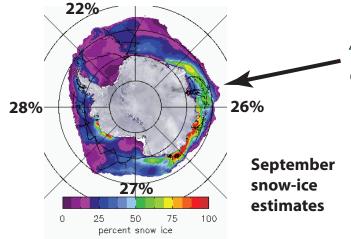


nutrient flux for algal communities







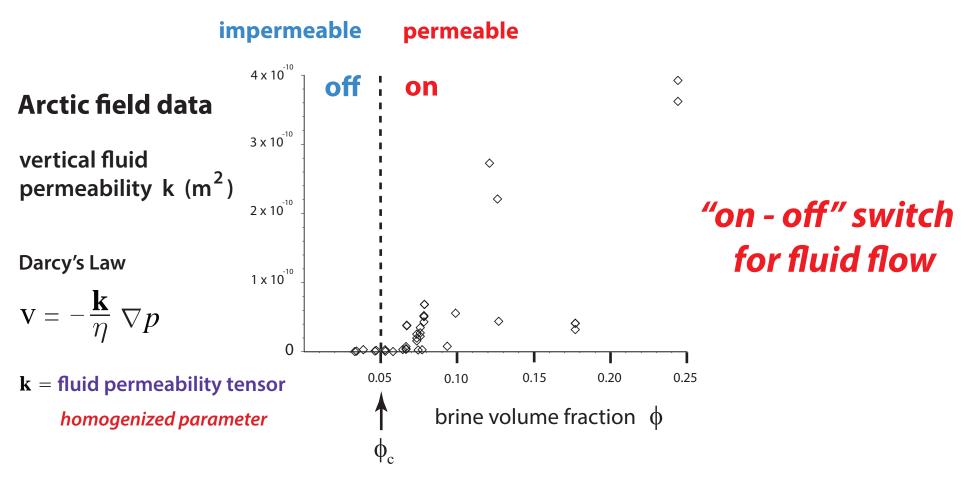


T. Maksym and T. Markus, 2008

Antarctic surface flooding and snow-ice formation

- evolution of salinity profiles
- ocean-ice-air exchanges of heat, CO<sub>2</sub>

#### Critical behavior of fluid transport in sea ice



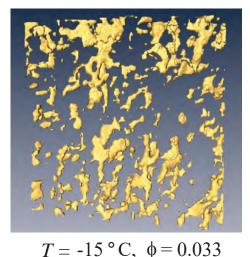
critical brine volume fraction  $\phi_c \approx 5\%$   $\longrightarrow$   $T_c \approx -5^{\circ} \text{C}$ ,  $S \approx 5 \text{ ppt}$ 

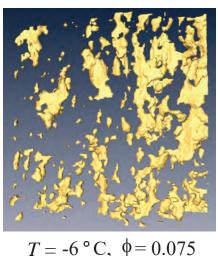
#### RULE OF FIVES

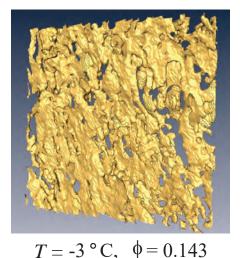
Golden, Ackley, Lytle Science 1998 Golden, Eicken, Heaton, Miner, Pringle, Zhu GRL 2007 Pringle, Miner, Eicken, Golden J. Geophys. Res. 2009

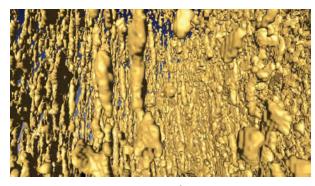
sea ice ~ compressed powder in stealthy composites

#### brine volume fraction and *connectivity* increase with temperature









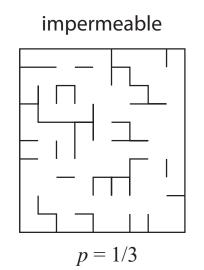
T = -4°C,  $\phi = 0.113$ 

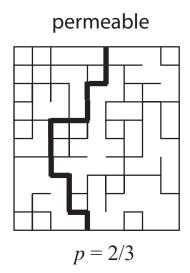
X-ray tomography for brine phase in sea ice

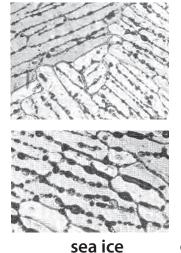
Golden, Eicken, et al., Geophysical Research Letters 2007

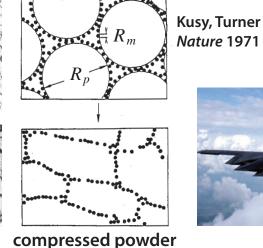
#### **PERCOLATION THRESHOLD** $\phi_c \approx 5 \%$

Golden, Ackley, Lytle, Science 1998









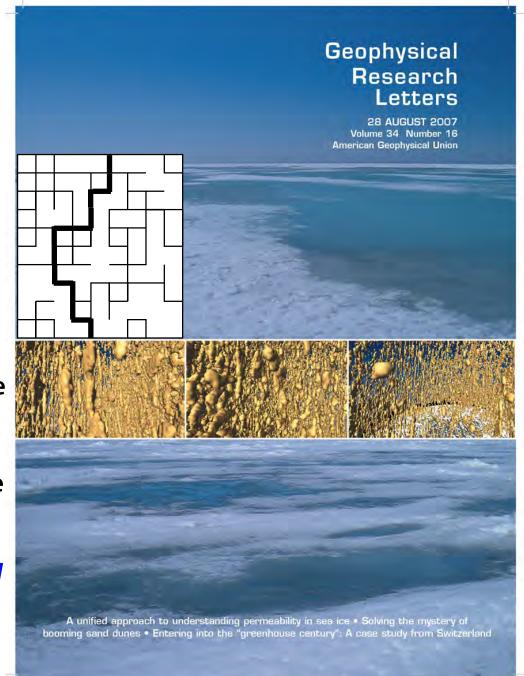


lattice percolation

continuum percolation

#### Thermal evolution of permeability and microstructure in sea ice

Golden, Eicken, Heaton\*, Miner, Pringle, Zhu, Geophysical Research Letters 2007



percolation theory for fluid permeability

$$k(\phi) = k_0 (\phi - 0.05)^2$$
 critical exponent
$$k_0 = 3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2$$

from critical path analysis in hopping conduction

hierarchical model rock physics network model rigorous bounds

X-ray tomography for brine inclusions

#### confirms rule of fives

Pringle, Miner, Eicken, Golden J. Geophys. Res. 2009

theories agree closely with field data

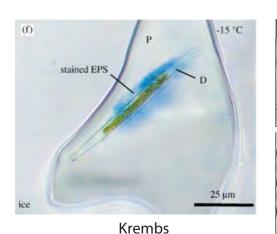
microscale governs

mesoscale processes

melt pond evolution

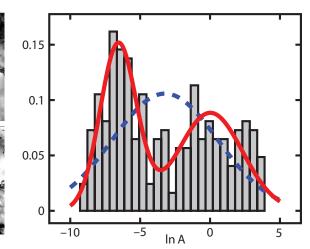
# Sea ice algae secrete extracellular polymeric substances (EPS) affecting evolution of brine microstructure.

How does EPS affect fluid transport? How does the biology affect the physics?

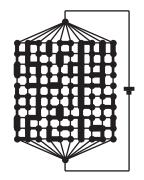


without EPS with EPS

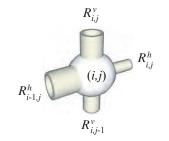
Krembs, Eicken, Deming, PNAS 2011



RANDOM PIPE MODEL



- 2D random pipe model with bimodal distribution of pipe radii
- Rigorous bound on permeability k; results predict observed drop in k

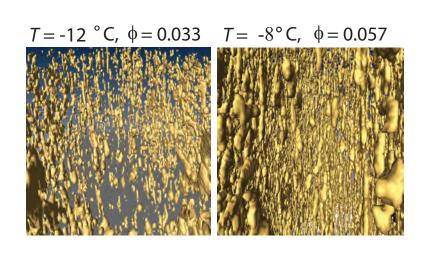


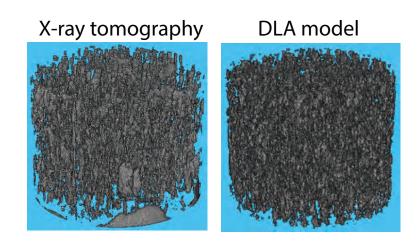
Zhu, Jabini, Golden, Eicken, Morris *Ann. Glac.* 2006

Steffen, Epshteyn, Zhu, Bowler, Deming, Golden *Multiscale Modeling and Simulation*, 2018

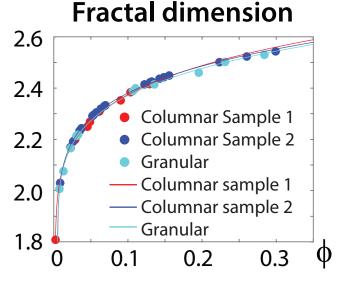
#### Thermal evolution of the fractal geometry of the brine microstructure in sea ice

N. Ward, D. Hallman, J. Reimer, H. Eicken, M. Oggier and K. M. Golden, 2022









brine volume fraction (porosity)

theory of porosity as a function of fractal dimension

invert

excellent correspondence with data

Katz and Thompson, PRL, 1985

#### **Arctic and Antarctic field experiments**

develop electromagnetic methods of monitoring fluid transport and microstructural transitions

extensive measurements of fluid and electrical transport properties of sea ice:

2007 Antarctic SIPEX

2010 Antarctic McMurdo Sound

2011 Arctic Barrow AK

2012 Arctic Barrow AK

2012 Antarctic SIPEX II

2013 Arctic Barrow AK

2014 Arctic Chukchi Sea



# Notices

of the American Mathematical Society

Climate Change and

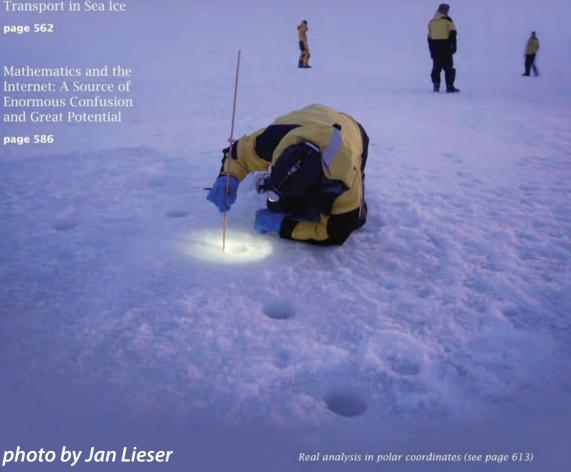
the Mathematics of

page 562

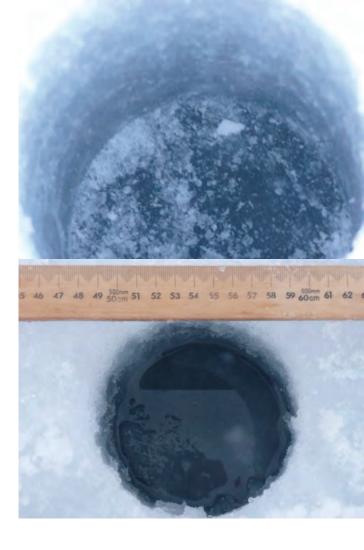
May 2009

Mathematics and the **Enormous Confusion** and Great Potential

page 586



Volume 56, Number 5



measuring fluid permeability of Antarctic sea ice

**SIPEX 2007** 



## Remote sensing of sea ice











sea ice thickness ice concentration

#### **INVERSE PROBLEM**

Recover sea ice properties from electromagnetic (EM) data

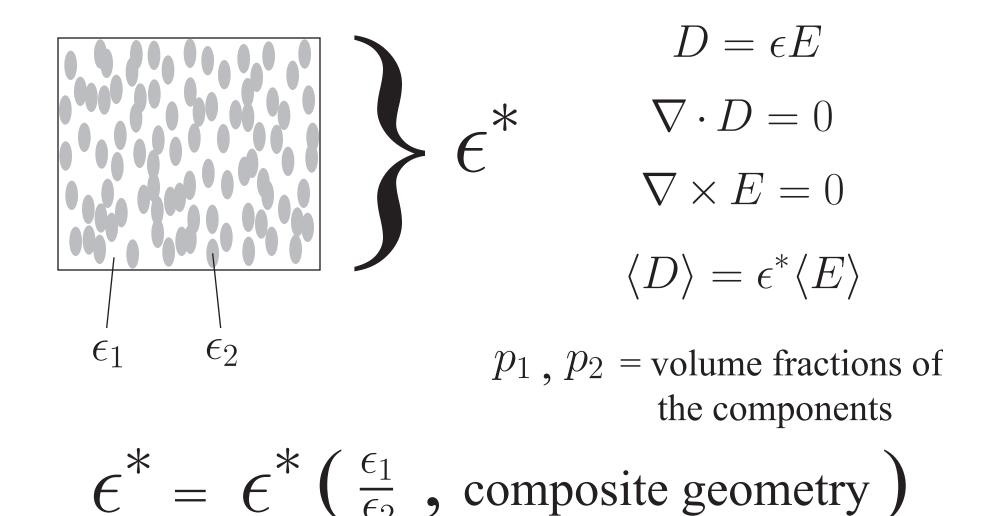
**8**\*3

effective complex permittivity (dielectric constant, conductivity)



brine volume fraction brine inclusion connectivity

Effective complex permittivity of a two phase composite in the quasistatic (long wavelength) limit



What are the effective propagation characteristics of an EM wave (radar, microwaves) in the medium?

#### Analytic Continuation Method for Homogenization

Bergman (1978), Milton (1979), Golden and Papanicolaou (1983), Theory of Composites, Milton (2002)

#### Stieltjes integral representation for homogenized parameter

#### separates geometry from parameters

$$F(s)=1-\frac{\epsilon^*}{\epsilon_2}=\int_0^1\frac{d\mu(z)}{s-z} \qquad \qquad s=\frac{1}{1-\epsilon_1/\epsilon_2}$$
 material parameters

$$\mu = \begin{cases} \bullet \text{ spectral measure of self adjoint operator } \Gamma \chi \\ \bullet \text{ mass} = p_1 \\ \bullet \text{ higher moments depend} \end{cases}$$

$$\bullet$$
 mass =  $p_1$ 

on *n*-point correlations

$$\Gamma = \nabla(-\Delta)^{-1}\nabla \cdot$$

 $\chi = \text{characteristic function}$ of the brine phase

$$E = s (s + \Gamma \chi)^{-1} e_k$$

### 

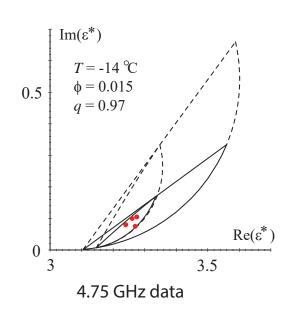
#### $\Gamma \chi$ links scales

Golden and Papanicolaou, Comm. Math. Phys. 1983

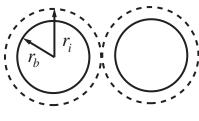
This representation distills the complexities of mixture geometry into the spectral properties of an operator like the Hamiltonian in physics.

#### forward and inverse bounds on the complex permittivity of sea ice

#### forward bounds



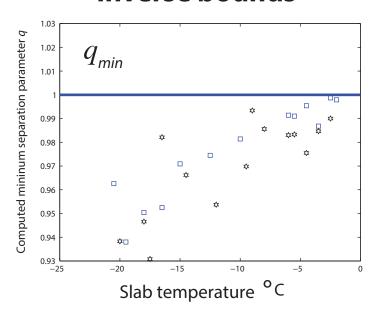
#### matrix particle



$$q = r_b / r_i$$

Golden 1995, 1997

#### inverse bounds



#### **Inverse Homogenization**

Cherkaev and Golden (1998), Day and Thorpe (1999), Cherkaev (2001), McPhedran, McKenzie, Milton (1982), Theory of Composites, Milton (2002)



**composite geometry** (spectral measure μ)

inverse bounds and recovery of brine porosity

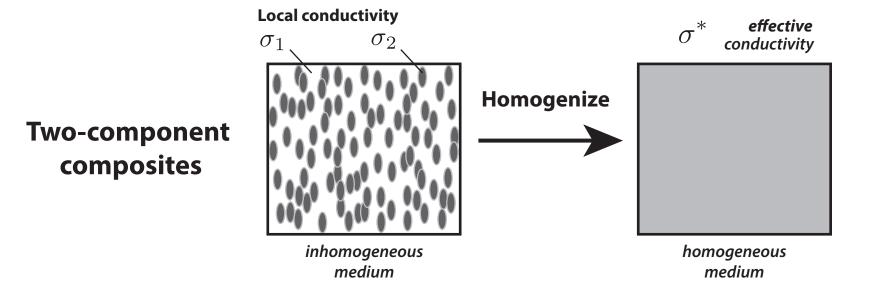
Gully, Backstrom, Eicken, Golden Physica B, 2007 inversion for brine inclusion separations in sea ice from measurements of effective complex permittivity  $\epsilon^*$ 

rigorous inverse bound on spectral gap

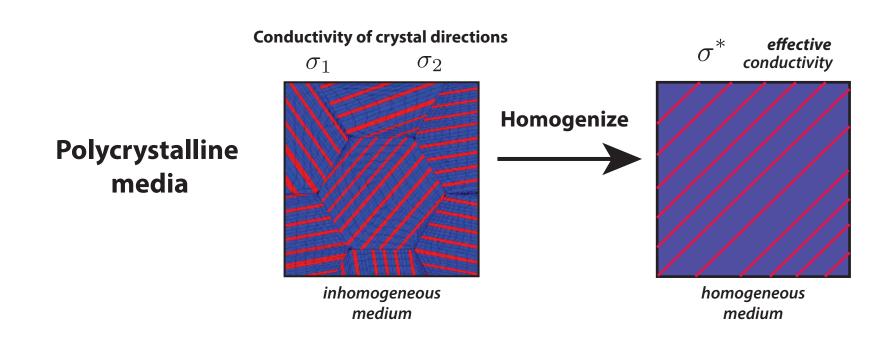
construct algebraic curves which bound admissible region in (p,q)-space

Orum, Cherkaev, Golden Proc. Roy. Soc. A, 2012

#### Homogenization for polycrystalline materials



Find the homogeneous medium which behaves macroscopically the same as the inhomogeneous medium



# Bounds on the complex permittivity of polycrystalline materials by analytic continuation

Adam Gully, Joyce Lin, Elena Cherkaev, Ken Golden

Stieltjes integral representation for effective complex permittivity

Milton (1981, 2002), Barabash and Stroud (1999), ...

- Forward and inverse bounds orientation statistics
- Applied to sea ice using two-scale homogenization
- Inverse bounds give method for distinguishing ice types using remote sensing techniques





Proc. Roy. Soc. A 8 Feb 2015

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#### **PROCEEDINGS A**



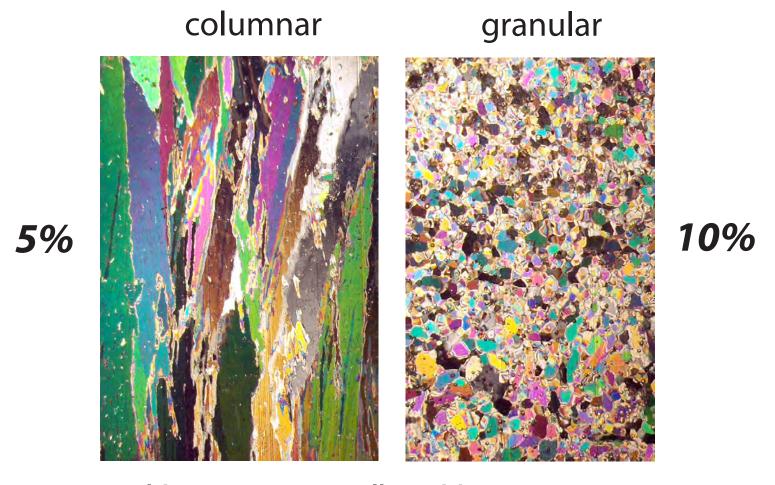
An invited review commemorating 350 years of scientific publishing at the Royal Society A method to distinguish between different types of sea ice using remote sensing techniques A computer model to determine how a human should walk so as to expend the least energy



#### higher threshold for fluid flow in granular sea ice

microscale details impact "mesoscale" processes

nutrient fluxes for microbes melt pond drainage snow-ice formation



Golden, Sampson, Gully, Lubbers, Tison 2022

electromagnetically distinguishing ice types Kitsel Lusted, Elena Cherkaev, Ken Golden

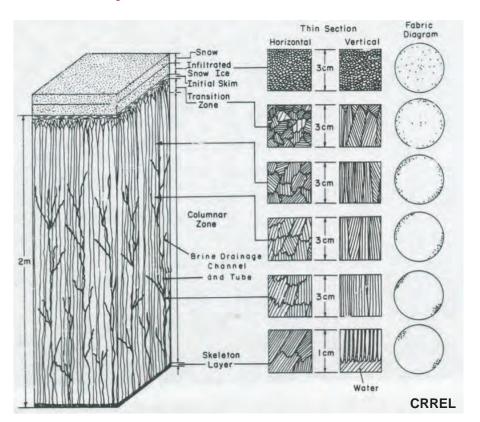
# Rigorous bounds on the complex permittivity tensor of sea ice with polycrystalline anisotropy in the horizontal plane

Kenzie McLean, Elena Cherkaev, Ken Golden 2022

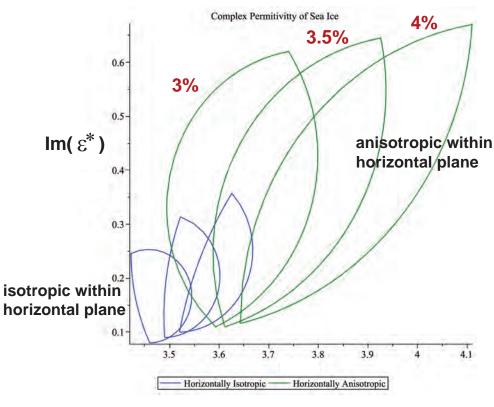
motivated by

Weeks and Gow, *JGR* 1979: c-axis alignment in Arctic fast ice off Barrow Golden and Ackley, *JGR* 1981: radar propagation model in aligned sea ice

#### input: orientation statistics



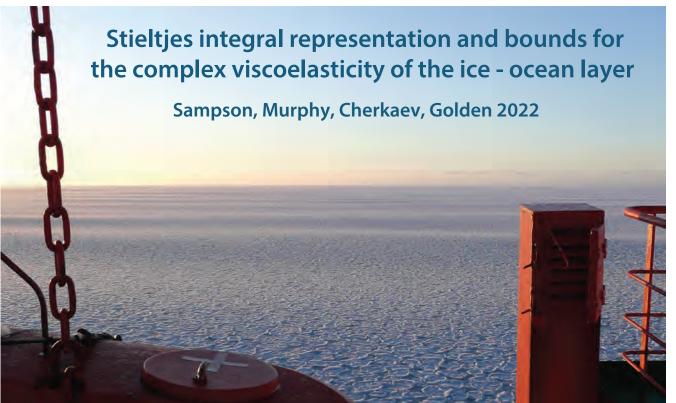
#### output: bounds



**Re**(ε\*)

# mesoscale

#### wave propagation in the marginal ice zone (MIZ)



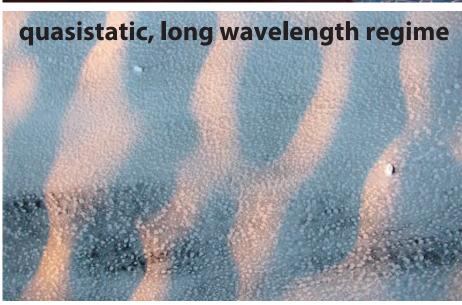
first theory of key parameter in wave-ice interactions only fitted to wave data before

Keller, 1998 Mosig, Montiel, Squire, 2015 Wang, Shen, 2012

#### **Analytic Continuation Method**

Bergman (78) - Milton (79) integral representation for  $\epsilon^*$  Golden and Papanicolaou (83)

Milton, Theory of Composites (02)



homogenized parameter depends on sea ice concentration and ice floe geometry

like EM waves

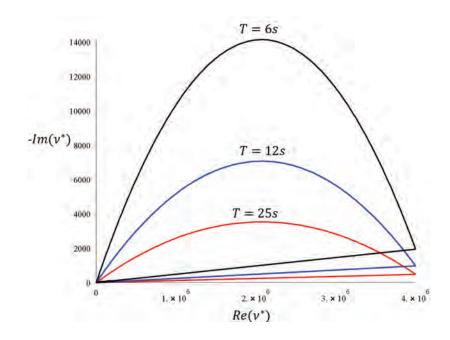


#### bounds on the effective complex viscoelasticity

$$V_1 = 10^7 + i \, 4875$$
 pancake ice

$$v_2 = 5 + i \, 0.0975$$
 slush / frazil

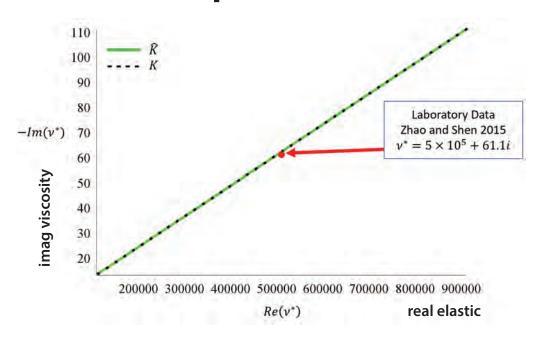
# complex elementary bounds (fixed area fraction of floes)



Elementary bounds for wave periods T.

#### high contrast

#### matrix-particle bounds

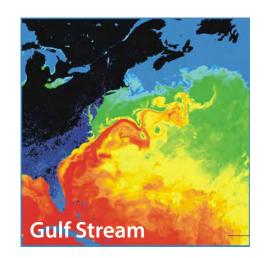


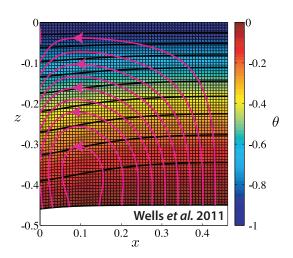


Golden

# advection enhanced diffusion effective diffusivity

nutrient and salt transport in sea ice heat transport in sea ice with convection sea ice floes in winds and ocean currents tracers, buoys diffusing in ocean eddies diffusion of pollutants in atmosphere





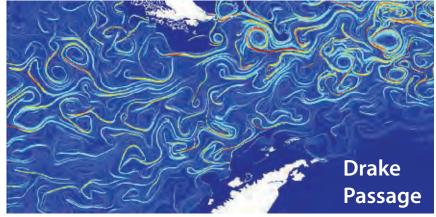
advection diffusion equation with a velocity field  $ec{u}$ 

 $\kappa^*$  effective diffusivity

#### Stieltjes integral for $\kappa^*$ with spectral measure

Avellaneda and Majda, PRL 89, CMP 91

Murphy, Cherkaev, Xin, Zhu, Golden, *Ann. Math. Sci. Appl.* 2017 Murphy, Cherkaev, Zhu, Xin, Golden, *J. Math. Phys.* 2020



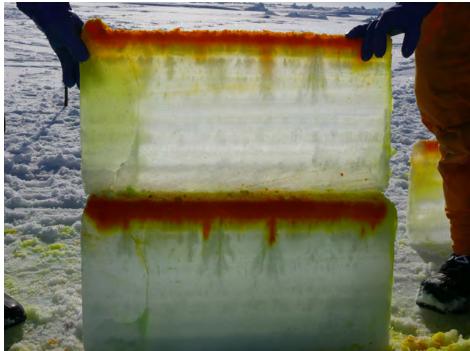


#### tracers flowing through inverted sea ice blocks









#### Stieltjes Integral Representation for Advection Diffusion

Murphy, Cherkaev, Zhu, Xin, Golden, J. Math. Phys. 2020

$$\kappa^* = \kappa \left( 1 + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\mu(\tau)}{\kappa^2 + \tau^2} \right), \quad F(\kappa) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\mu(\tau)}{\kappa^2 + \tau^2}$$

- $\mu$  is a positive definite measure corresponding to the spectral resolution of the self-adjoint operator  $i\Gamma H\Gamma$
- ullet H= stream matrix ,  $\kappa=$  local diffusivity
- ullet  $\Gamma:=abla(-\Delta)^{-1}
  abla\cdot$  ,  $\Delta$  is the Laplace operator
- $i\Gamma H\Gamma$  is bounded for time independent flows
- $F(\kappa)$  is analytic off the spectral interval in the  $\kappa$ -plane

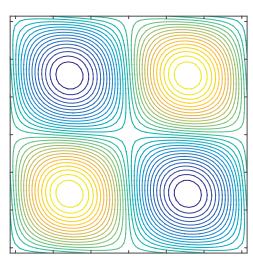
rigorous framework for numerical computations of spectral measures and effective diffusivity for model flows

new integral representations, theory of moment calculations

separation of material properties and flow field

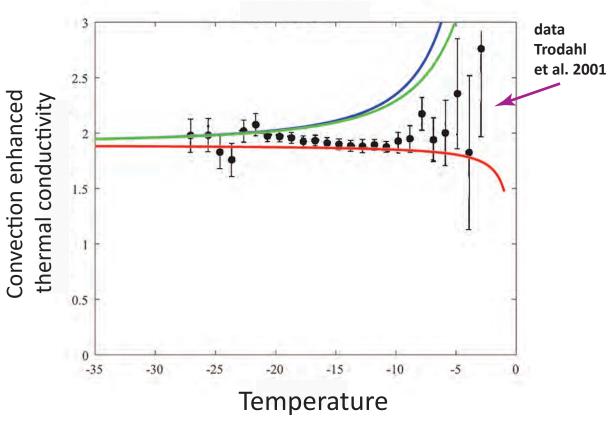
#### Rigorous bounds on convection enhanced thermal conductivity of sea ice

#### Kraitzman, Hardenbrook, Dinh, Murphy, Zhu, Cherkaev, Golden 2022



cat's eye flow model for brine convection cells

similar bounds for shear flows



rigorous Padé bounds from Stieltjes integral + analytical calculations of moments of measure

#### direct calculation of spectral measures

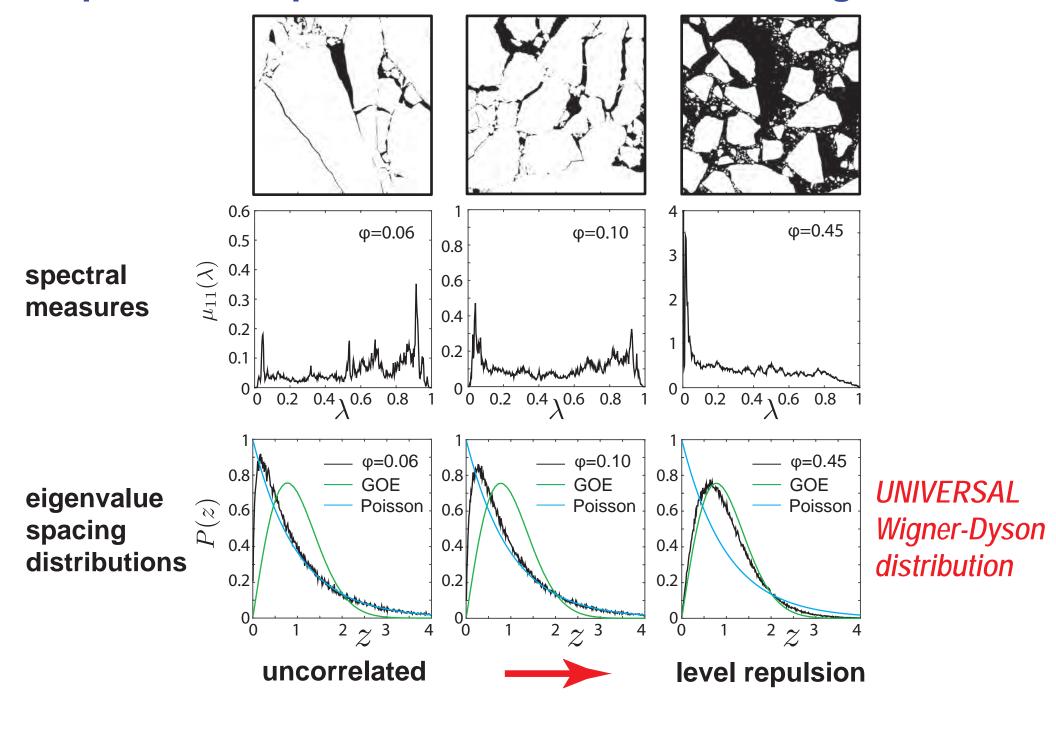
Murphy, Hohenegger, Cherkaev, Golden, Comm. Math. Sci. 2015

- depends only on the composite geometry
- discretization of microstructural image gives binary network
- fundamental operator becomes a random matrix
- spectral measure computed from eigenvalues and eigenvectors

once we have the spectral measure  $\mu$  it can be used in Stieltjes integrals for other transport coefficients:

electrical and thermal conductivity, complex permittivity, magnetic permeability, diffusion, fluid flow properties

#### Spectral computations for sea ice floe configurations



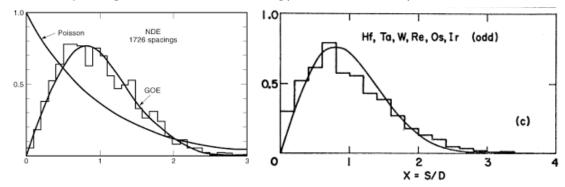
#### **Eigenvalue Statistics of Random Matrix Theory**

Wigner (1951) and Dyson (1953) first used random matrix theory (RMT) to describe quantized energy levels of heavy atomic nuclei.

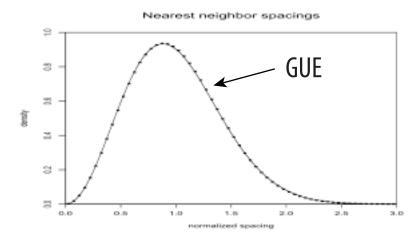
$$[N]_{ij} \sim N(0,1),$$
  $A = (N+N^T)/2$  Gaussian orthogonal ensemble (GOE)  $[N]_{ij} \sim N(0,1) + iN(0,1),$   $A = (N+N^T)/2$  Gaussian unitary ensemble (GUE)

Short range and long range correlations of eigenvalues are measured by various eigenvalue statistics.

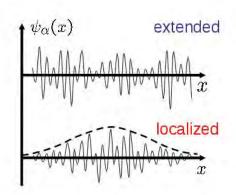
Spacing distributions of energy levels for heavy atomic nuclei



Spacing distributions of the first billion zeros of the Riemann zeta function



Universal eigenvalue statistics arise in a broad range of "unrelated" problems!



#### electronic transport in semiconductors

# metal / insulator transition localization

Anderson 1958 Mott 1949 Shklovshii et al 1993 Evangelou 1992

Anderson transition in wave physics: quantum, optics, acoustics, water waves, ...

#### from analysis of spectral measures for brine, melt ponds, ice floes

we find percolation-driven

#### Anderson transition for classical transport in composites

Murphy, Cherkaev, Golden Phys. Rev. Lett. 2017

PERCOLATION TRANSITION

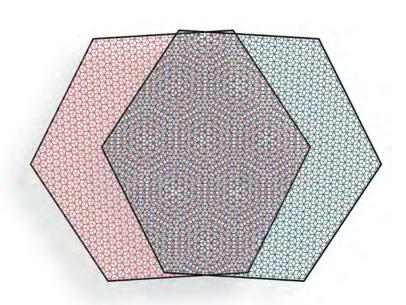


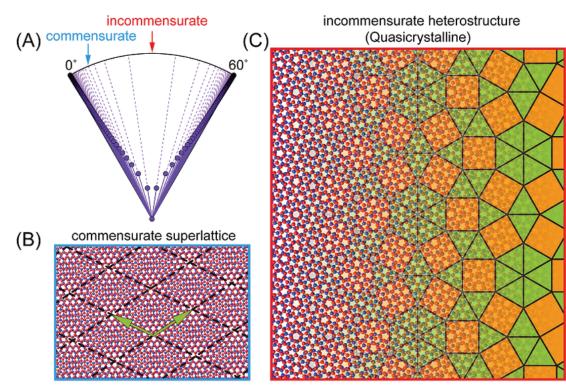
universal eigenvalue statistics (GOE) extended states, mobility edges

-- but with NO wave interference or scattering effects! --

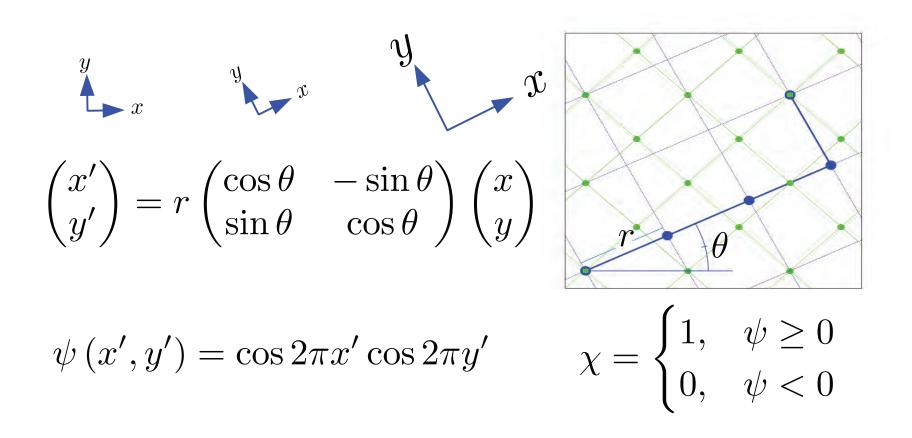
# graphene 4° graphene

## twisted bilayer graphene



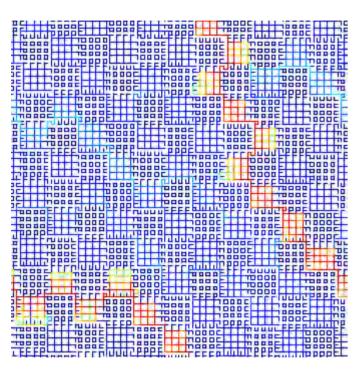


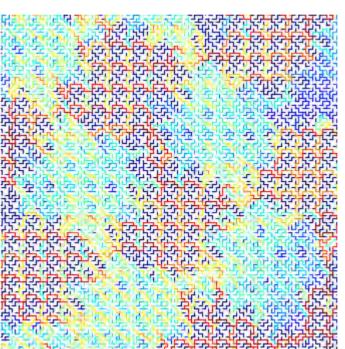
#### Moiré patterns generate two component composites

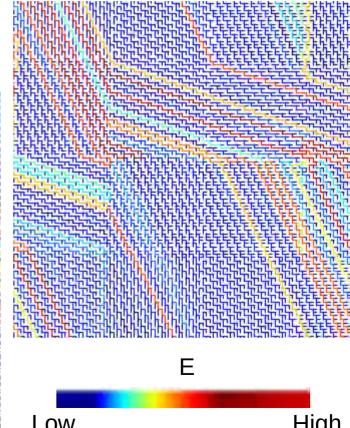


rotation and dilation

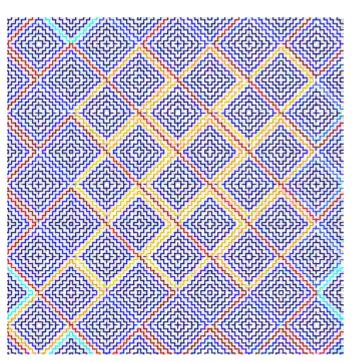
## Wide Variety of Microgeometries

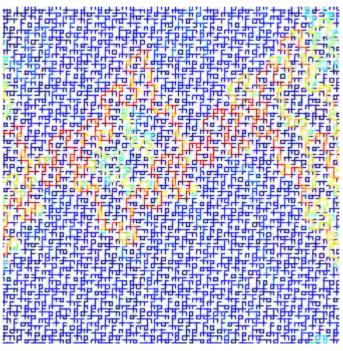


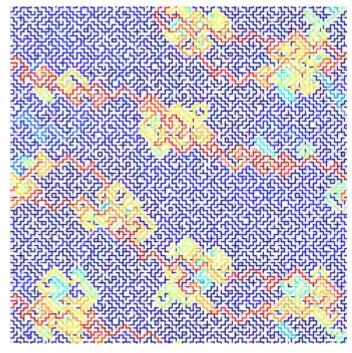




# Wide Variety of Microgeometries

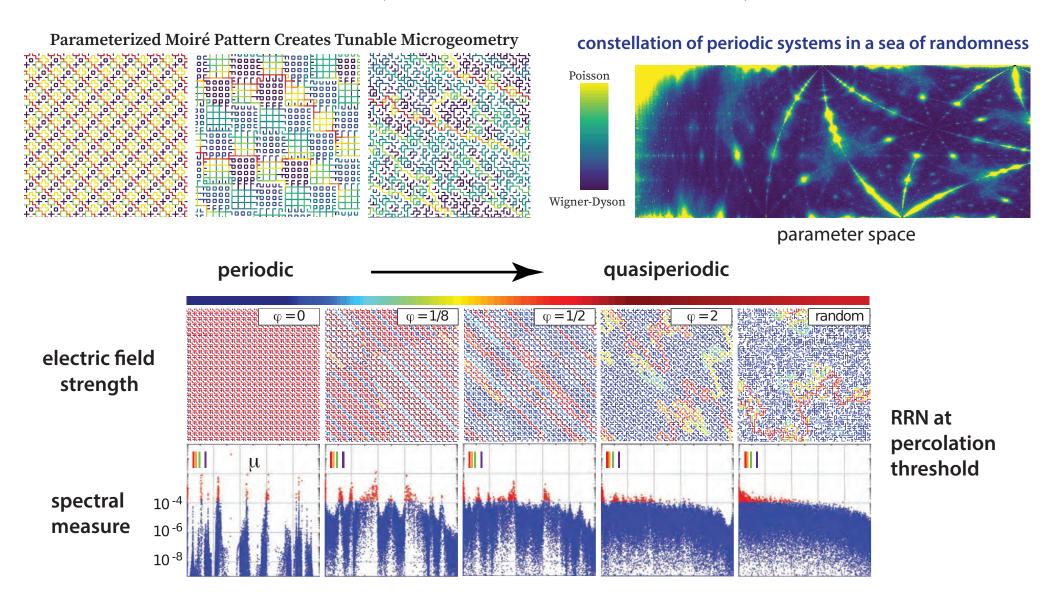






#### Order to disorder in quasiperiodic composites

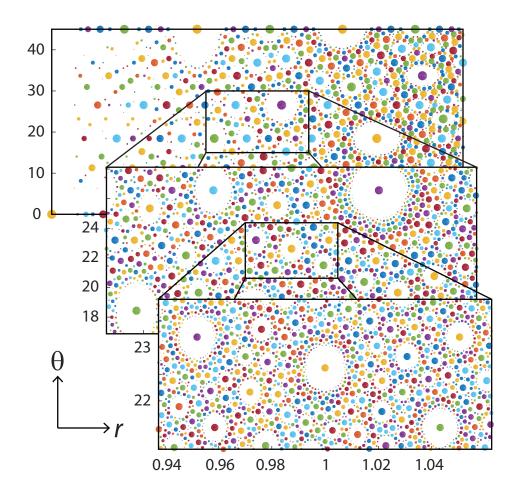
Morison, Murphy, Cherkaev, Golden, Commun. Phys. 2022



we bring the framework of solid state physics of electronic transport and band gaps in semiconductors to classical transport in periodic and quasiperiodic composites

photonic crystals and quasicrystals

#### Fractal arrangement of periodic systems



Sequential insets zooming into smaller regions of parameter space.

size of the dots ~ length of period

(large dot ~ small period; small dot ~ large period; white space ~ "infinite" period)

#### **Conclusions**

- 1. Sea ice is a fascinating multiscale composite with structure similar to many other natural and man-made materials.
- 2. Homogenization and statistical physics help *link scales in the sea ice system*; provide rigorous methods for finding effective behavior; advance sea ice representations in climate models.
- 3. Stieltjes functions and their integral representations provide powerful methods of homogenization for EM waves, advection diffusion, polycrystalline media, and ocean surface waves in the ice cover.
- 4. Mathematical methods developed for sea ice advance the theory of composites, and quasiperiodic media in particular.
- 5. Our research is helping to improve projections of climate change, the fate of Earth's sea ice packs, and the ecosystems they support.

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# Notices

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#### **THANK YOU**

#### Office of Naval Research

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Division of Mathematical Sciences

Division of Polar Programs





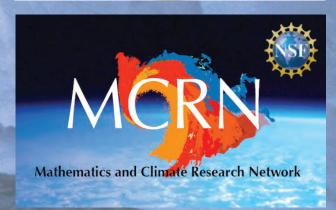












Australian Government Department of the Environment

#### local conductivity in 1D inhomogeneous material

$$\sigma(x) = 3 + \cos x + \cos kx$$

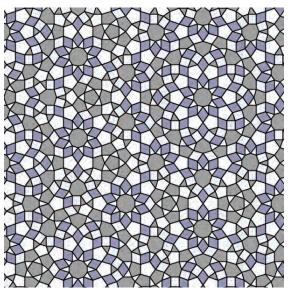
#### effective conductivity

$$\sigma^*(k) = \begin{cases} \text{constant} & k \text{ irrational } \text{quasiperiodic} \\ f(k) & k \text{ rational } \text{periodic} \end{cases}$$

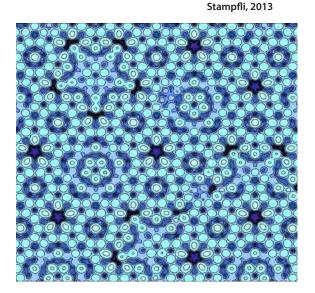
Golden, Goldstein, Lebowitz, Phys. Rev. Lett. 1985

#### Order to Disorder in Quasiperiodic Composites

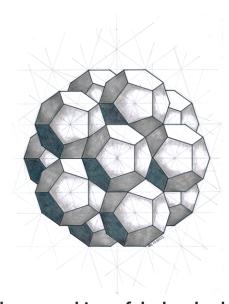
D. Morison (Physics), N. B. Murphy, E. Cherkaev, K. M. Golden, Communications Physics 2022



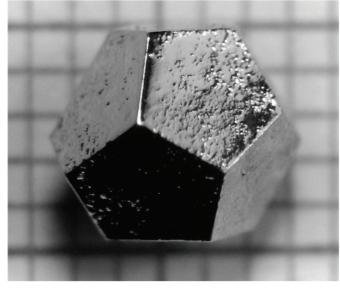
quasiperiodic checkerboard



energy surface Al-Pd-Mn quasicrystal



dense packing of dodecahedra
3D Penrose tiling Tripkovic, 2019



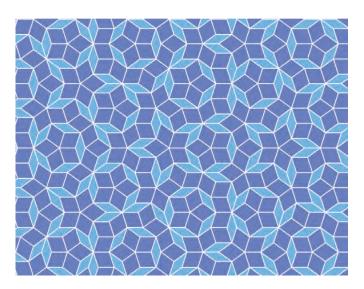
Holmium-magnesium-zinc quasicrystal

# quasiperiodic crystal quasicrystal

#### ordered but aperiodic

lacks translational symmetry

Schechtman et al., 1984 Levine & Steinhardt, 1984



aperiodic tiling of the plane - R. Penrose 1970s

#### Small Difference in Moiré Parameters



Big Difference in Material Properties

#### **University of Utah Sea Ice Modeling Group (2017-2021)**

**Senior Personnel:** Ken Golden, Distinguished Professor of Mathematics

Elena Cherkaev, Professor of Mathematics

Court Strong, Associate Professor of Atmospheric Sciences

Ben Murphy, Adjunct Assistant Professor of Mathematics

Postdoctoral Researchers: Noa Kraitzman (now at ANU), Jody Reimer

**Graduate Students:** Kyle Steffen (now at UT Austin with Clint Dawson)

Christian Sampson (now at UNC Chapel Hill with Chris Jones)

Huy Dinh (now a sea ice MURI Postdoc at NYU/Courant)

Rebecca Hardenbrook

David Morison (Physics Department)

Ryleigh Moore

**Delaney Mosier** 

**Daniel Hallman** 

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Dane Gollero, Samir Suthar, Anna Hyde,

Kitsel Lusted, Ruby Bowers, Kimball Johnston,

Jerry Zhang, Nash Ward, David Gluckman

High School Students: Jeremiah Chapman, Titus Quah, Dylan Webb

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Postdoc Jody Reimer, Grad Student Julie Sherman, Undergraduates Kayla Stewart, Nicole Forrester