

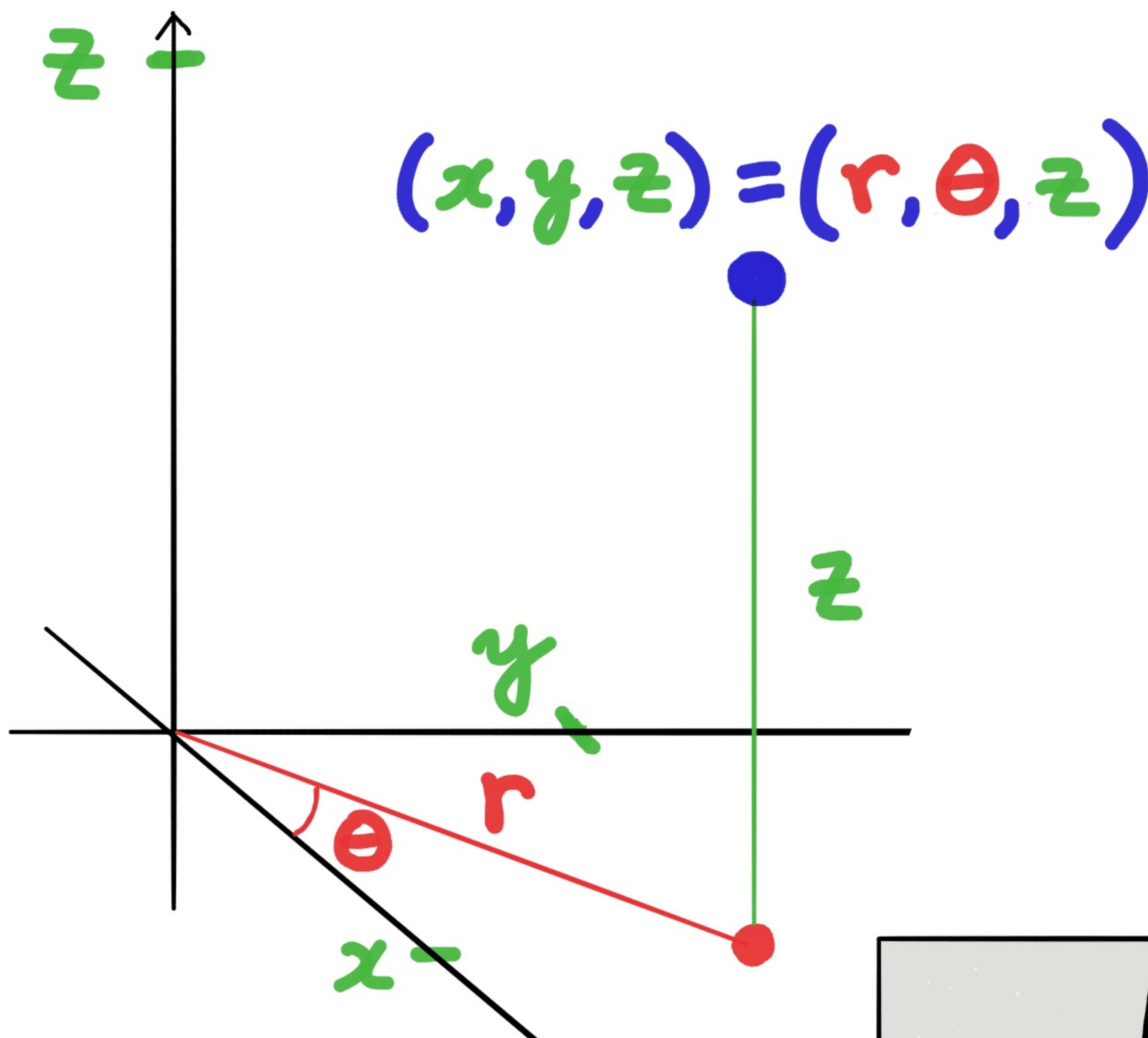
Twenty-four

① Cylindrical and spherical
coordinates for \mathbb{R}^3

② Triple integrals

① Cylindrical and
spherical coordinates
for \mathbb{R}^3

Cylindrical coordinates



$$x = r \cos \theta$$
$$y = r \sin \theta$$
$$z = z$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$
$$0 \leq r$$
$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

Spherical coordinates

$$x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta$$

$$y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta$$

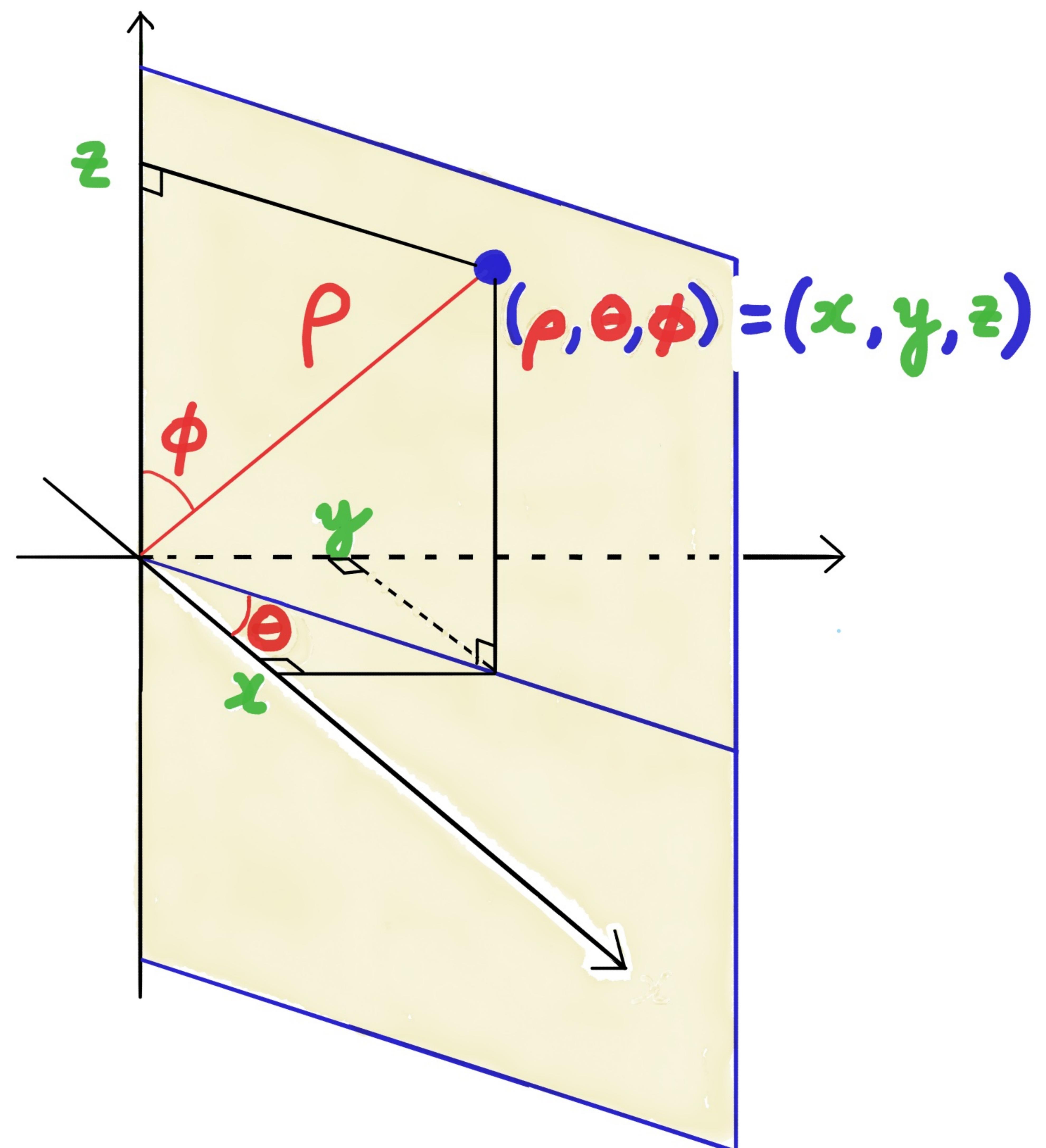
$$z = \rho \cos \phi$$

$$\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

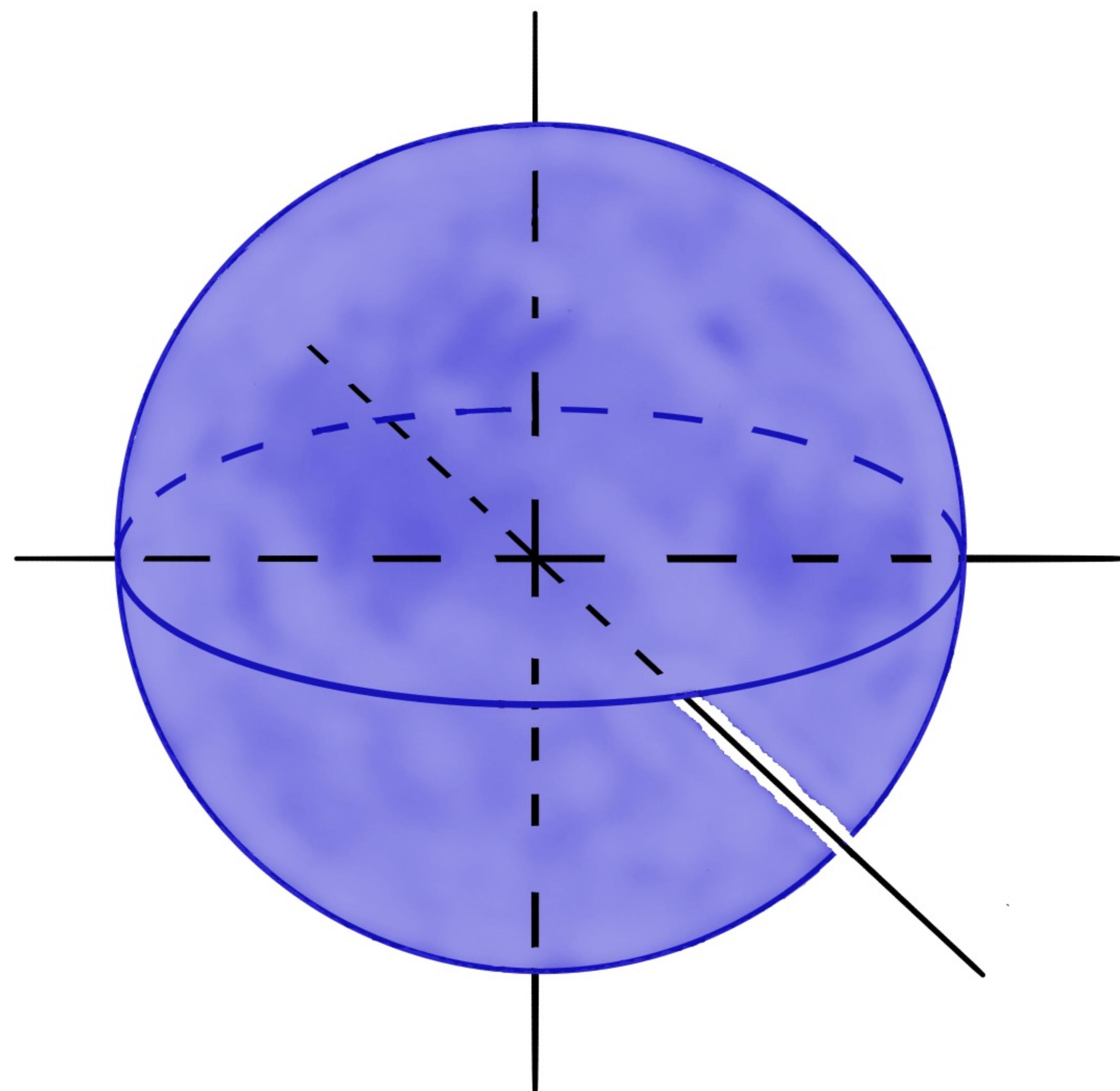
$$0 \leq \rho$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$0 \leq \phi \leq \pi$$

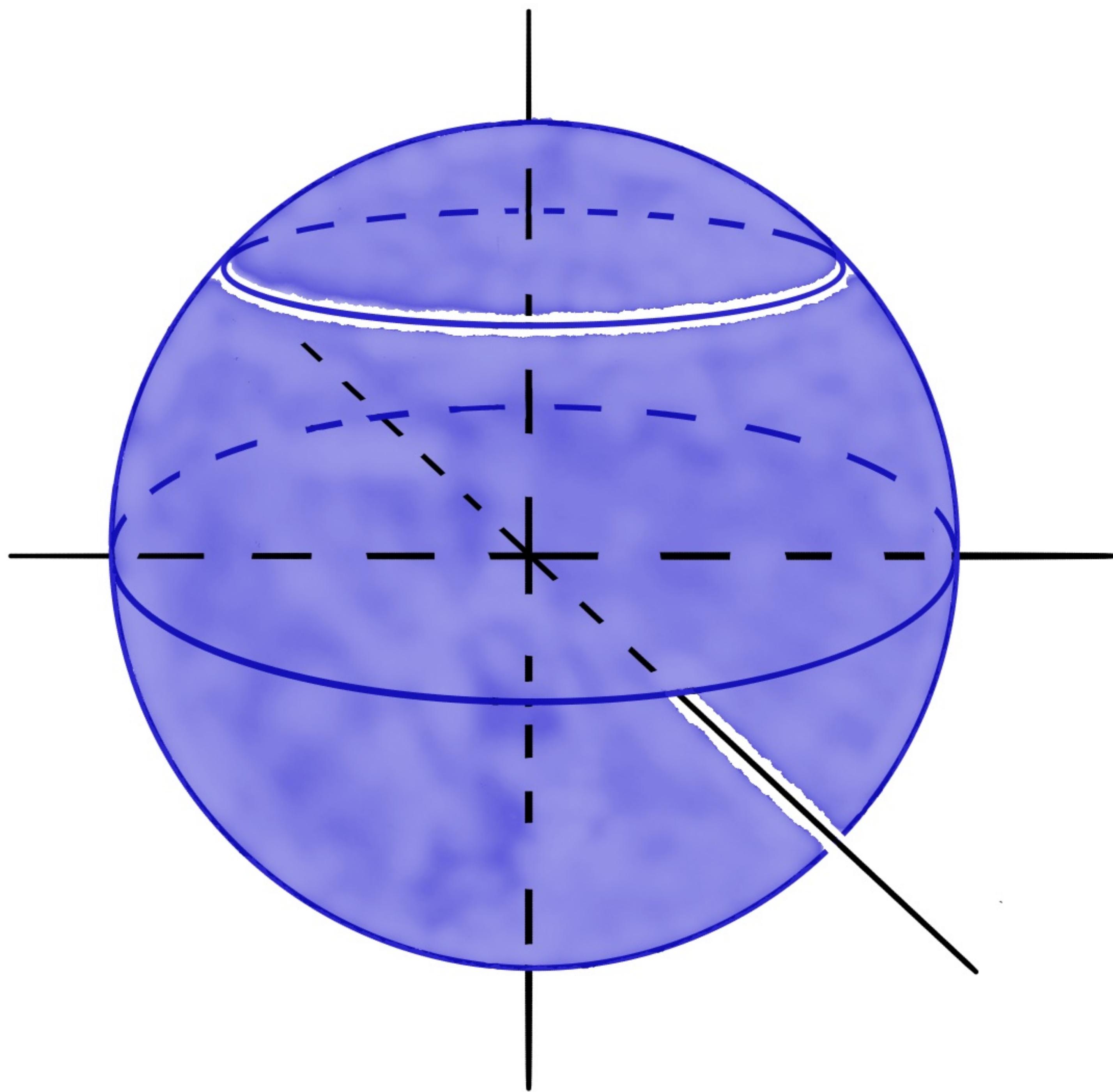


Spherical: $\rho = \rho_0, \phi = \phi_0$
is circle of radius $\rho_0 \sin \phi_0$



$$\rho = \rho_0$$

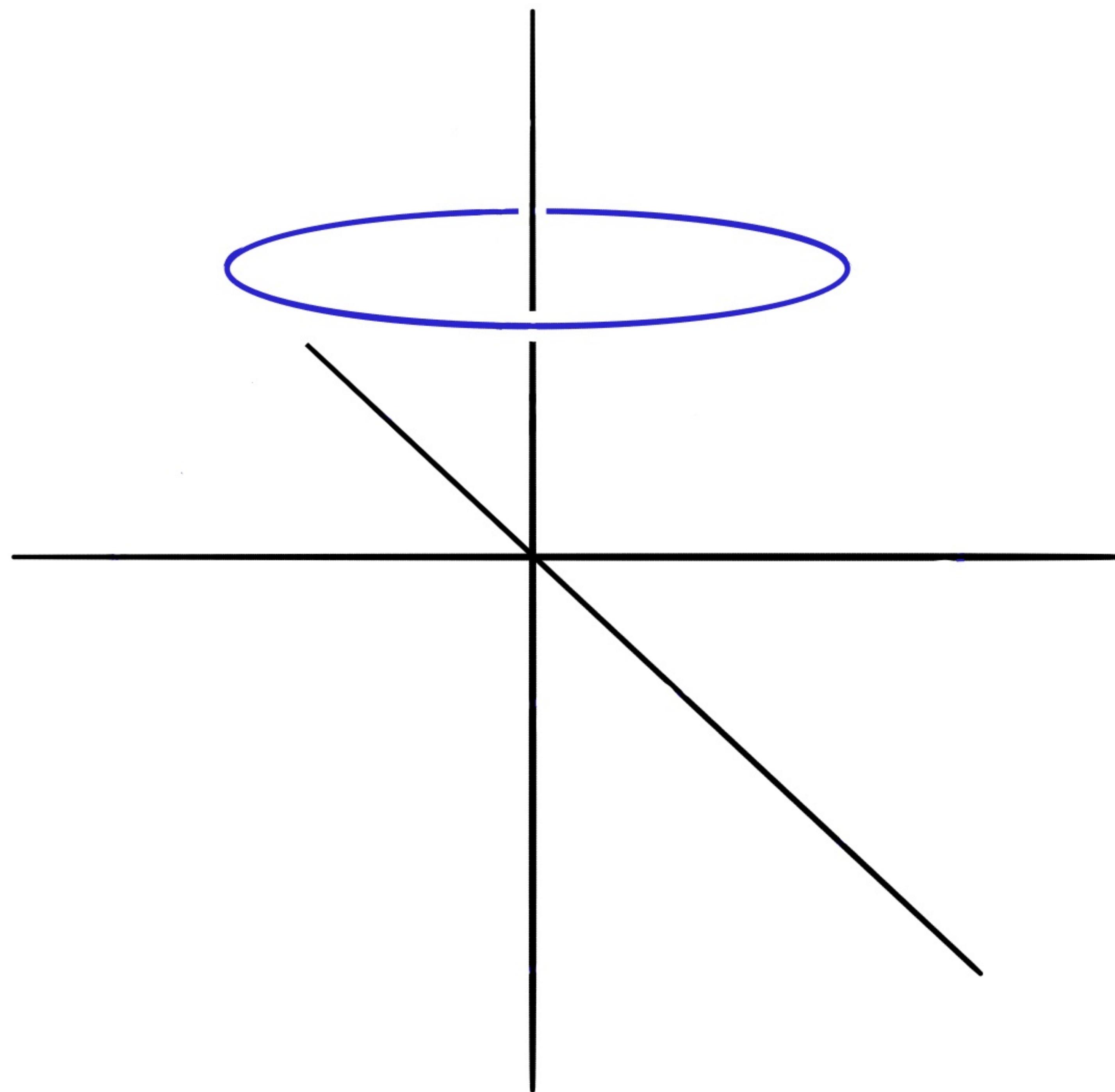
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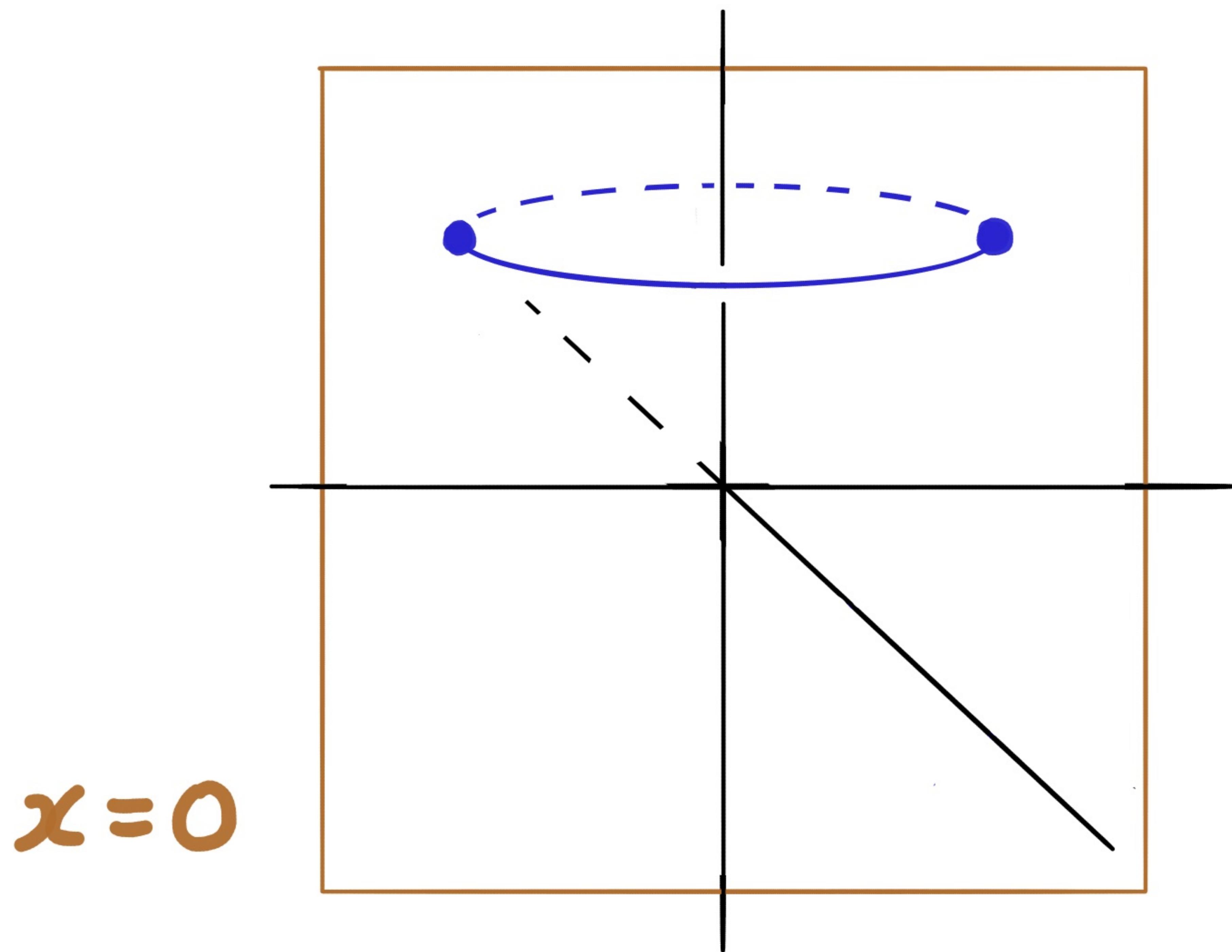
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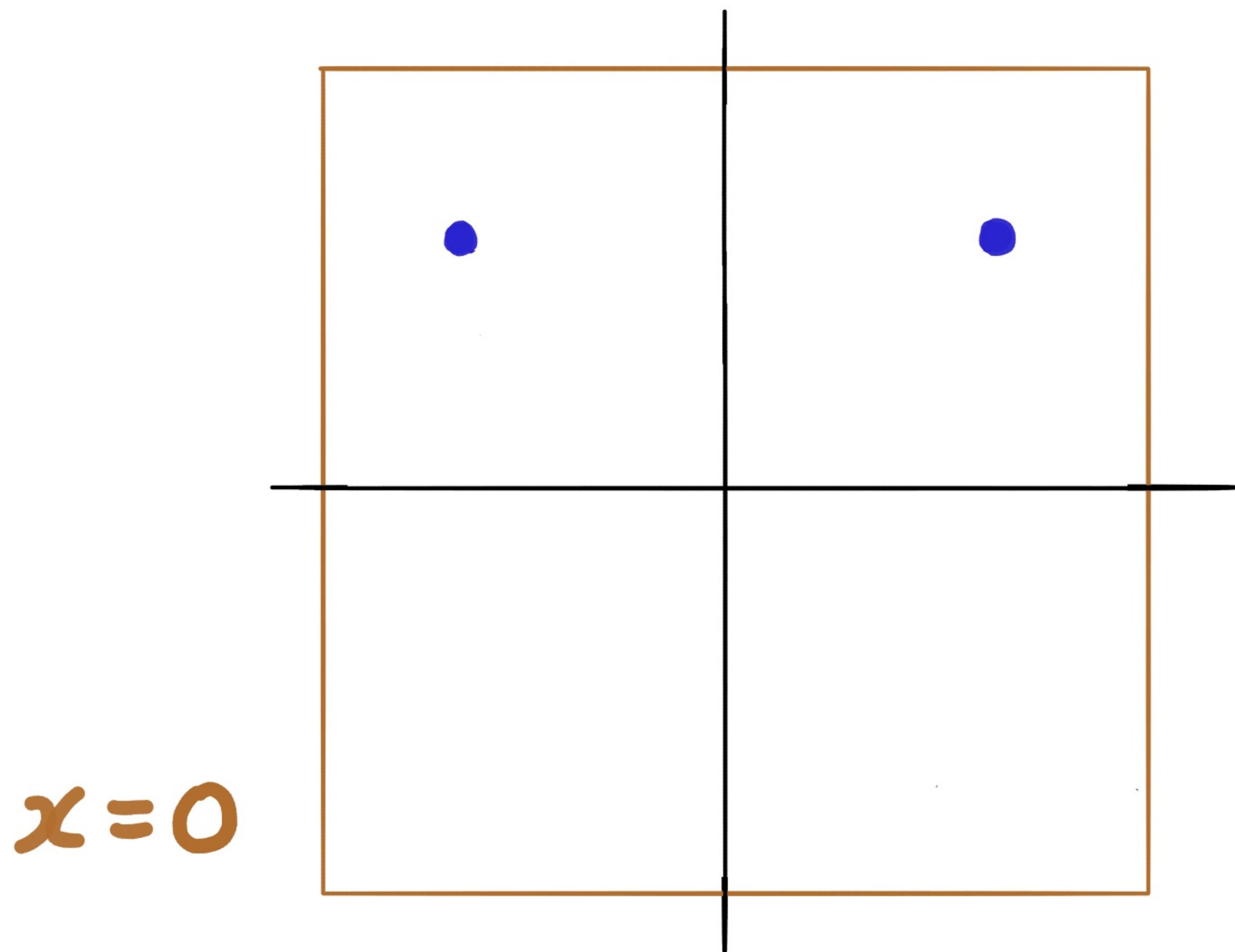
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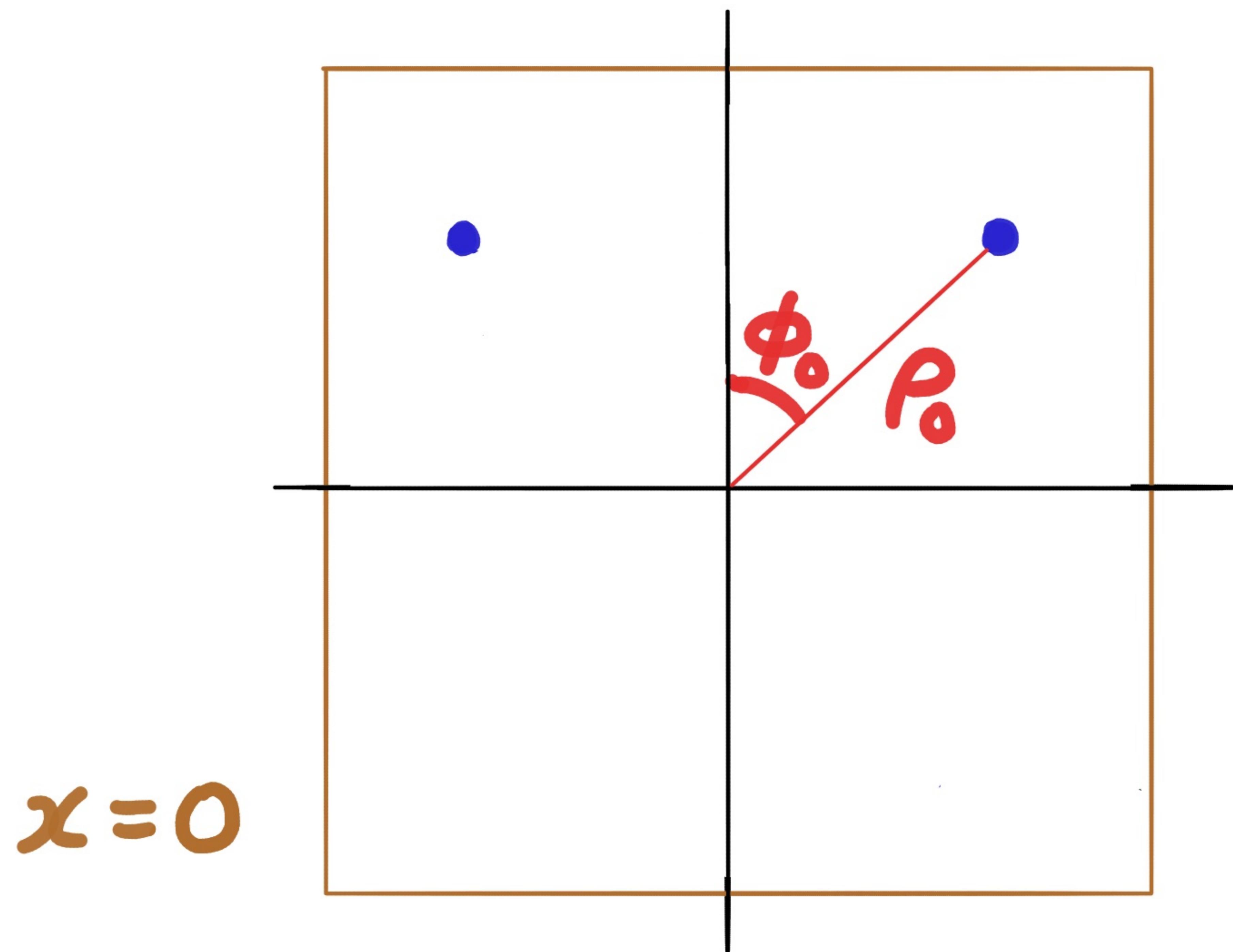
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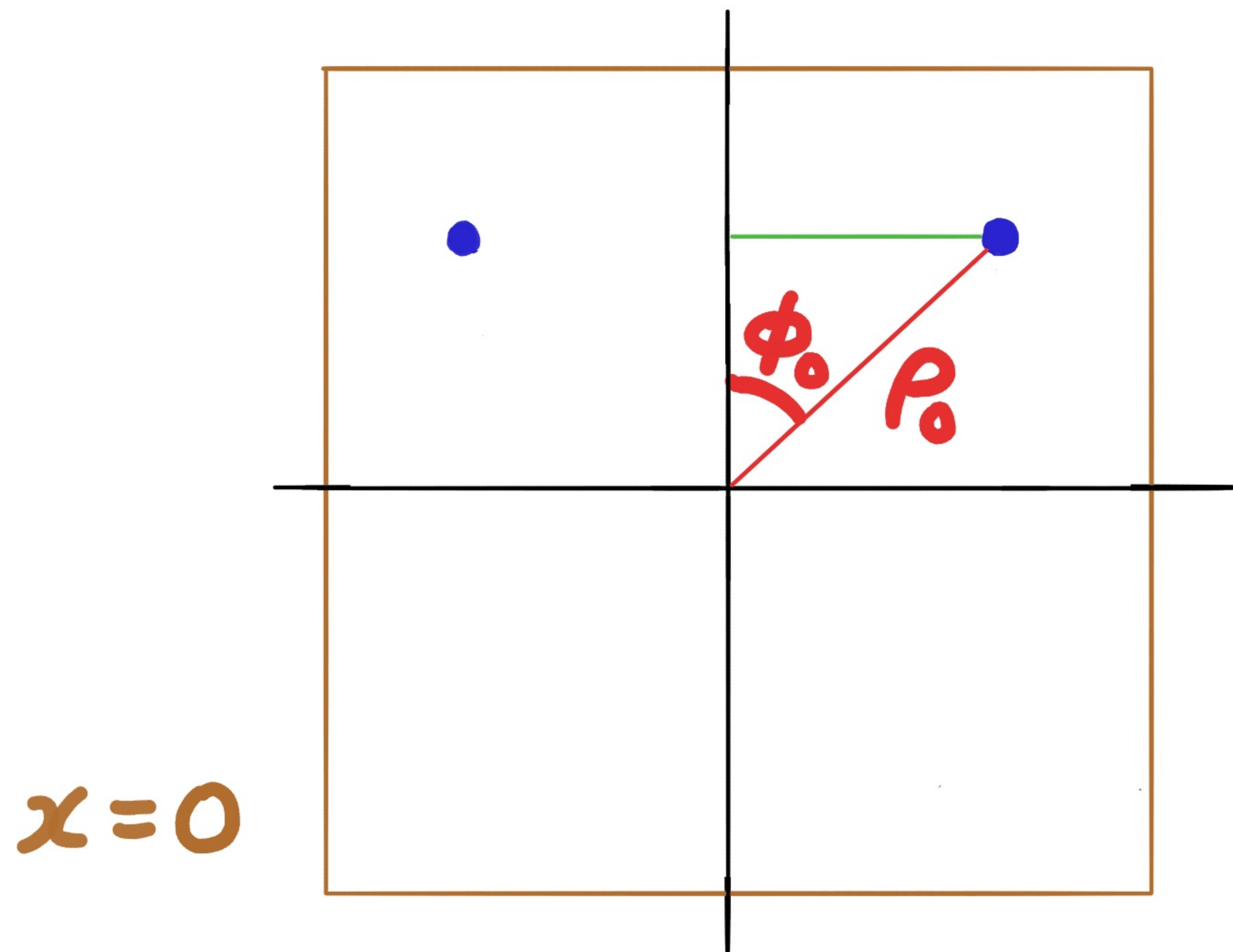
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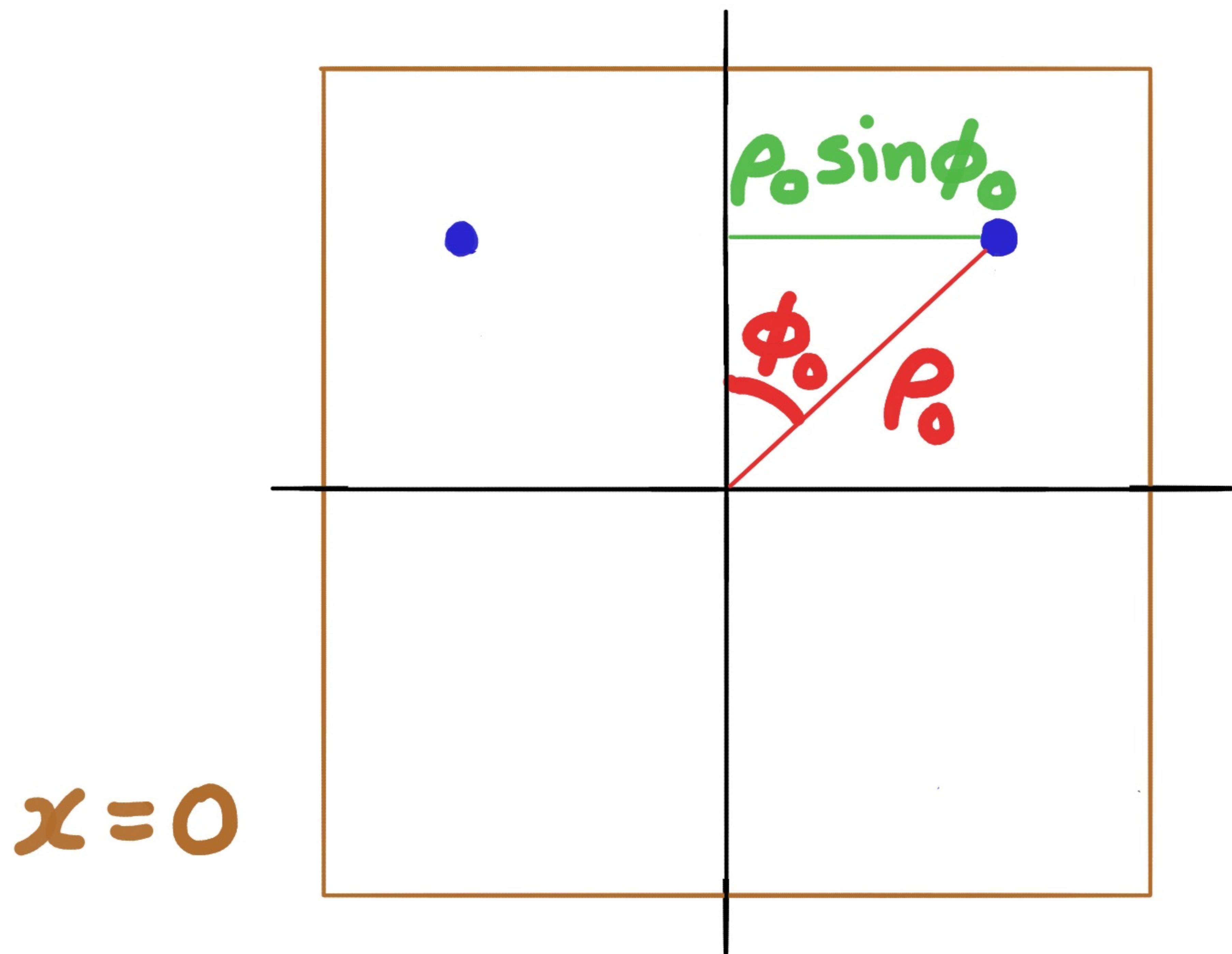
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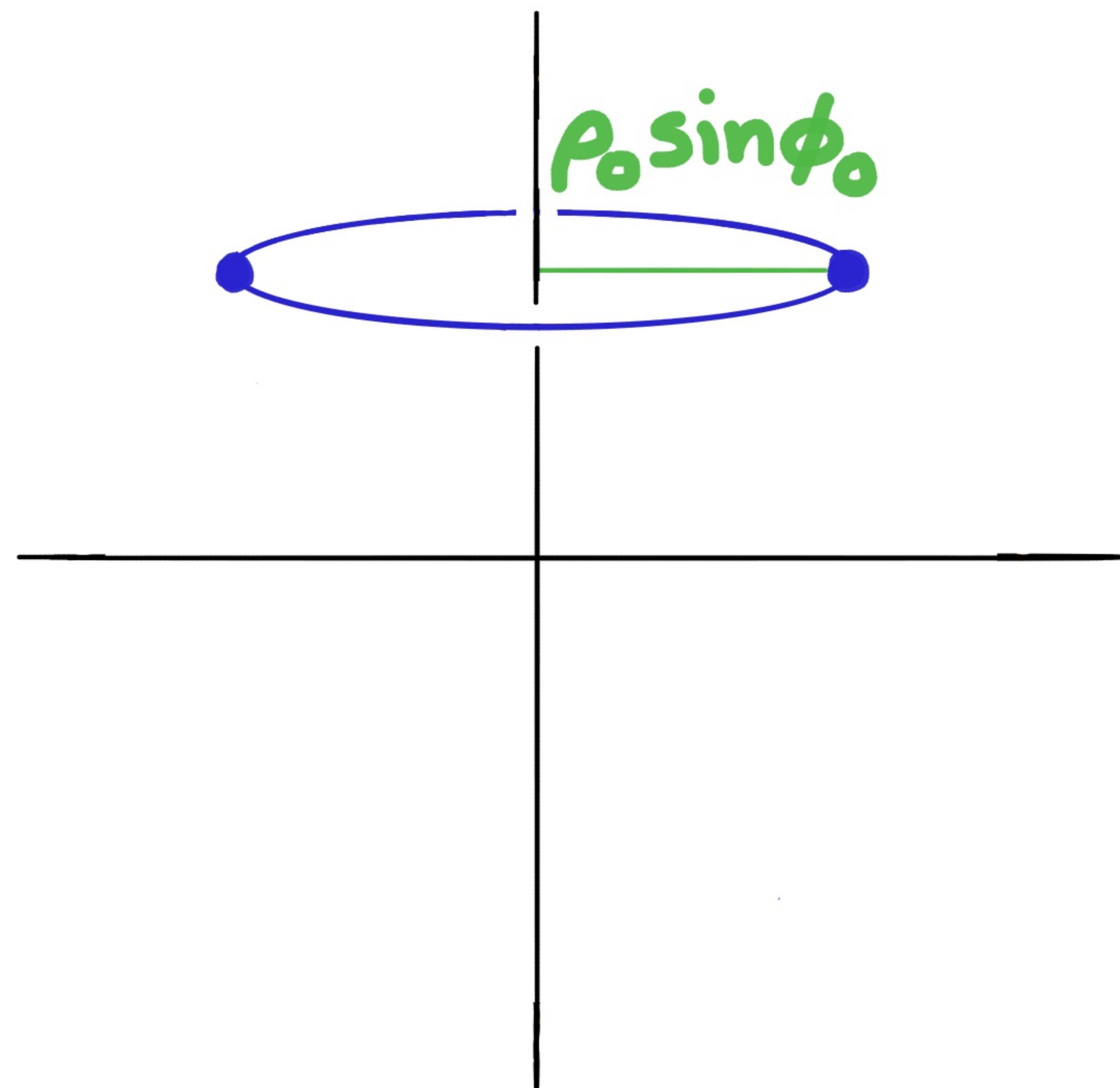
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$$\rho = \rho_0$$

$$\phi = \phi_0$$

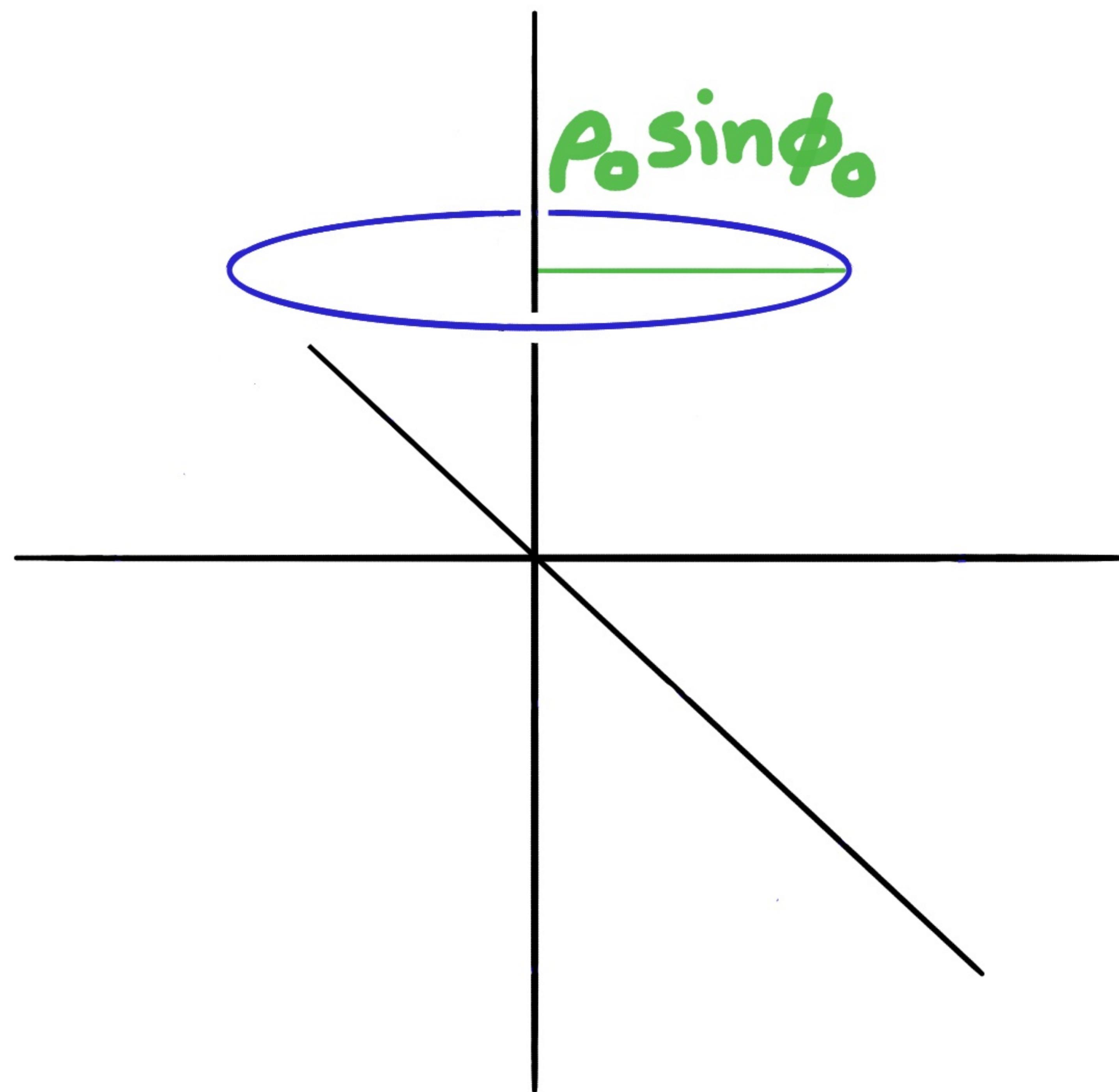
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is circle of radius $\rho_0 \sin\phi_0$



$$\rho = \rho_0$$

$$\phi = \phi_0$$

II

Triple integrals

$$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV$$

measures a 4-dimensional volume

$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV$

region in R^3

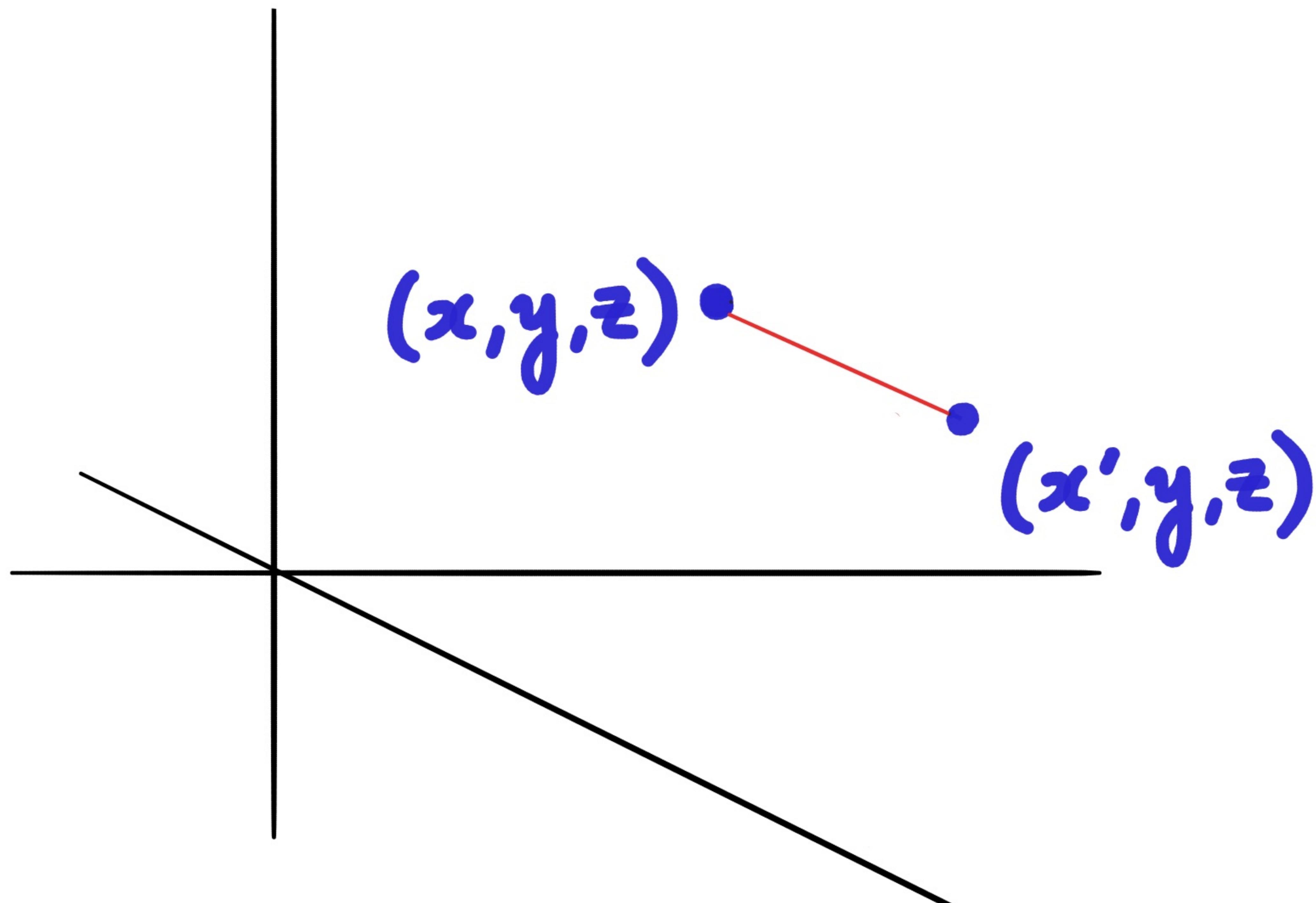
height

way to measure
and multiply widths
of 3 coordinates

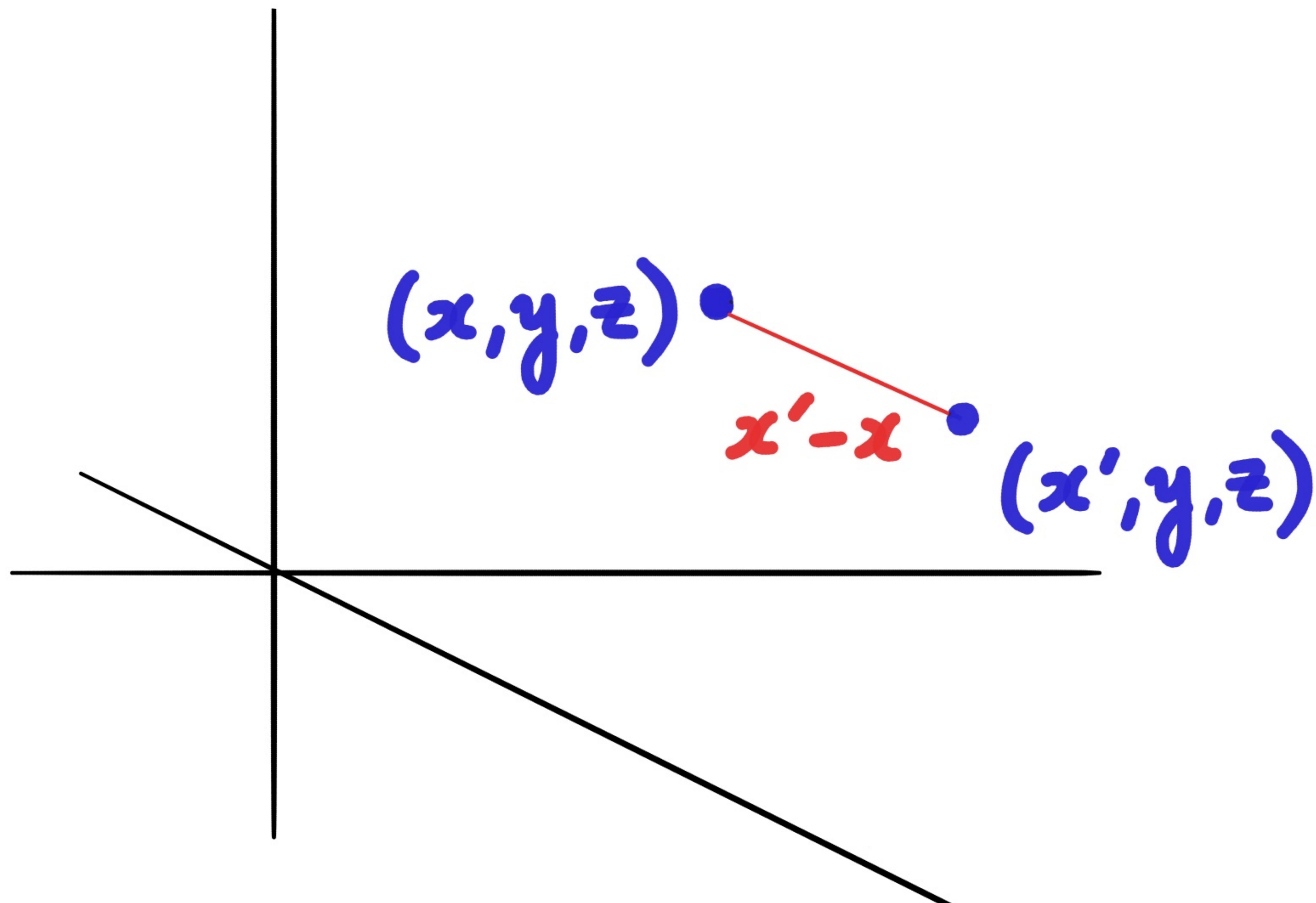
The diagram illustrates the components of a triple integral. On the left, a pink oval contains the symbol \iiint above the letter R , with a red arrow pointing from the text 'region in R^3 ' to it. In the center, a blue oval contains the function $f(x, y, z)$. To its right, a green oval contains the differential volume element dV . A blue arrow points from the word 'height' to the $f(x, y, z)$ oval. A green arrow points from the text 'way to measure and multiply widths of 3 coordinates' to the dV oval.

measures a 4-dimensional volume

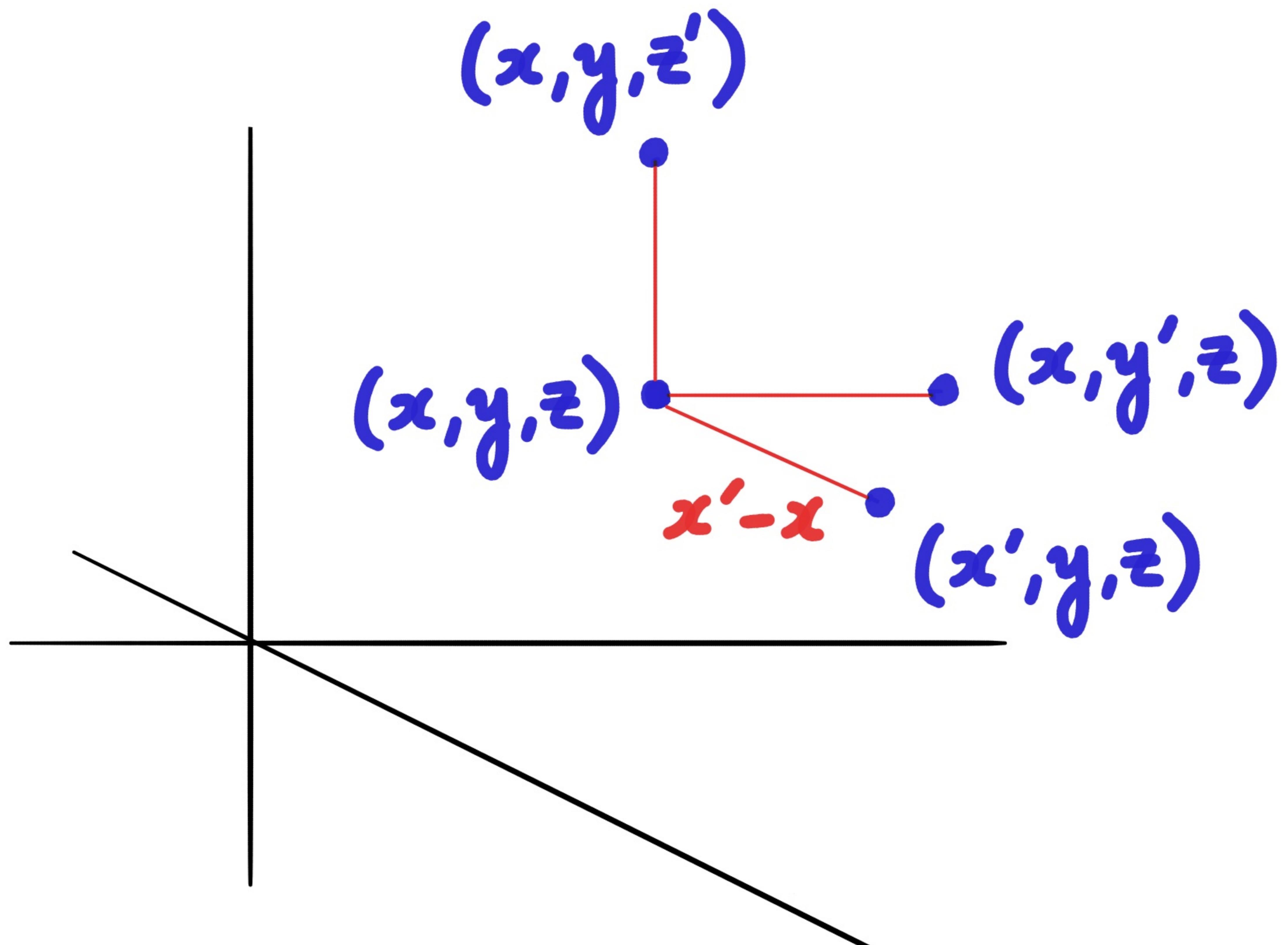
Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Euclidean



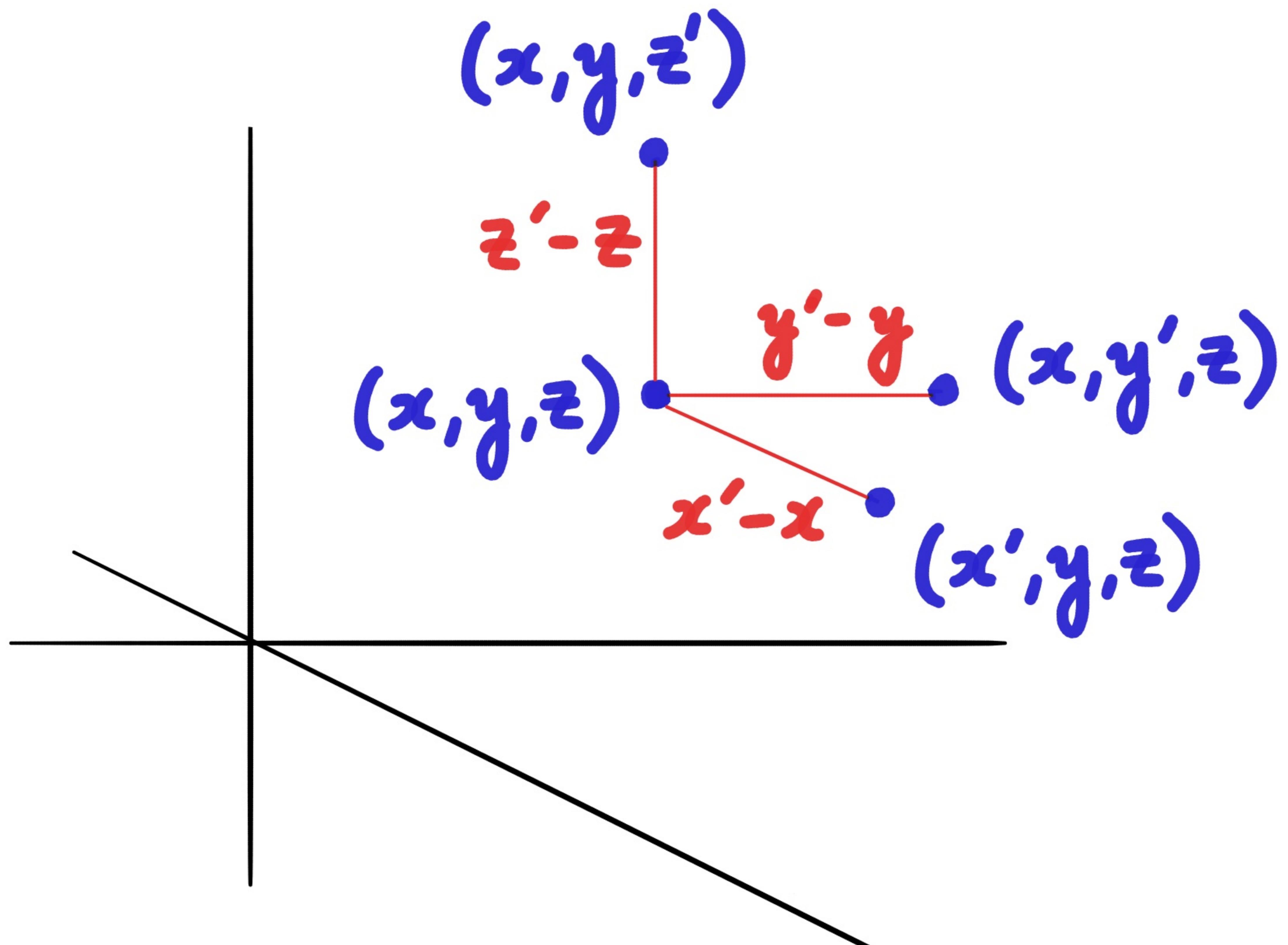
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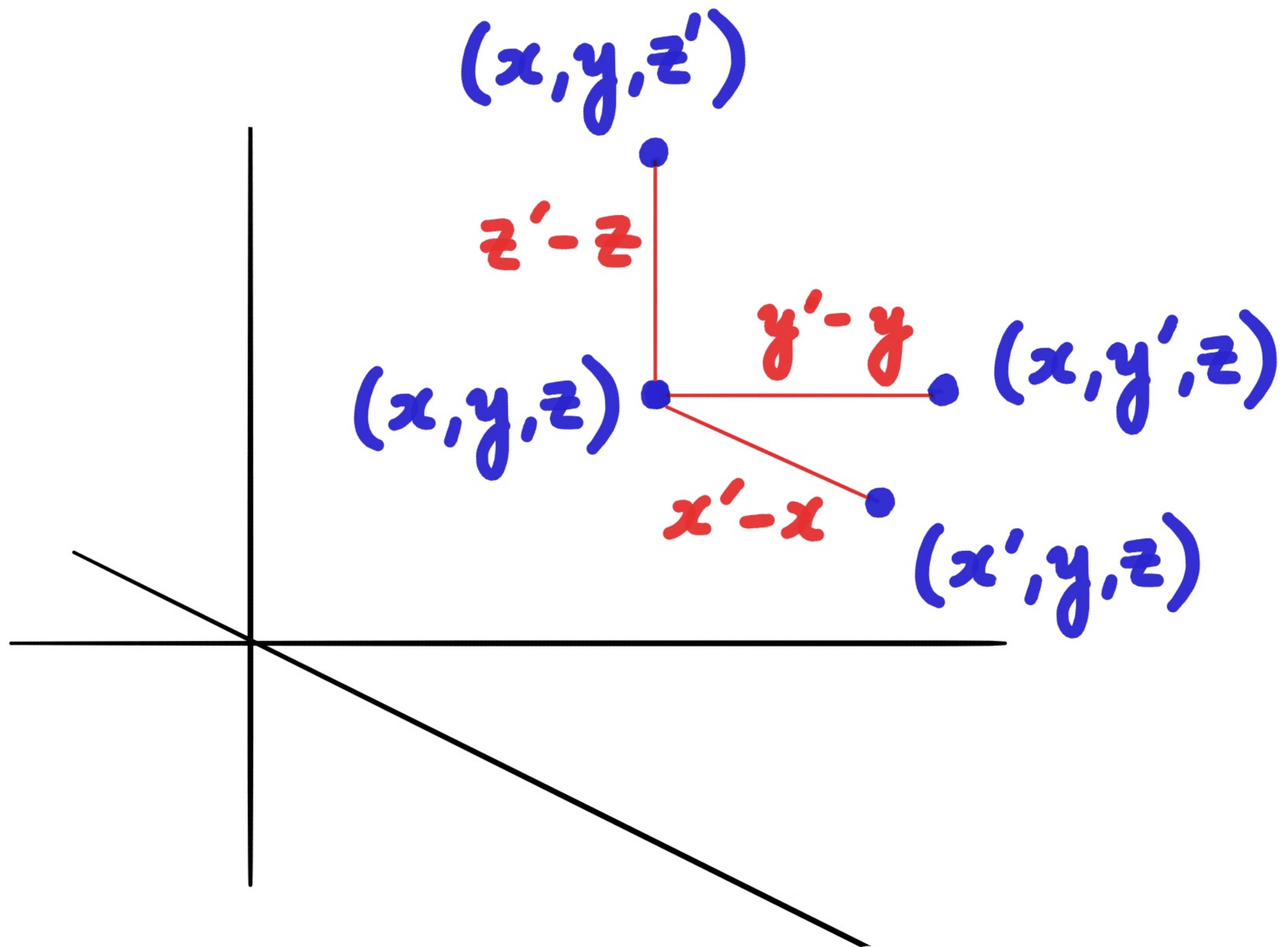
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Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Euclidean



$$dV = dx dy dz$$

Euclidean Coordinates

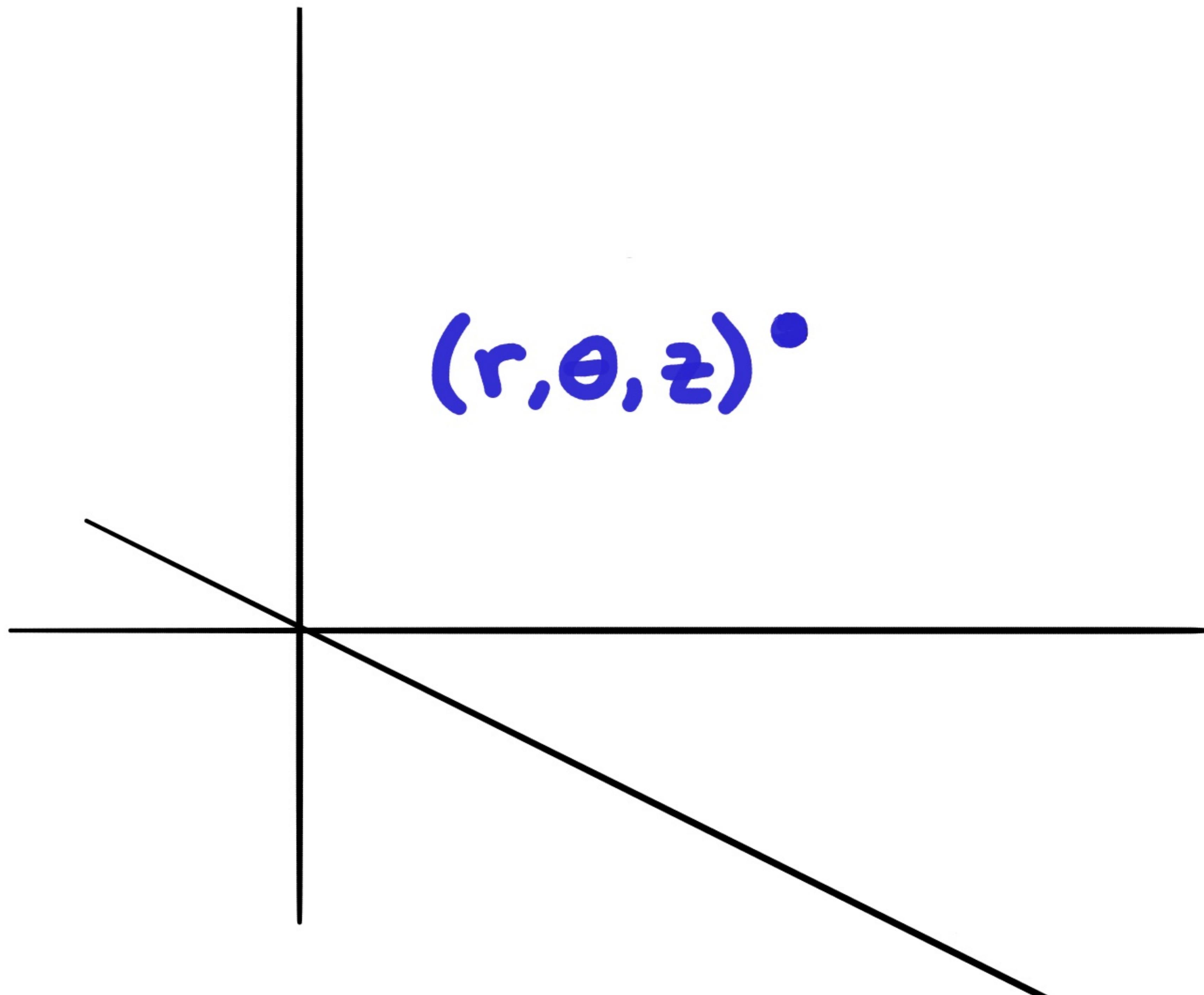
$$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV = \iiint_R f(x, y, z) dx dy dz$$

Euclidean Coordinates

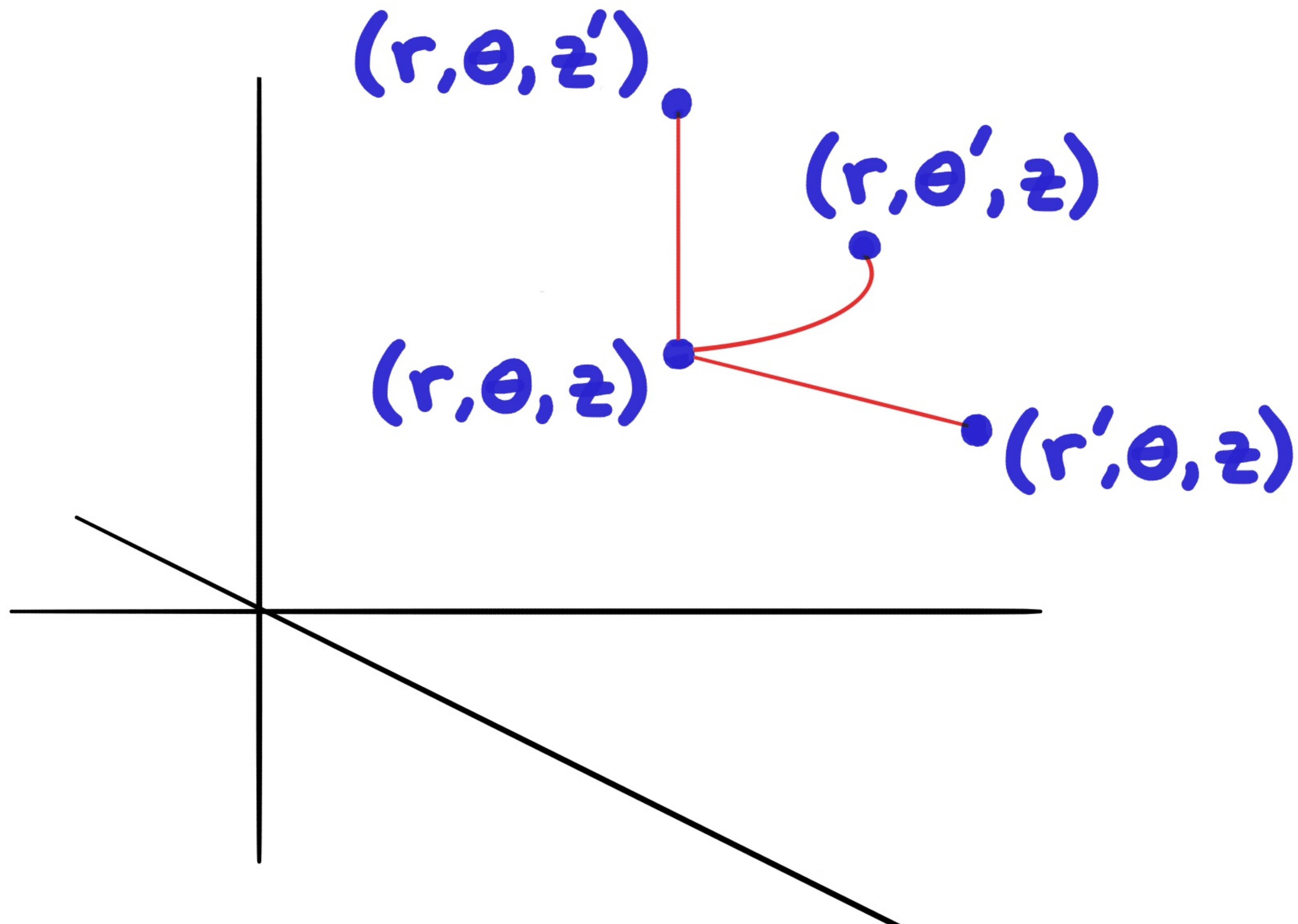
$$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV = \iiint_R f(x, y, z) dx dy dz$$

$dV \mapsto dx dy dz$

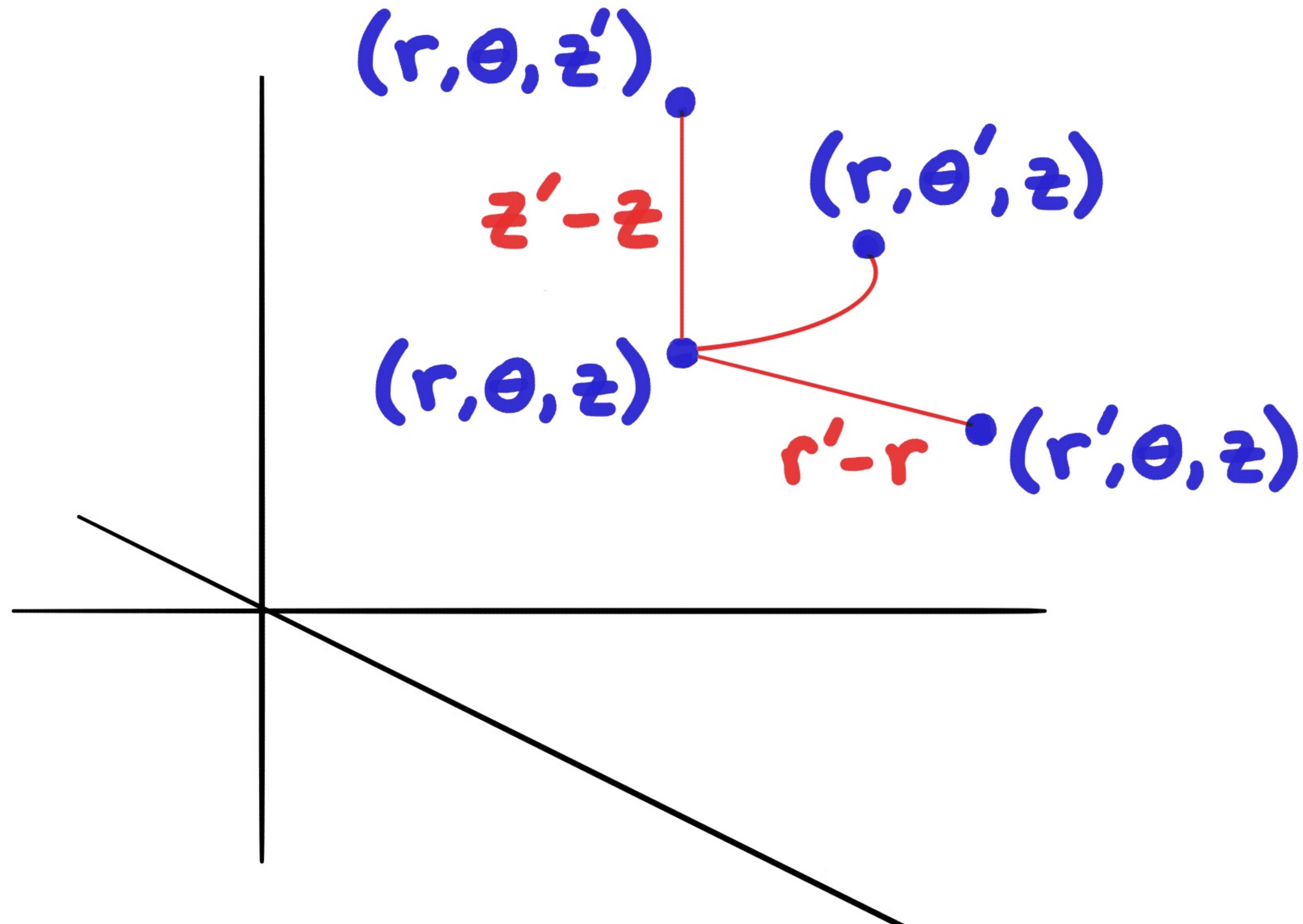
Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Cylindrical



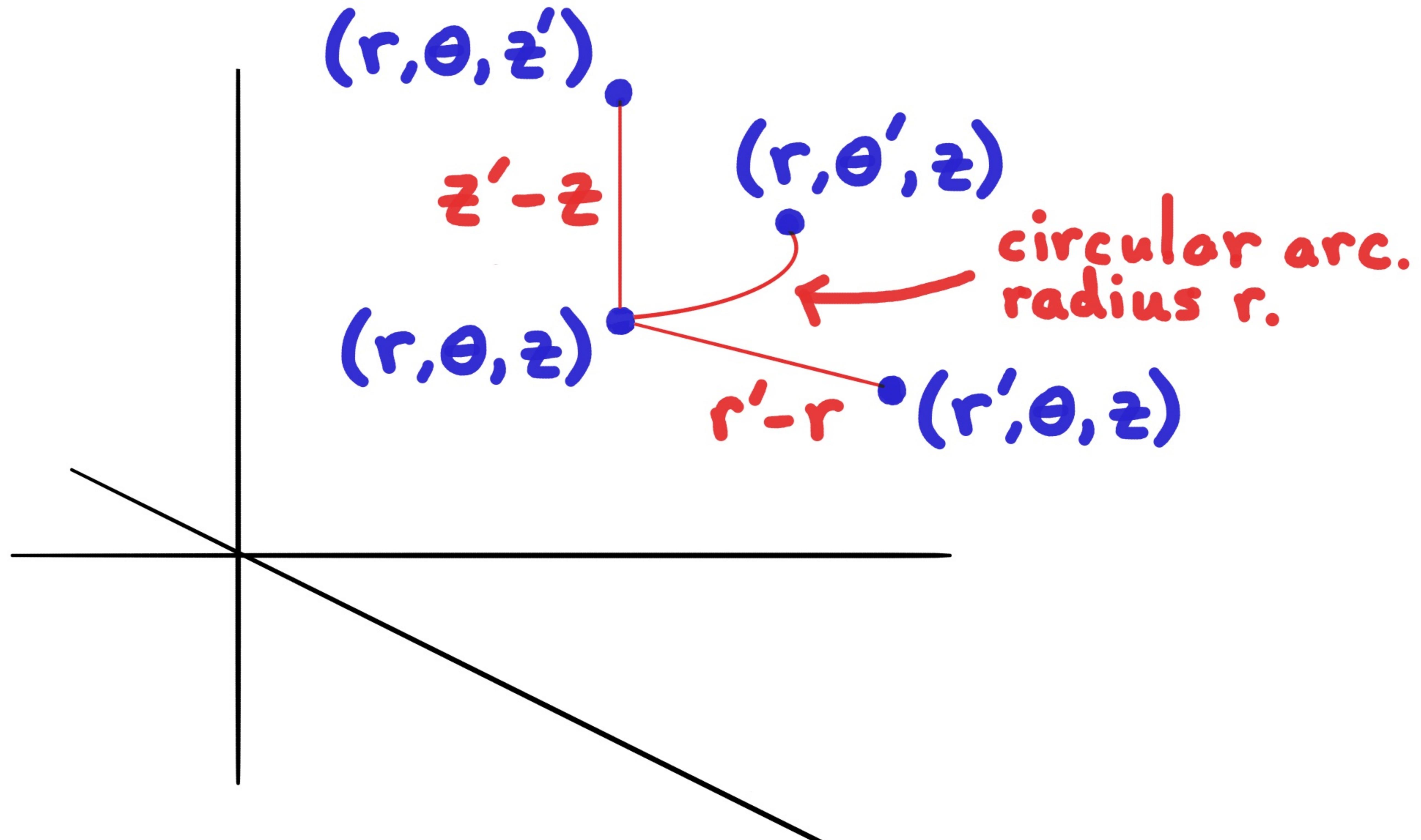
Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Cylindrical



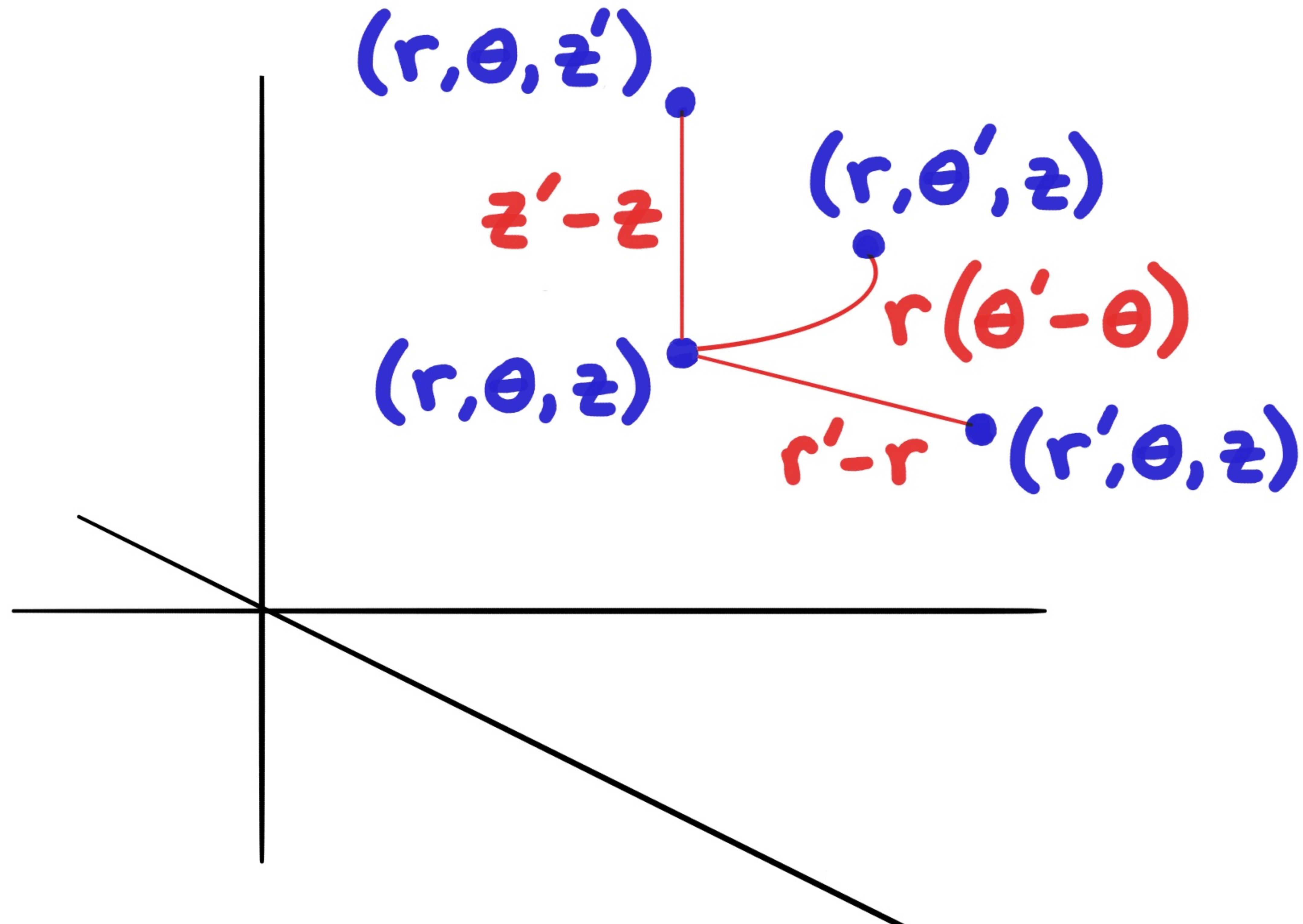
Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Cylindrical



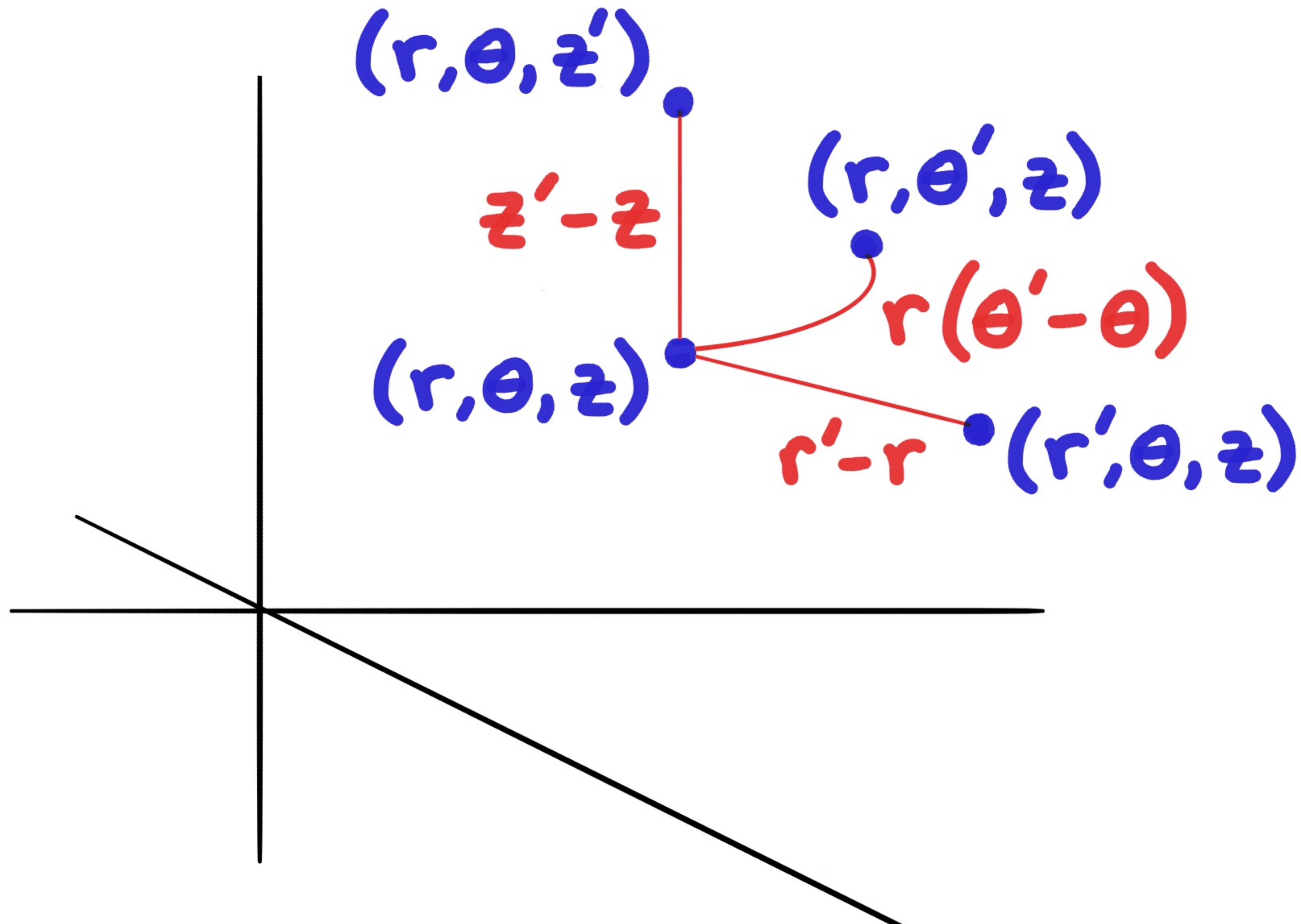
Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Cylindrical



Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Cylindrical



Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Cylindrical



$$dV = r dr d\theta dz$$

Cylindrical Coordinates

$$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV = \iiint_R f(r\cos\theta, r\sin\theta, z) r dr d\theta dz$$

Cylindrical Coordinates

$$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV = \iiint_R f(r\cos\theta, r\sin\theta, z) r dr d\theta dz$$

$$dV \mapsto dr d\theta dz$$

$$x \mapsto r\cos\theta$$

$$y \mapsto r\sin\theta$$

$$z \mapsto z$$

Cylindrical Coordinates

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$$dV \mapsto dr d\theta dz$$

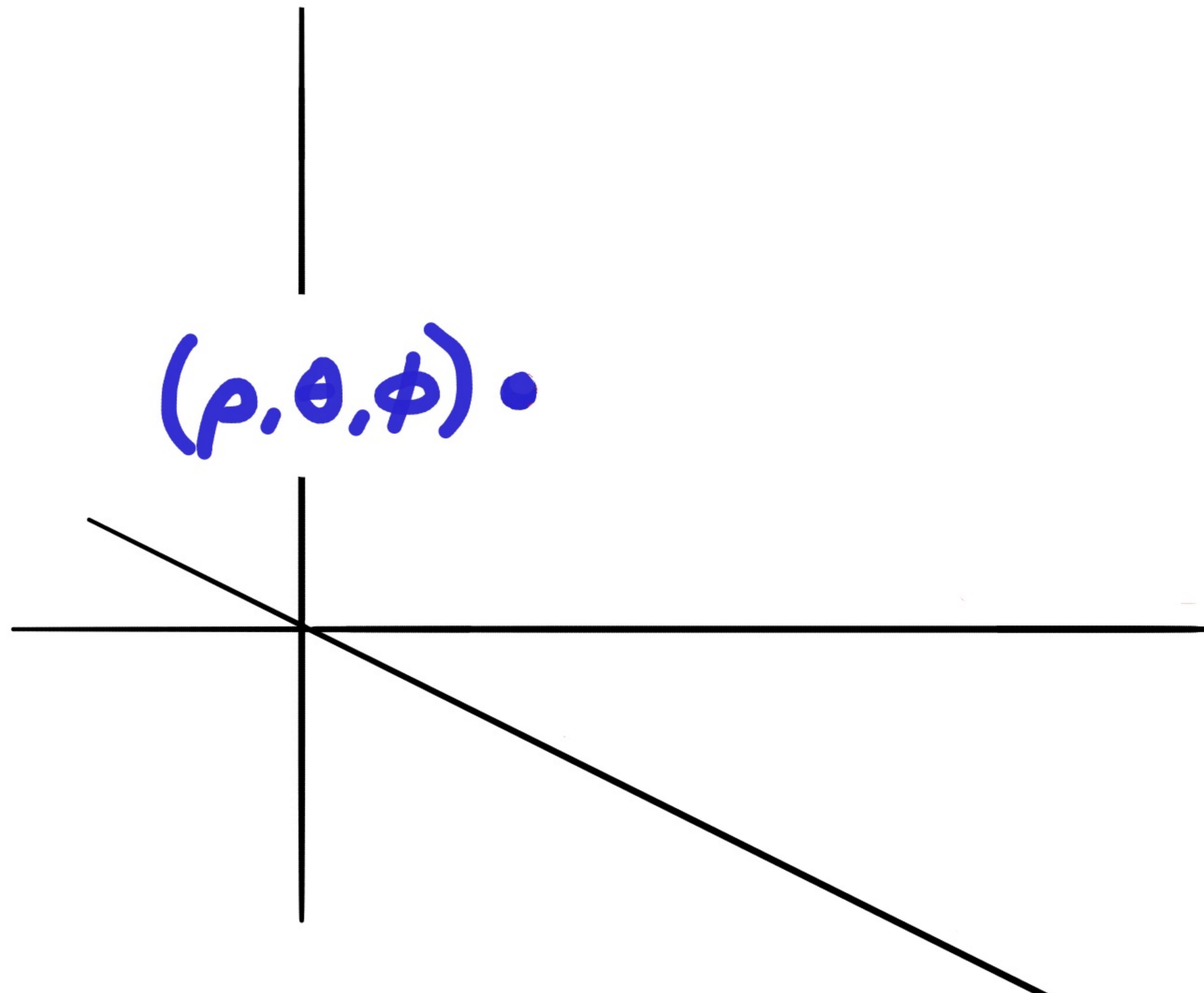
$$x \mapsto r\cos\theta$$

$$y \mapsto r\sin\theta$$

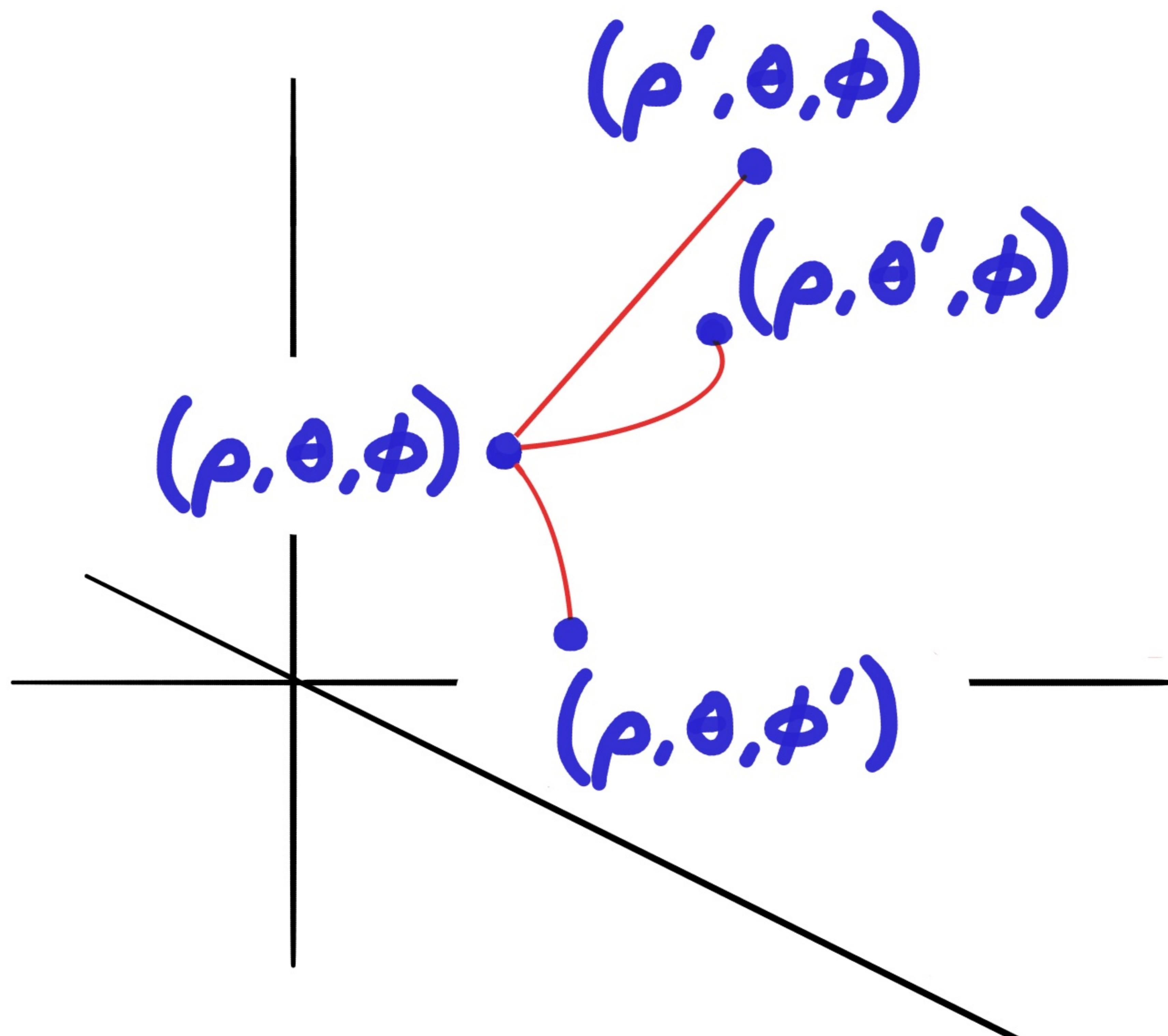
$$z \mapsto z$$

Throw in r .

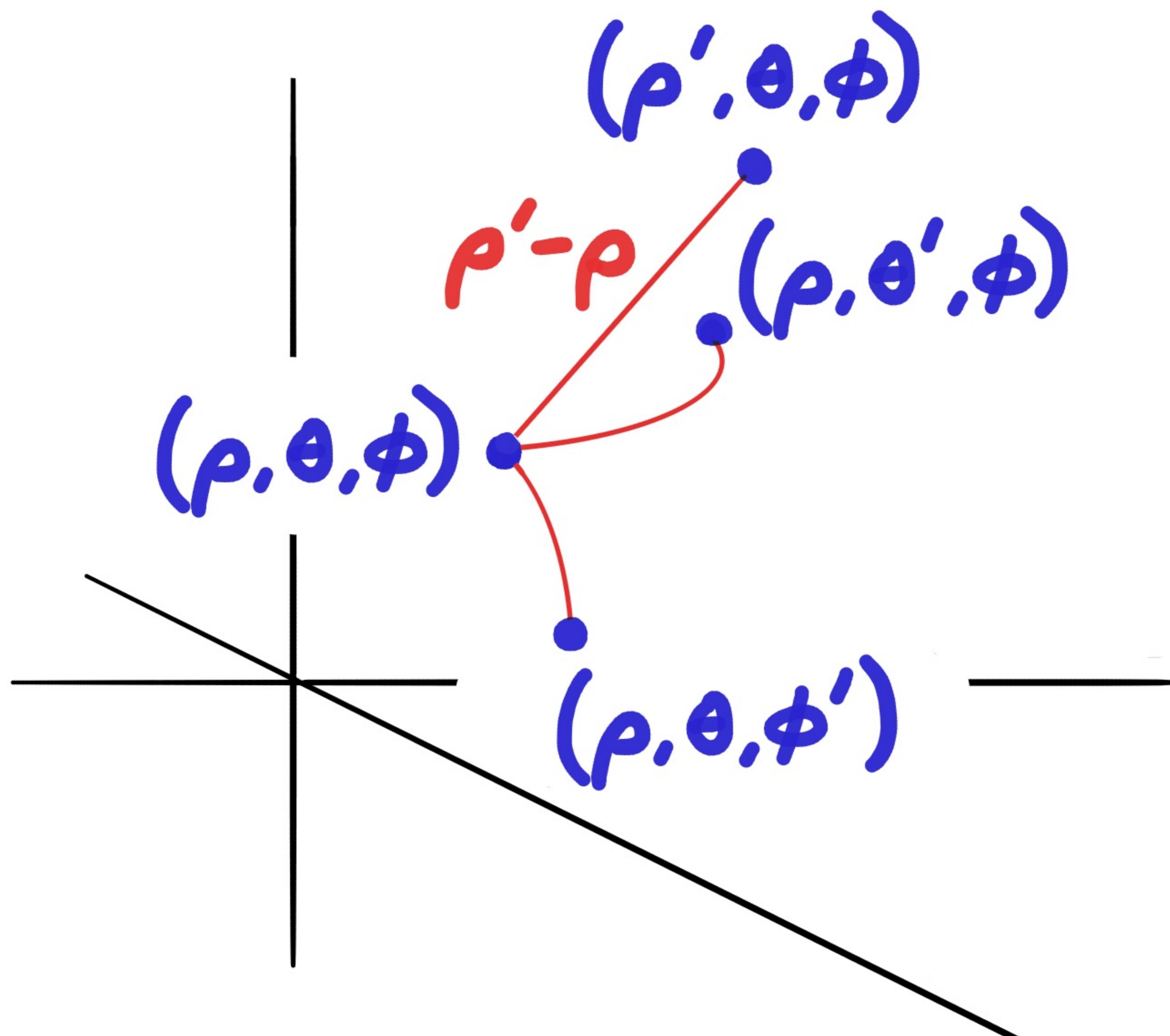
Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Spherical



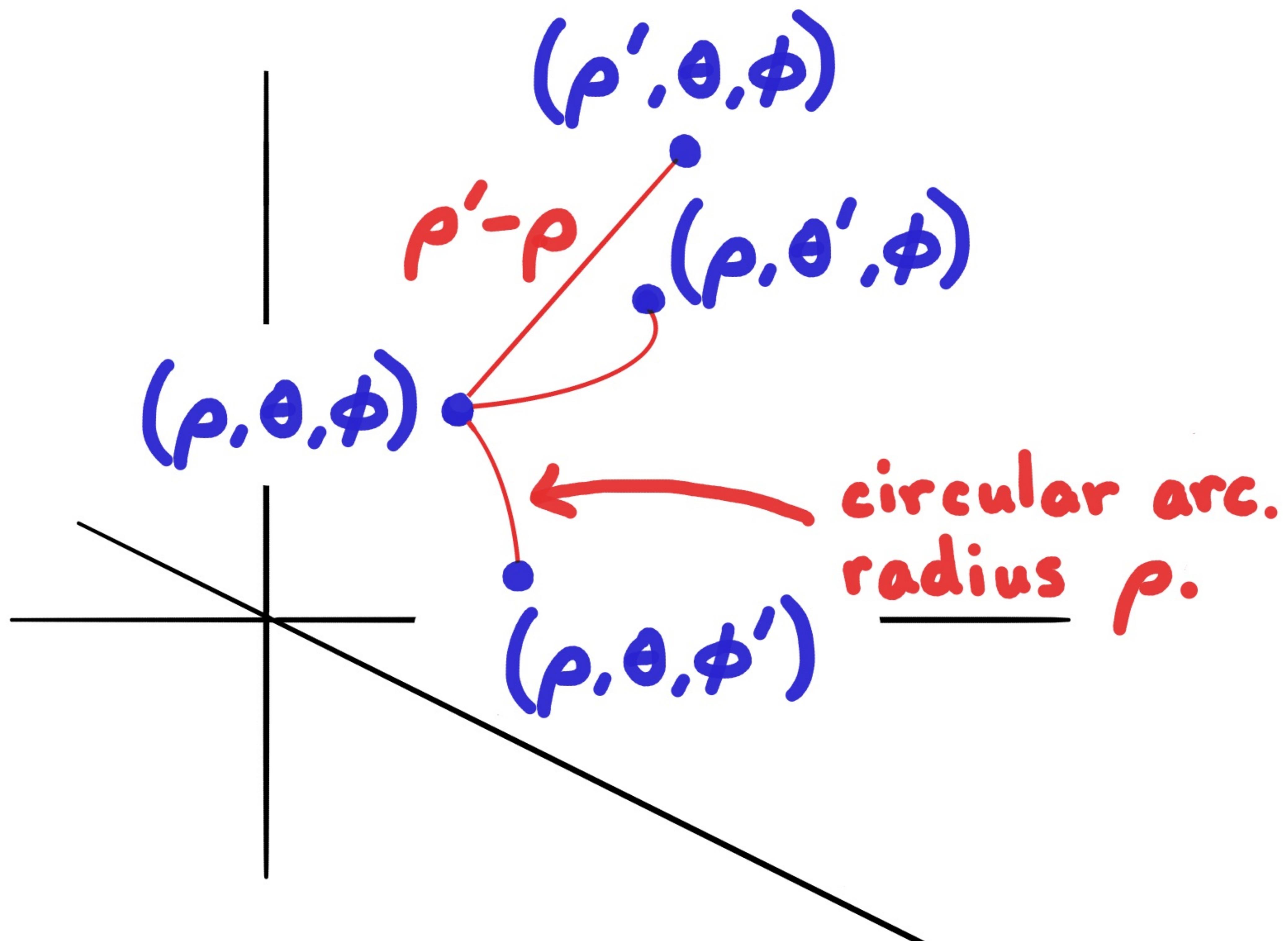
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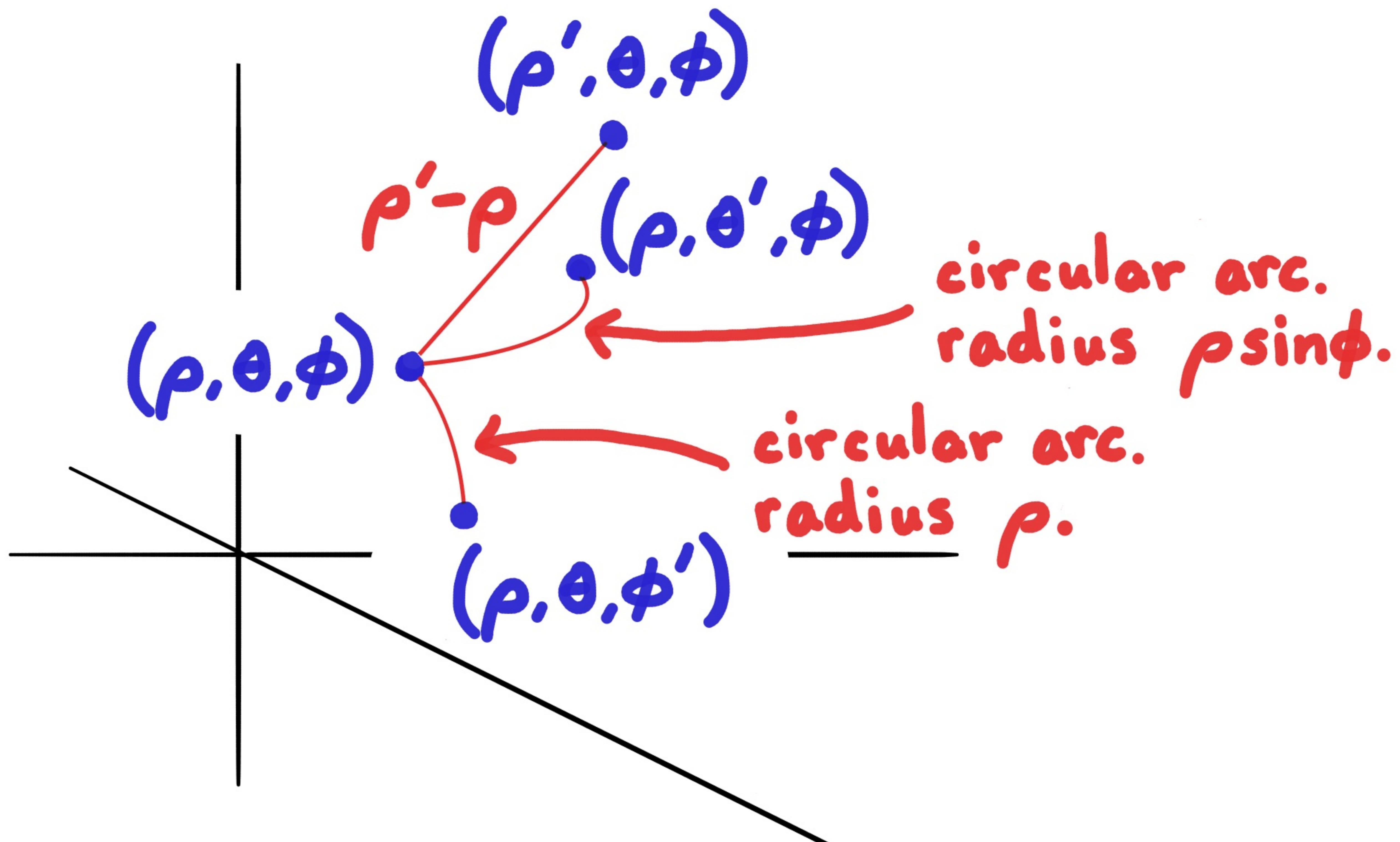
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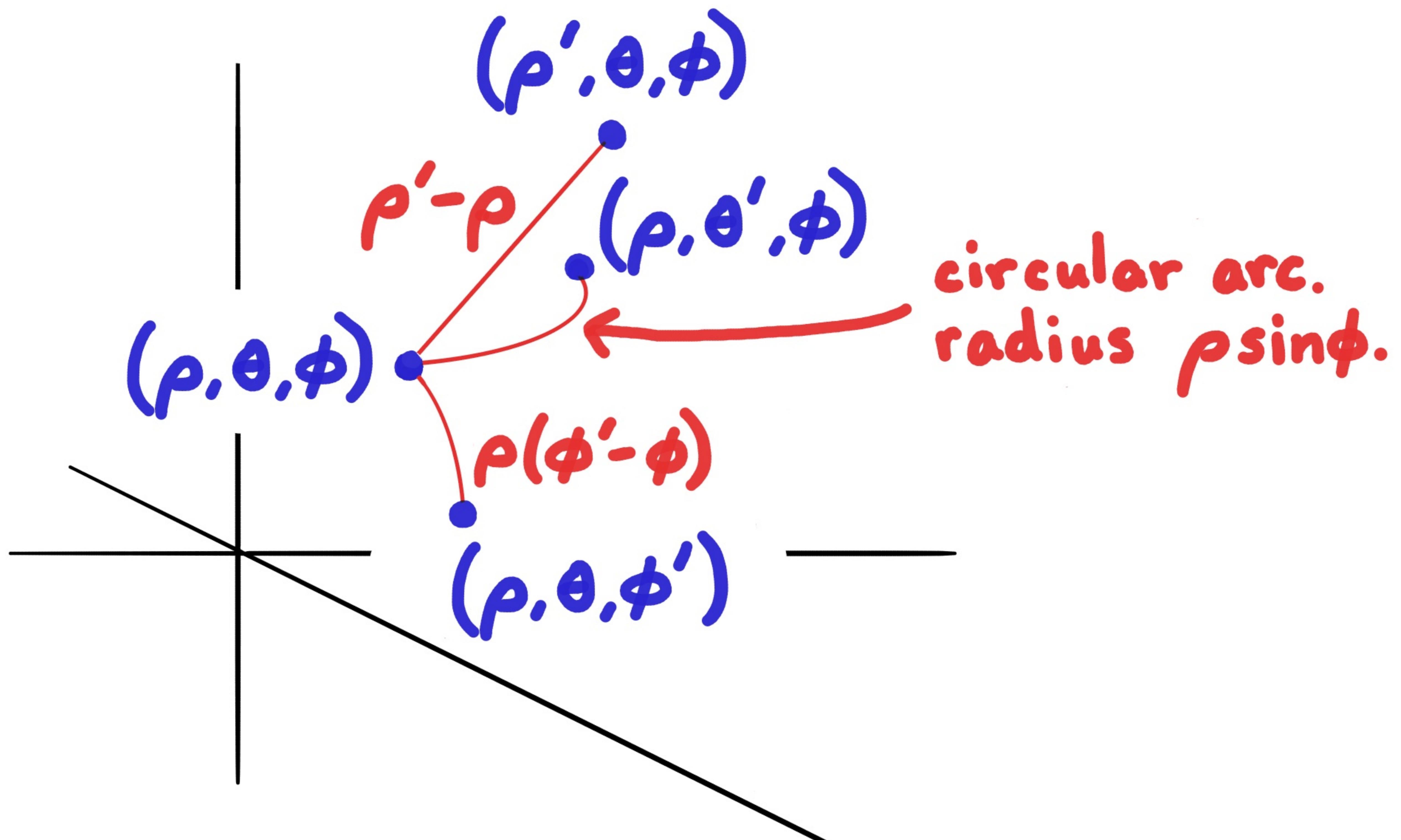
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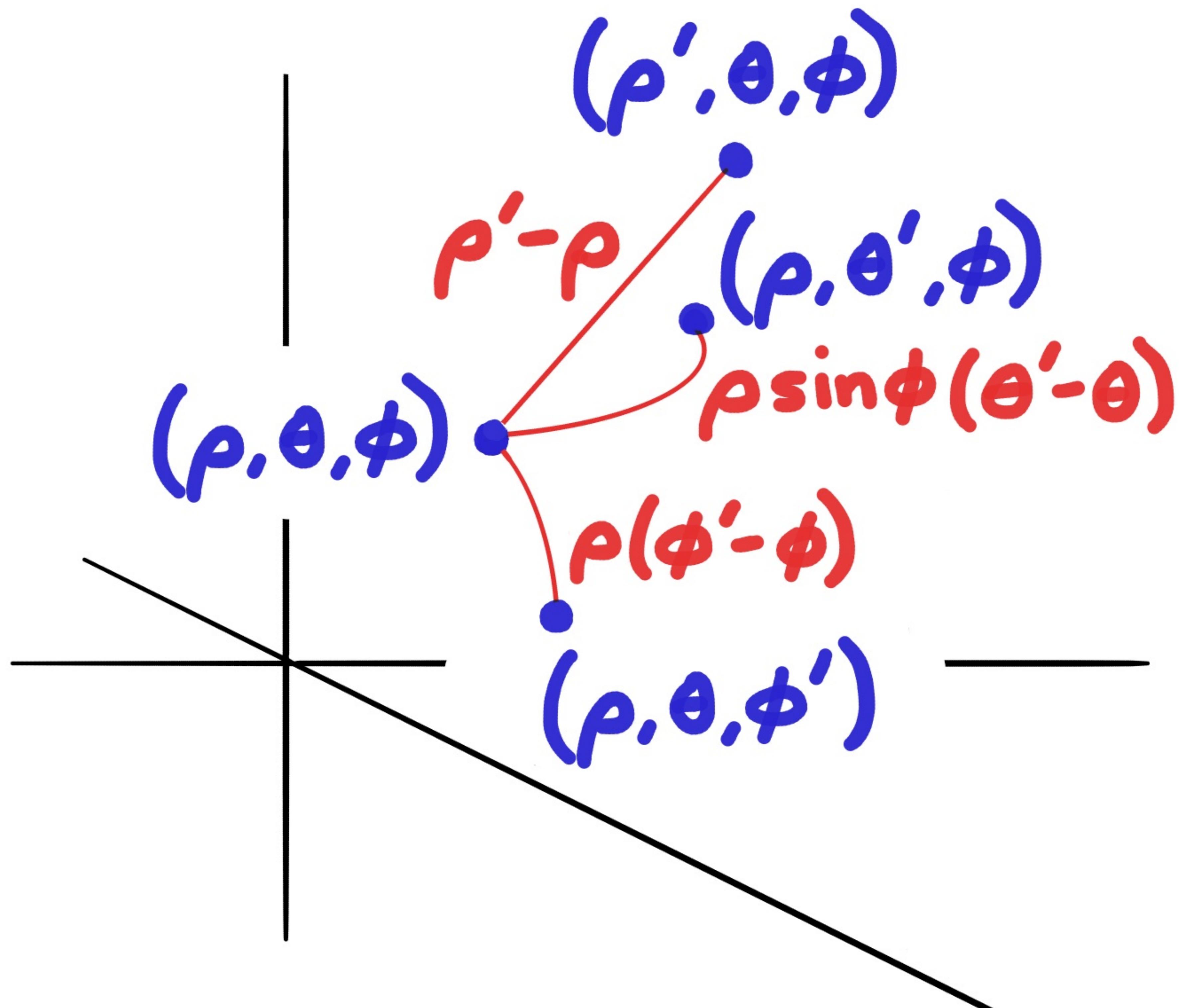
Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Spherical



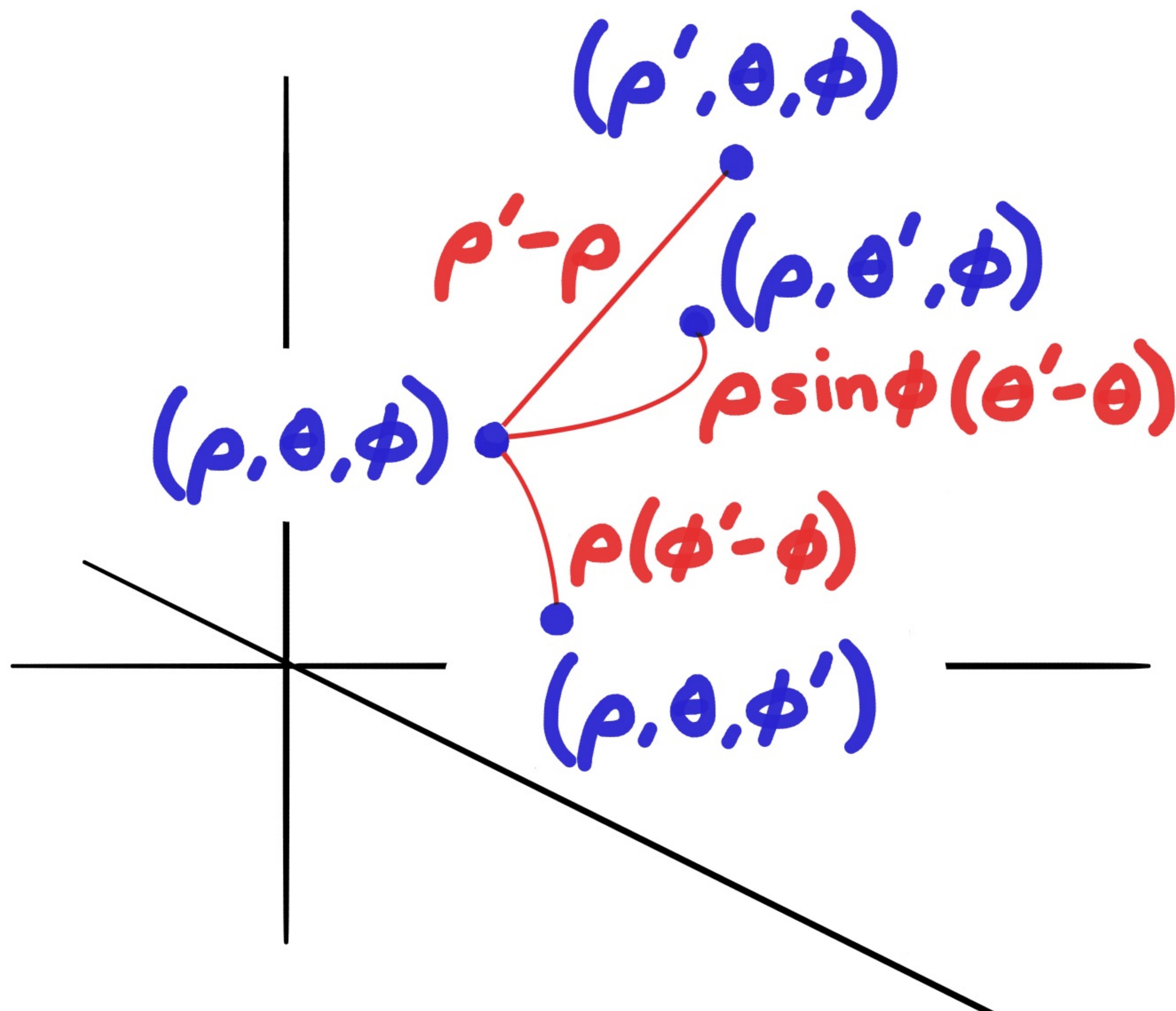
Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Spherical



Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Spherical



Widths and volumes in \mathbb{R}^3 : Spherical



$$dV = \rho^2 \sin\phi \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\phi$$

Spherical Coordinates

$$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV$$

$$= \iiint_R f(\rho \sin\phi \cos\theta, \rho \sin\phi \sin\theta, \rho \cos\phi) \rho^2 \sin\phi \, d\rho d\theta d\phi$$

Spherical Coordinates

$$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV = \iiint_R f(\rho \sin\phi \cos\theta, \rho \sin\phi \sin\theta, \rho \cos\phi) \rho^2 \sin\phi \, d\rho d\theta d\phi$$

$$dV \mapsto d\rho d\theta d\phi$$

$$x \mapsto \rho \sin\phi \cos\theta$$

$$y \mapsto \rho \sin\phi \sin\theta$$

$$z \mapsto \rho \cos\phi$$

Spherical Coordinates

$$\iiint_R f(x, y, z) dV = \iiint_R f(\rho \sin\phi \cos\theta, \rho \sin\phi \sin\theta, \rho \cos\phi) \rho^2 \sin\phi \, d\rho d\theta d\phi$$

$$dV \mapsto d\rho d\theta d\phi$$

$$x \mapsto \rho \sin\phi \cos\theta$$

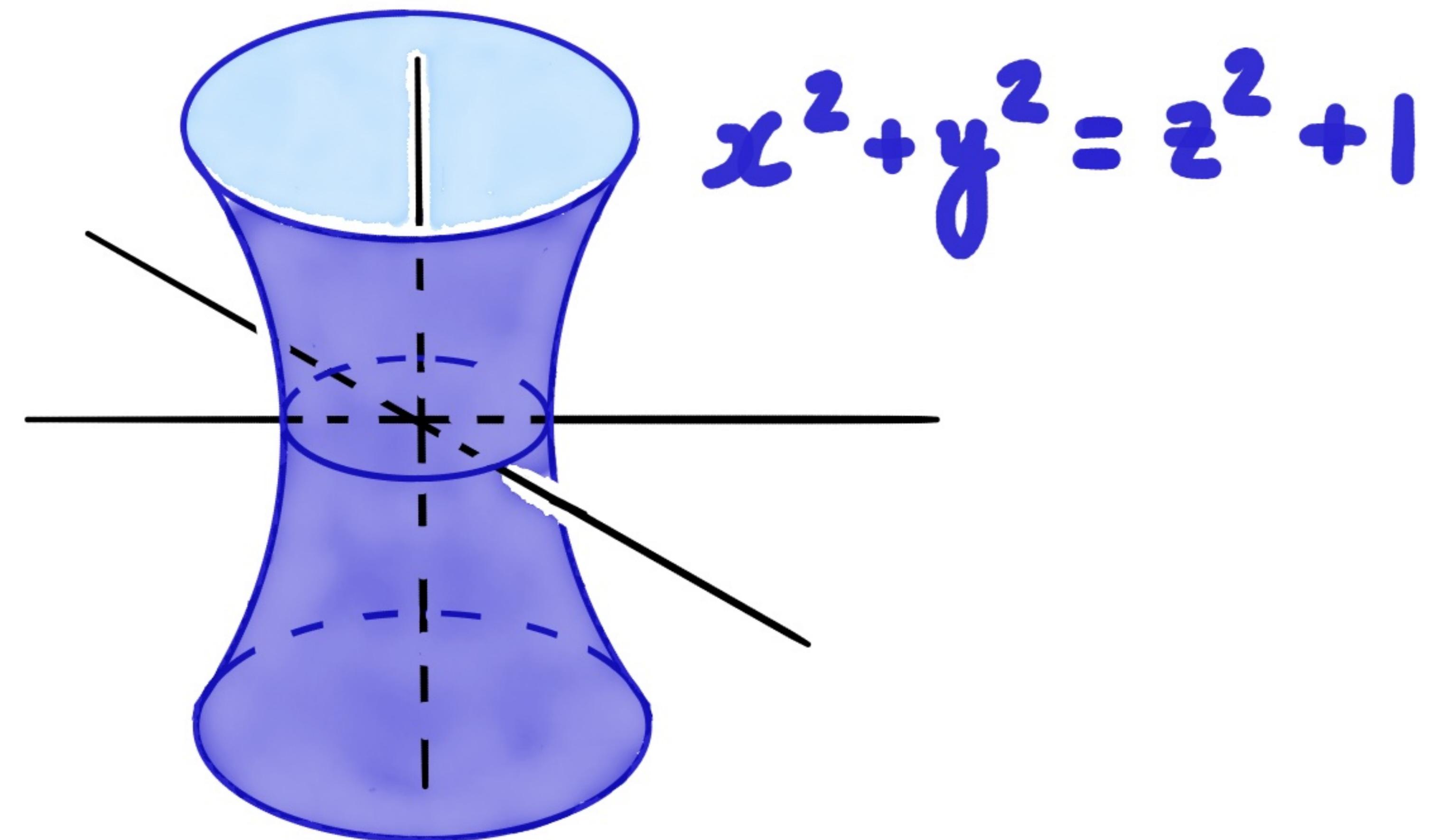
$$y \mapsto \rho \sin\phi \sin\theta$$

$$z \mapsto \rho \cos\phi$$

Throw in $\rho^2 \sin\phi$.

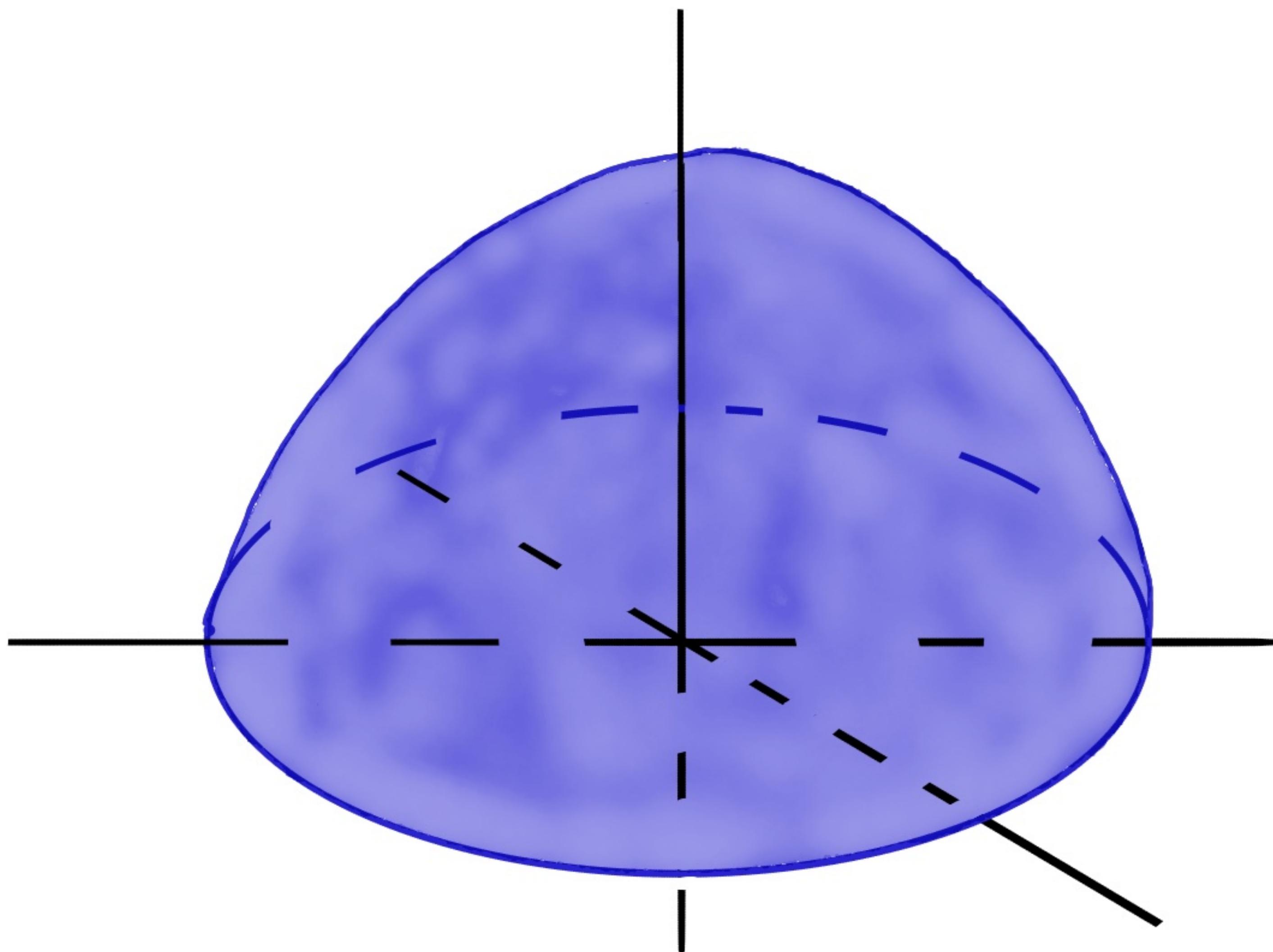
Examples:

- ① Find $\iiint_R y \, dV$ where R is the region above the xy -plane, with $z \leq 4$, and bounded by the surface $x^2 + y^2 = z^2 + 1$.

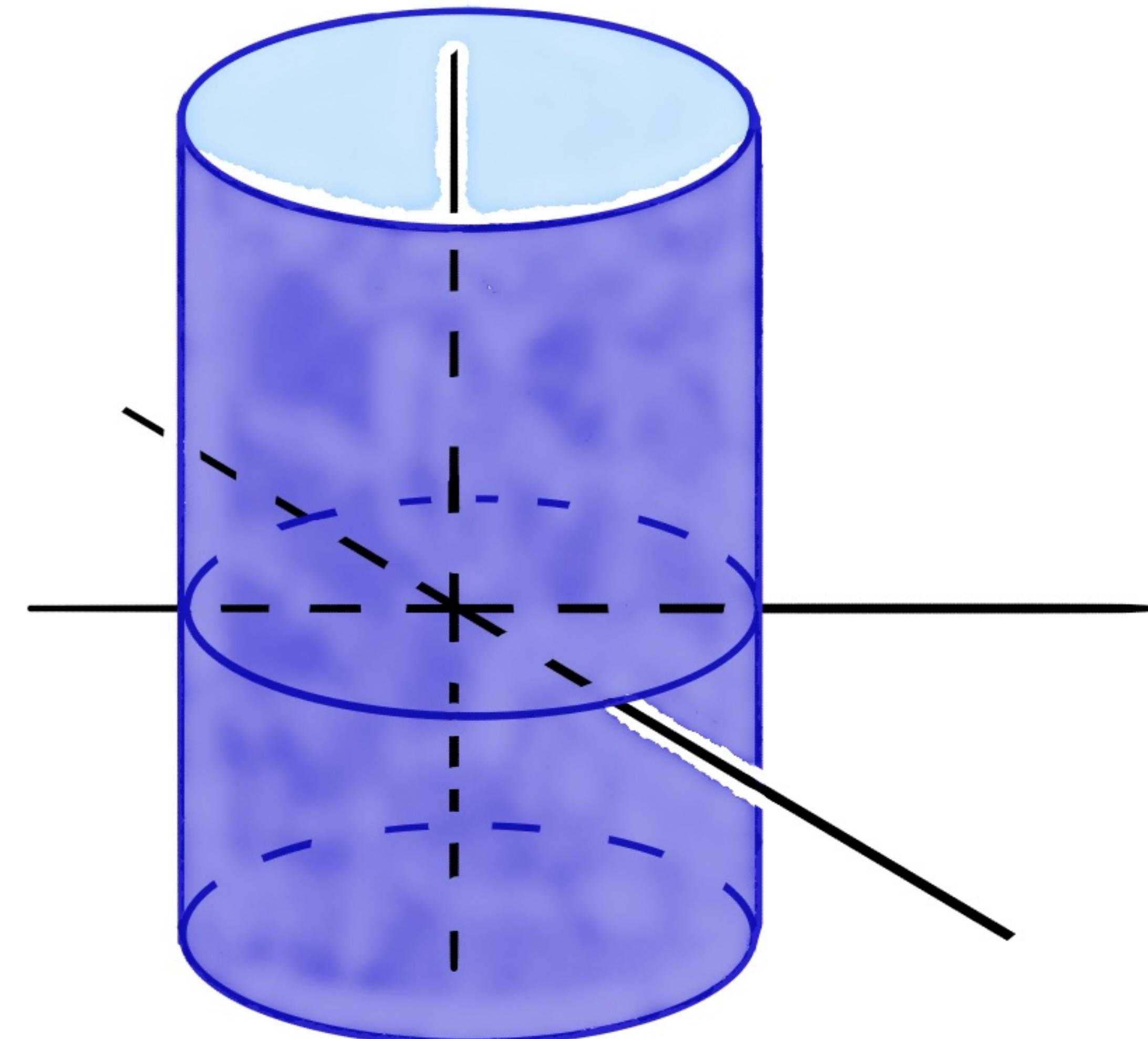


② Find the volume of the region in \mathbb{R}^3 enclosed by a sphere of radius a .

③ Find the volume of the region in \mathbb{R}^3
 above the xy -plane, below the surface
 $z = 9 - x^2 - y^2$, and contained in the
 cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$.



$$z = 9 - x^2 - y^2$$



$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$