

Ising model for ferromagnets \longrightarrow Ising model for melt ponds

Ma, Sudakov, Strong, Golden, *New J. Phys.*, 2019

$$\mathcal{H} = - \sum_i^N H_i s_i - J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle}^N s_i s_j \quad s_i = \begin{cases} \uparrow & +1 \text{ water (spin up)} \\ \downarrow & -1 \text{ ice (spin down)} \end{cases}$$

random magnetic field
represents snow topography

magnetization M pond area fraction $F = \frac{(M+1)}{2}$ only nearest neighbor patches interact

$\sim \text{albedo}$

Starting with random initial configurations, as Hamiltonian energy is minimized by Glauber spin flip dynamics, system “flows” toward metastable equilibria.

Order from Disorder