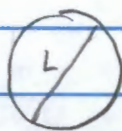
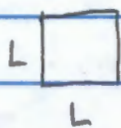


Fractal Dimension

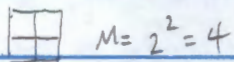
Sierpinski Gasket

two dim

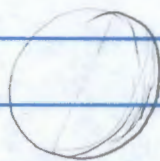
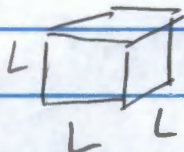


$$\text{Mass} = \text{Area} = L^2$$

$$\text{Mass} = \pi \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) L^2$$

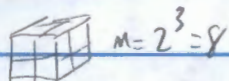


three dim



$$\text{Mass} = \text{Vol} = L^3$$

$$\text{Mass} = \frac{4}{3} \pi \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) L^3$$



$$M = c L^d$$

$d = \text{dimension}$

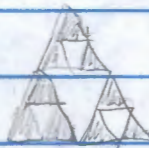
density

$$\rho = \frac{M}{L^d} = c L^{d-2}$$

For a fractal
replace d by d_f

fractal
dimension

$$\log \rho = \underbrace{(d_f - 2)}_{\text{slope}} \log L + \text{const}$$



$$L = 2^0$$

$$L = 2^1$$

$$L = 2^2$$

$$M = 3^0$$

$$M = 3^1$$

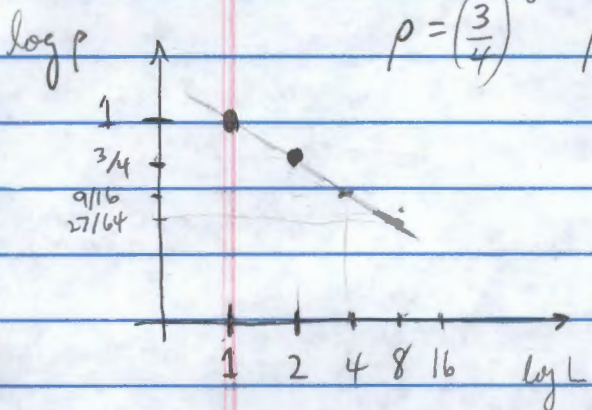
$$M = 3^2$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^0$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^1$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\rho \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } L \rightarrow \infty$$



$$\text{slope} = \frac{\log(3/4) - \log 1}{\log 2 - \log 1} = \frac{\log 3 - 2 \log 2}{\log 2}$$

$$d_f = 1.58...$$

$$= \frac{\log 3}{\log 2} - 2$$