

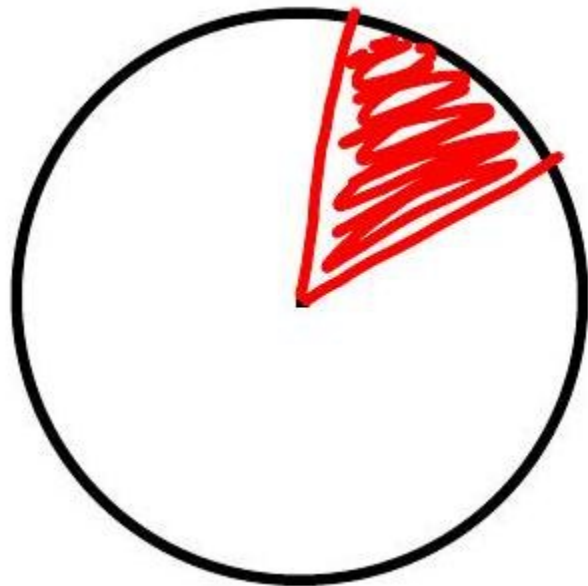
# Math 1220 #29

## Calculus in Polar Coordinates

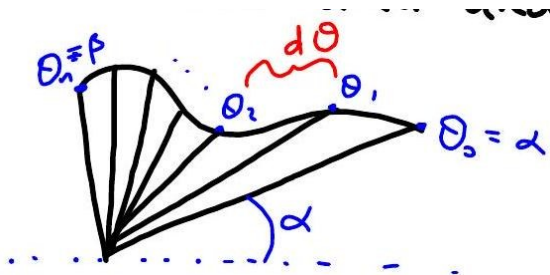
Calculus in Polar Coordinates

Begin with the area of a sector of a circle:

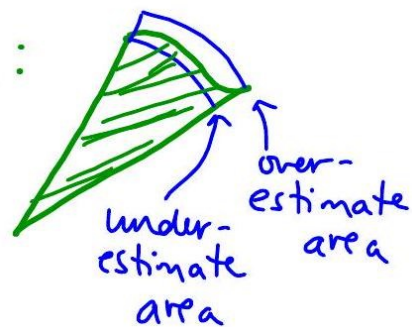
$A =$



To find area under a curve in the plane



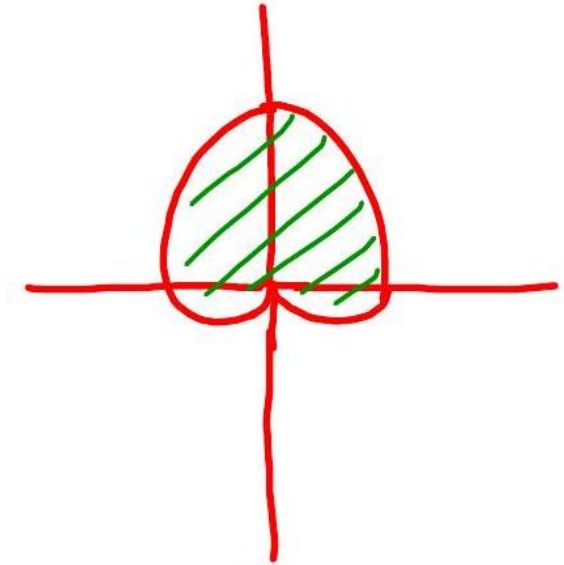
zoom in:



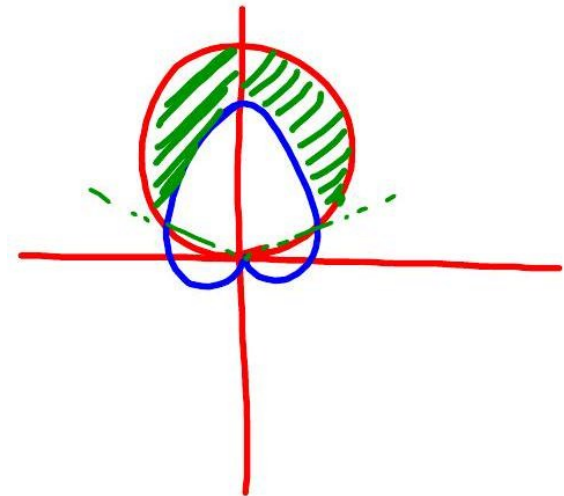
**EX 1**

Find the area inside  $r = 3 + 3\sin\theta$

Cardioid

**EX 2**

Find the area inside  $r = 3\sin\theta$  (circle) and outside  $r = 1 + \sin\theta$  (cardioid).



# Tangent line slope on a polar curve

$m = \frac{dy}{dx}$  in rectangular coordinates

$$\text{polar coords } r = f(\theta) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \begin{cases} y = r \sin \theta = f(\theta) \sin \theta \\ x = r \cos \theta = f(\theta) \cos \theta \end{cases}$$

## EX 3

Find the slope of the tangent line to  $r = 2 - 3\sin \theta$  at  $\theta = \pi/6$ .

## EX 4

For what values of  $\theta$  will the tangent line to  $r = 2 - 3\sin \theta$  be horizontal?