

The volume of a solid right prism or cylinder is the area of the base times the height.



Volume of one penny:

Volume of a stack of pennies:

### **Disk Method**

How would we find the volume of a shape like this?



EX 1 Find the volume of the solid of revolution obtained by revolving the region bounded by  $y = \sqrt{x}$ , the *x*-axis and the line x=9 about the *x*-axis.



EX 2 Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region enclosed by  $x = \frac{2}{y}$ , y = 2, y = 6, and x = 0 about the *y*-axis.



#### Washer Method

How would we find the volume of a washer?





EX 3 Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving about the x-axis the

EX 4 Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving about the line y = 2the region in the first quadrant bounded by these parabolas and the y-axis. (Hint: Always measure radius from the axis of revolution.)

$$3x^2 - 16y + 48 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 16y + 80 = 0$$

#### Shell Method

How would we find the volume of a label we peel off a can?



EX 5 Find the volume of the solid generated when the region bounded by these three equations is revolved about the *y*-axis.



EX 6 Find the volume of the solid generated when the region in the first quadrant bounded by these equations is revolved about the *y*-axis in two ways.



EX 7 Find the volume of the solid generated when the region in the first quadrant bounded by these equations is revolved about the line x = 3.



- EX 8 A region, *R* is shown below. Set up an integral for the volume obtained by revolving *R* about the given line.
  - a) The y-axis
  - b) The x-axis
  - c) The line y = 3

3 x=f(y) C ..... 

