

<u>Present Value</u> of an annuity: We calculate this when we leave a lump sum of dollars in an account and make regular withdrawals (like what happens after a person retires.)

ordinary annuity

annuity due

withdrawals occur at the end of each period.

withdrawals occur at the beginning of each period.

Ex 1: You want to withdraw \$1000 at the end of each year from an account that earns 10% interest compounded annually for 4 years. How much needs to be in the account from the start?

$$S = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} \qquad r_c = \frac{r}{n}$$
$$N = nt$$

After 1st year:

After 2<sup>nd</sup> year:

After 3rd year:

After 4th year:

Present Value of an Ordinary Annuity Present Value of an Annuity Due

$$P = R\left[\frac{1 - (1 + r_c)^{-N}}{r_c}\right] \qquad P_{due} = \left[\frac{R(1 + r_c)(1 - (1 + r_c)^{-N})}{r_c}\right]$$

Ex 2: Find PV of an annuity that pays \$4000 at the end of each month from an account that earns 8% interest compounded monthly for 25 years.

Ex 3: An inheritance of \$500,000 will provide how much at the end of each year for 20 years if money is worth 7.2% compounded annually?

Deferred Annuity: The first payment is deferred until a later date at which point regular payments are made.

P = PV of deferred annuity

m = number of periods of deferment

N = number of regular withdrawals

R = payment each period

$$P = \frac{R(1 - (1 + r_c)^{-N})}{r_c(1 + r_c)^m}$$

Ex 4: Carol received a trust fund inheritance of \$10,000 on her  $30^{th}$  birthday. She plans to use it to supplement her income with 20 quarterly payments beginning on her  $60^{th}$  birthday. If money is worth 8.1% compounded quarterly, how much will each payment be?

Ex 5: A lottery prize worth \$1,800,000 is awarded in payments of \$10,000 at the beginning of each month for 15 years. Suppose money is worth 6.6% monthly. What is the real value of the prize?