

Math 1050 ~ College Algebra

11 Polynomial Inequalities

Graphical Interpretations of Equations and Inequalities

EX 1

Given this graph of $f(x)$ and $g(x)$, determine the values of x for which each of these is true.

1a)

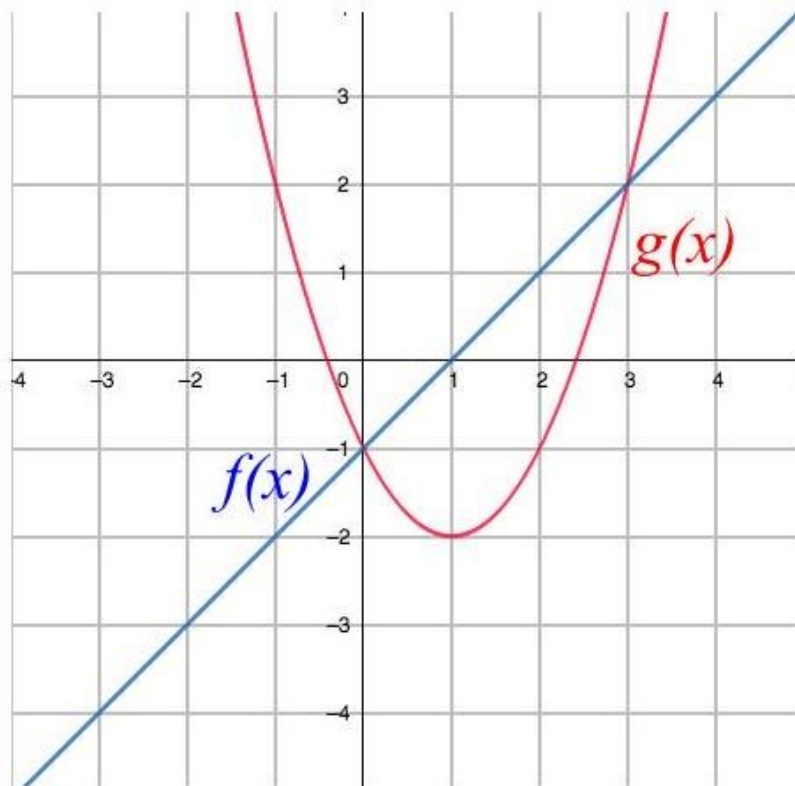
$$f(x) = g(x)$$

1b)

$$f(x) < g(x)$$

1c)

$$f(x) > g(x)$$



Analytical Solution of Polynomial Inequalities

EX 2

Given $f(x) = x^2 - 4$ and $g(x) = x + 2$, determine the values of x for which each of these is true by doing the math.

2a)

$$f(x) = g(x)$$

2b)

$$f(x) < g(x)$$

2c)

$$f(x) > g(x)$$

As the functions get more complicated, it is convenient to use a **sign line** to sort it out.

Directions for Using a Sign Line

- a) Write the inequality as a function, f , with zero on the right side.
- b) Determine the zeros of f and place them on a number line.
- c)
- d) Choose a test value in each of the intervals on the number line.
- e) Determine the sign of f for each test value, writing that sign above that interval.
- f) Your solution is the interval(s) that correspond to the inequality.

EX 3

Follow the steps above to solve these inequalities.

3a)

$$x^2 + 2x > 3$$

3b)

$$-3x^2 - 2x \geq -x^2 + x - 2$$

EX 4

Solve this inequality by each method.

4a)

Graphically $(x - 1)^2 - 2 > -x^2 + 3$

4b)

Analytically $(x - 1)^2 - 2 > -x^2 + 3$

