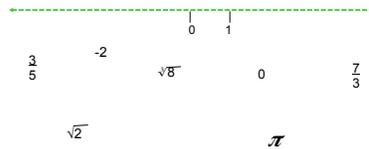


## Section 1.1: Sets and Real Numbers

## Objectives:

- ◆ Understand the set of real numbers and the subsets of real numbers.
- ◆ Order numbers on the real number line.
- ◆ Determine the distance between two numbers on the real number line.
- ◆ Determine the absolute value of a real number.



## The Real Number System

Natural numbers

Whole numbers

Integers

Rational numbers

Irrational numbers

Real numbers

 $\approx$  means approximately equal to.

① Example:

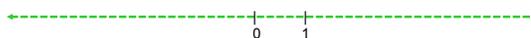
To which set(s) do each of these numbers belong?

$\frac{3}{5}$    -2    $\sqrt[3]{8}$     $\pi$     $\sqrt{2}$    0    $\frac{7}{3}$

- a. Natural
- b. Whole
- c. Integers
- d. Rational
- e. Irrational

② Example:

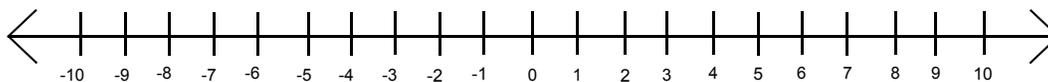
Put each of the numbers above on this number line.



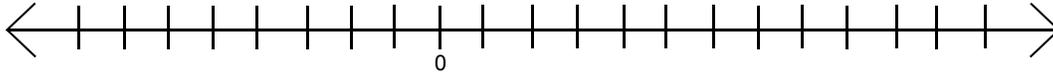
$a < b$  means:

$a > b$  means:

The distance between two points:



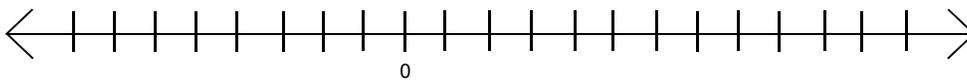
The opposite of a number:



The absolute value of a number:

$$|a| = a \text{ if } a \geq 0$$

$$|a| = -a \text{ if } a < 0$$



- ③ Example:
- a)  $|-5| =$
  - b)  $-|5| =$
  - c)  $|5| =$
  - d)  $-|5| =$

④ Example: Find the opposite of each number and the absolute value of each number.

- a) -32
- b) 17