Instructions:

- There is a two hours time limit to complete the midterm. The time limit is enforced on the honor system, do not spend the entire weekend thinking about the problems.
- Verbal or electronic collaborations are not allowed.
- Notes, books, electronic material are not allowed.
- 1. Show that

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos x - 1}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

HINT: On one of the contour integral use a Taylor series expansion to obtain an estimate.

- 2. Consider the complex potential  $f(z) = Az^{3/2}$  with  $A \in \mathbb{R}$ . The resulting flow is called a corner flow (2D irrotational, inviscid, incompressible). Take the principal branch of the logarithm only (positive root) and take the branch cut to be  $(0, \infty)$ .
  - (a) Using the polar representation of z, find the potential  $\Phi$  and the streamfunction  $\Psi$ .
  - (b) Find the separatrix of the flow, i.e. the streamlines with  $\Psi(r, \theta) = 0$ .
  - (c) A cylinder is introduced at the origin. Modify the flow so that it flows around the cylinder.
  - (d) Calculate the lift and the drag on the cylinder.
- 3. Find all the possible Laurent expansions of the function  $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-i)(z-2)}$  at z = 0. HINT: First find the different regions where f(z) is analytic.
- 4. Consider the function  $f(z) = \sqrt{z(z-1)}$ . Find one branch cut structure and describe f(z) on its branches.
- 5. Let f(z) be an entire function such that there exists a constant M, an R > 0 and an integer  $n \ge 1$  with  $|f(z)| \le M|z|^n$  for |z| > R. Show that f(z) is a polynomial of degree at most n.