

## $\sin ^{2} u+\cos ^{2} u=1$

$\sin 2 u=2 \sin u \cos u$

$$
\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}
$$

$c^{2}=a^{2}+b^{2}-2 a b \cos C$


## Math 1060 ~ Trigonometry

24 Curves Described by Parametric Equations

## Learning Objectives

In this section you will:

- Graph plane curves described by parametric equations.
- Analyze behavior in the graphs of parametric equations.


## Curves Described by Parametric Equations

The functions describing the curve, $C$, traditionally use $f(t)$ to represent $x$ and $g(t)$ to represent $y$. The independent variable $t$ in this case is called a parameter.
The system of equations $\left\{\begin{array}{l}x=f(t) \\ y=g(t)\end{array}\right.$
is called a system of parametric equations. The parametrization of $C$ endows it with an orientation and the arrows on $C$ indicate the motion as values of t increase.

For example, this set of equations describes the unit circle, with the arrow indicating the orientation.

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
x=\cos t \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2 \pi \\
y=\sin t
\end{array}\right.
$$



To sketch parametric equations, a chart is often useful.
Ex 1: Draw a chart for this set of equations and plot several points.

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
x=2 t+1 \\
y=t^{2}-2
\end{array} \quad t \geq-2\right.
$$

| $t$ | $x(t)=2 t+1$ | $y(t)=t^{2}-2$ | $(x(t), y(t))$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -2 | -3 | 2 | $(-3,2)$ |
| -1 | -1 | -1 | $(-1,-1)$ |
| 0 | 1 | -2 | $(1,-2)$ |
| 1 | 3 | -1 | $(3,-1)$ |
| 2 | 5 | 2 | $(5,2)$ |



Ex 2: Plot this equation by following these steps.

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
x=-2 t^{2} \quad \text { on the interval }[-1,1] \\
y=t^{3}
\end{array}\right.
$$

a) Make a table of values.
b) Plot the points, including orientation.

| $t$ | $x(t)$ | $y(t)$ | $(x(t), y(t))$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -1 | -2 | -1 | $(-2,-1)$ |
| $-\frac{1}{2}$ | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | $-\frac{1}{8}$ | $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1}{8}\right)$ |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | $(0,0)$ |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{8}\right)$ |
| 1 | -2 | 1 | $(-2,1)$ |



Ex 3: Plot this parametric curve with orientation.

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
x=2 \cos t \\
y=1+3 \sin t
\end{array} \quad 0 \leq t \leq \frac{3 \pi}{2}\right.
$$

| $t$ | $x(t)$ | $y(t)$ | $(x(t) y(t))$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 2 | 1 | $(2,1)$ |
| $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | $2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)=\sqrt{2}$ | $1+\frac{3 \sqrt{2}}{2}$ | $\left(\sqrt{2}, 1+\frac{3 \sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \simeq(1.4,3.1)$ |
| $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | 0 | 4 | $(0,4)$ |
| $\pi$ | -2 | 1 | $(-2,1)$ |
| $\frac{3 \pi}{2}$ | 0 | -2 | $(0,2)$ |



