

INTERVALS ON A REAL NUMBER LINE

| Notation | Inequality | Graph |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [a,b] | $\mathrm{a} \leq \mathrm{x} \leq \mathrm{b}$ | $\xrightarrow[-]{\longrightarrow}$ |
| (a,b) |  | $\xrightarrow{\square}$ |
| [a,b) |  | $\xrightarrow[-------\gg 0]{ }$ |
| ( $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ ] |  | $\longrightarrow$ |
| $[\mathrm{a}, \infty$ ) |  | $\xrightarrow{-}$ |
| ( $\mathrm{a}, \infty$ ) |  | $\stackrel{+}{+}$ |
| $(-\infty, b]$ |  | ------------------->> |
| $(-\infty, b)$ |  | + |
| $(-\infty, \infty)$ |  |  |

(1) EXAMPLE:

Graph each inequality.
a) $-2 \leq x<3$

b) $x \geq-1$ or $x<-2$

c) $x>1$


## Properties of Inequalities

1. Addition and Subtraction Properites
2. Multiplication and Division Properties: Positive Quantities
3. Multiplication and Division Properties: Negative Quantities
4. Transitive Property

SOLVING LINEAR INEQUALITIES
(1) EXAMPLE:

$$
3 x+12<x+18
$$


(2)

$$
-7 \leq 5 x-2<8
$$


(3)

$$
-3 x+6 \leq 2 \quad \text { or } \quad-3 x+6 \geq 7
$$

(4)

$$
9-x \leq 3+2 x \quad \text { and } \quad 3 x-7 \leq-22
$$

