Qualifying Exam Analysis of Numerical Methods I, January 2022

Instructions: This exam is closed book, no notes, and no electronic devices or calculators are allowed. You have two hours and you will be graded on work for only 3 out of the 4 questions below. All questions have equal weight and a cumulative score of 65% or more on your 3 graded questions is considered a pass. A cumulative score of 80% or greater is considered a high pass. Indicate clearly the work and the 3 questions that you wish to be graded.

Problem 1. (Rank-One Perturbation of the Identity).

If u and v are n-vectors, the matrix $B = I + uv^*$ is known as a rank-one perturbation of the identity. Show that if B is nonsingular, then its inverse has the form $B^{-1} = I + \beta uv^*$ for some scalar β , and give an expression for β .

For what u and v is B singular? If it is singular, what is null(B)?

Problem 2. (**Properties via SVD**).

- a) Consider $A \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times n}$. Define what we mean by the singular value decomposition of A.
- b) Show that the rank of A is r, the number of nonzero singular values.
- c) Show that the largest singular value of A, call it here $\sigma_{max}(A)$, satisfies the relation

$$\sigma_{max}(A) = \max_{y \in \mathbb{C}^m, x \in \mathbb{C}^n} \frac{|y^*Ax|}{||x||_2||y||_2}.$$

Problem 3. (Properties of Projectors).

Prove algebraically:

- a) Show that if $P \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times m}$ is a nonzero projector, then $||P||_2 \geq 1$.
- b) Show that if P is an orthogonal projector, then I-2P is unitary.

Problem 4. (Hadamard's Inequality).

Prove algebraically:

Let $A \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times m}$ and let \mathbf{a}_i denote the j^{th} column of A. Then, show that,

$$|det(A)| \le \mathbf{\Pi}_{j=1}^m ||\mathbf{a}_j||_2.$$