

Name Dylan Zwick Date 5/21/09

Instructions: Please show all of your work as partial credit will be given where appropriate, **and** there may be no credit given for problems where there is no work shown. All answers should be completely simplified, unless otherwise stated. (**Note:** This quiz is on both sides of the paper.)

1. Find each limit, if it exists. (5 pts)

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x}{5x^4 - 7x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x}{5x^4 - 7x} \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{1}{x^4}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{x^4}\right)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{4}{x^2} - \frac{3}{x}}{5 - \frac{7}{x^3}} = \frac{0}{5} = 0$$

Answer 1(a):

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6x + 3\sqrt{x^3} - 5}{-\sqrt{18x^3} + 1} \quad (5 \text{ pts})$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6x + 3\sqrt{x^3} - 5}{-\sqrt{18x^3} + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{6}{\sqrt{x}} + 3 - \frac{5}{x^{3/2}}}{-\sqrt{18} + \frac{1}{x^{3/2}}} = \frac{0 + 3 - 0}{-\sqrt{18} + 0} = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{18}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Answer 1(b):

2. State whether this function is continuous or not. If the function is discontinuous, give the x-values where the discontinuities occur and also state why it's discontinuous.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 16}{x + 4}$$

continuous: Yes or No (circle one) (1 pt)

If no: it's discontinuous when $x = -4$ (1 pt)

why is it discontinuous? Division by 0 (3 pts)