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Instructions: Please show all of your work as partial credit will be given where appropriate, **and** there may be no credit given for problems where there is no work shown. All answers should be completely simplified, unless otherwise stated.

1. [8 points] For $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{x}$

(a) For what x values is the function increasing? For what x values is the function decreasing?
[3 points]

$$f'(x) = x + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$f'(x) < 0 \text{ for } x < -1$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \text{ when } x = -1$$

$$f'(x) > 0 \text{ for } -1 < x < 0, x > 0$$

$$f''(x) = 1 - \frac{2}{x^3}$$

$$f''(x) > 0 \text{ for } x < 0 \text{ and } x > \sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$f''(x) = 0 \text{ when } x = \sqrt[3]{2} \quad f''(x) < 0 \text{ for } 0 < x < \sqrt[3]{2}$$

Increasing: $[-1, 0)$ and $(0, \infty)$

Decreasing: $(-\infty, -1]$

(b) Find all local min and max **point(s)**. (Both x and y values) [2 points]

$$f'(x) = 0 \text{ when } x = -1$$

Max point(s): None

$$f''(x) = 3 \text{ when } x = -1$$

Min point(s): $(-1, \frac{3}{2})$

(c) For what x values is the function concave up?

For what x values is the function concave down? [2 points]

Concave up: $(-\infty, 0), [\sqrt[3]{2}, \infty)$

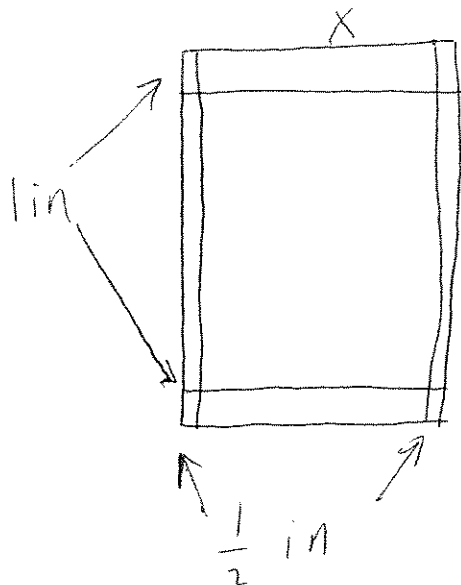
Concave down: $(0, \sqrt[3]{2}]$

(d) Find all x -values of inflection point(s). [1 point]

x -value(s) of inflection point(s): $x = \sqrt[3]{2}$

Note: As $f(x)$ is undefined at $x=0$, $x=0$ is not an inflection point. However, if you put $x=0, \sqrt[3]{2}$ I gave you 1 point.

2. [7 points] The page of a book is to have a total area of 100 square inches, with 1-inch margins at the bottom and top and $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch margin at the sides. Find the dimensions of the page which will allow the largest printed area.



$$P = (x-1)(y-2)$$

$$xy = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{100}{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(x) &= (x-1)\left(\frac{100}{x} - 2\right) \\ &= 100 - 2x - \frac{100}{x} + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(x) = 102 - 2x - \frac{100}{x}$$

$$P'(x) = \frac{100}{x^2} - 2, \quad P''(x) = -\frac{200}{x^3}$$

$$P'(x) = 0 \text{ when } x = \sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$P''(\sqrt{50}) = -\frac{200}{50^{3/2}} < 0$$

$$P''(x) < 0 \text{ for all } x > 0.$$

So, $x = 5\sqrt{2}$ is a max.

$$y = \frac{100}{5\sqrt{2}} = 10\sqrt{2}$$

Answer 2: width = $5\sqrt{2}$ in height = $10\sqrt{2}$ in