Math 2210 - Exam 3

University of Utah Fall 2008

Name:		

Instructor: Dylan Zwick

- 1. (20 points) *Multiple Integrals*Calculate the following integrals:
 - (a) (3 points)

$$\int_0^\pi \int_0^1 x \sin y dx dy$$

(b) (4 points)

$$\int_0^2 \int_{-x}^x e^{-x^2} dy dx$$

(c) (4 points)

$$\int \int_{S} \sqrt{4 - x^2 - y^2} dA$$

where S is the first quadrant sector of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ between y = 0 and y = x.

(d) (4 points)

$$\int_0^2 \int_1^z \int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{x}{z}}} 2xyzdydxdz$$

(e) (5 points)

Calculate the volume of the solid bounded by the cylinders $x^2=y$ and $z^2=y$ and the plane y=1.

2. (8 points)

Find the minimum distance between the origin and the surface:

$$x^2y - z^2 + 9 = 0.$$

3. (7 points)

Evaluate:

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \int_0^1 \frac{8x}{(x^2 + y^2 + 1)^2} dy dx.$$

Hint: Reverse the order of integration.

$$\operatorname{Recall} \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} = \arctan x + C$$

4. (8 points)

Find the area of the surface that is the part of $z=9-x^2-y^2$ above the plane z=5. Make a sketch of the surface. (Probably best to make the sketch before calculating the surface area.)

5. (7 points)

Write the iterated integral:

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^{4-2y} \int_0^{4-2y-z} f(x, y, z) dx dz dy$$

as an integral with the order of integration dzdydx.