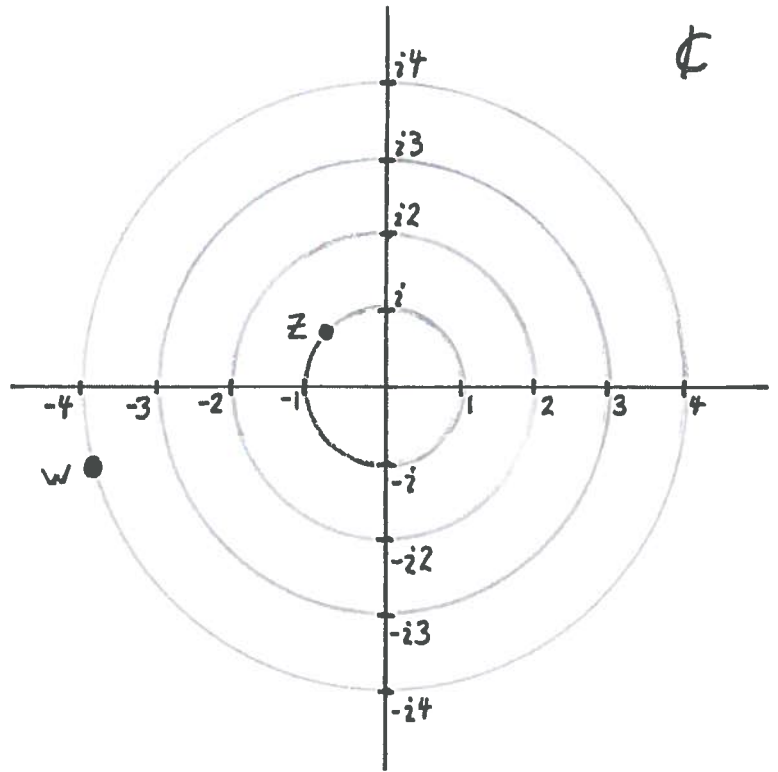


Polar Coordinates and Multiplication

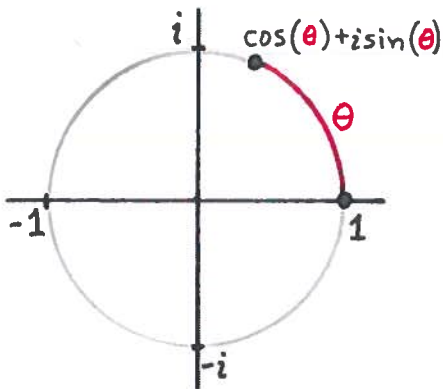
I. Multiplying a complex number by a real number scales the complex number.

1.) Put a dot on $3z$.

2.) Put an X on $\frac{1}{2}w$.

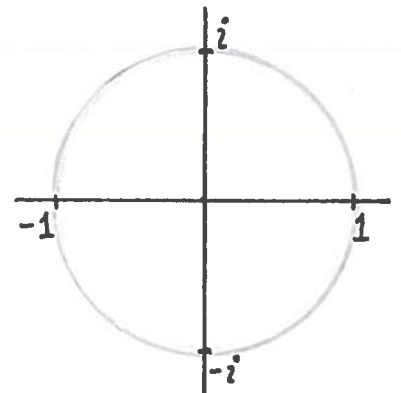


II. The unit circle in the complex plane are the numbers $\cos(\theta) + i\sin(\theta)$ where $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$.



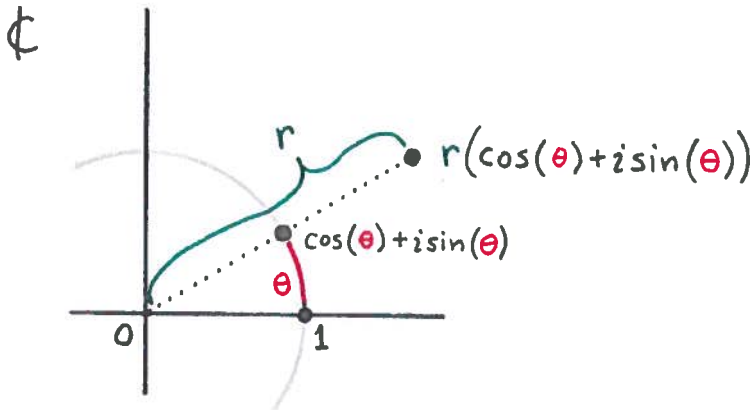
3.) Put a dot on $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

4.) Put an X on $\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$



III. Any complex number can be written as

$r(\cos(\theta) + i\sin(\theta))$ where $r \geq 0$ and $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$.



- r is the norm of the complex number, its distance from 0.
- θ is the angle between the complex number and 1, measured at 0.

5.) Write $2 + i3$ in polar coordinates.

6.) Write $3 + i4$ in polar coordinates.

7.) Put a dot on

$$2\left(\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)\right).$$

8.) Put an X on

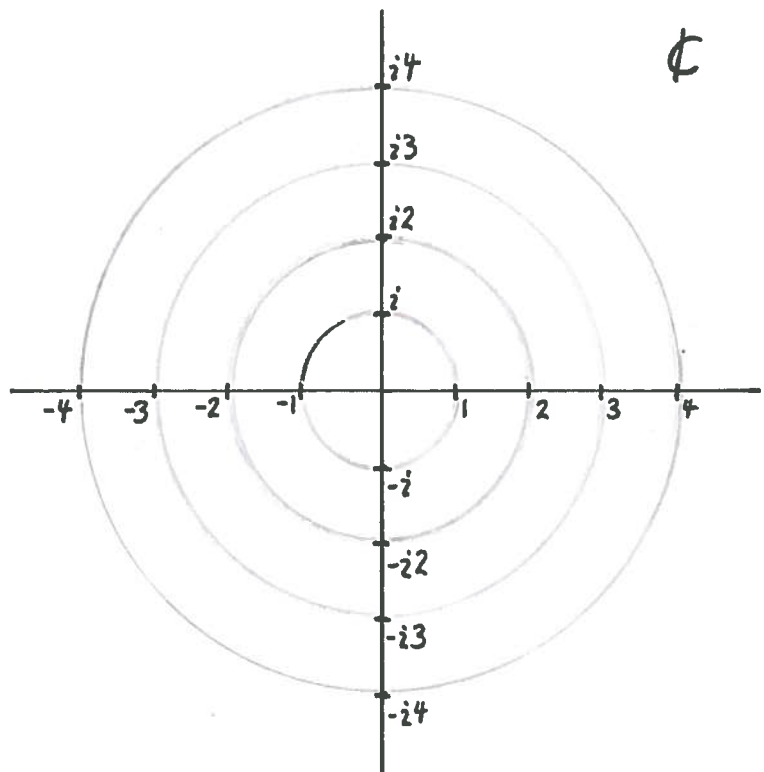
$$4\left(\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)\right).$$

9.) Put a Δ on

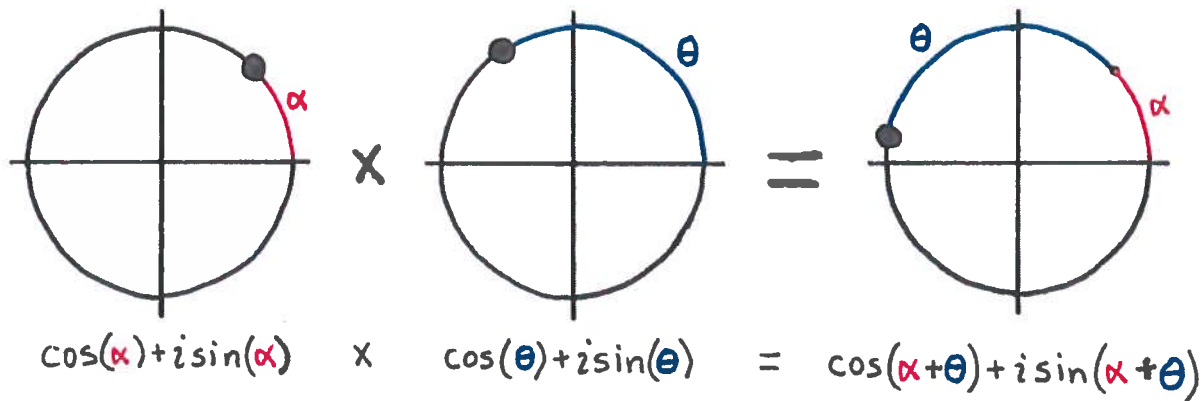
$$\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right).$$

10.) Put a \square on

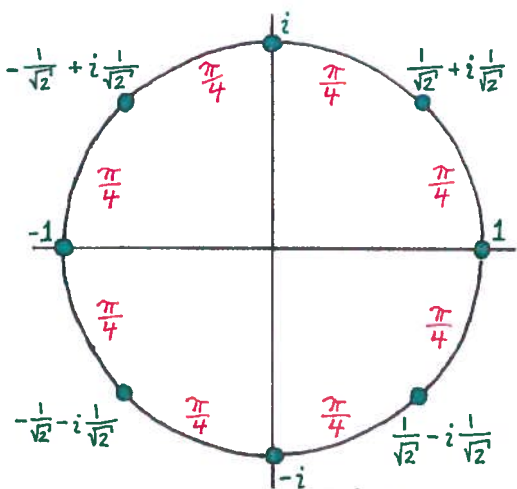
$$3\left(\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)\right).$$



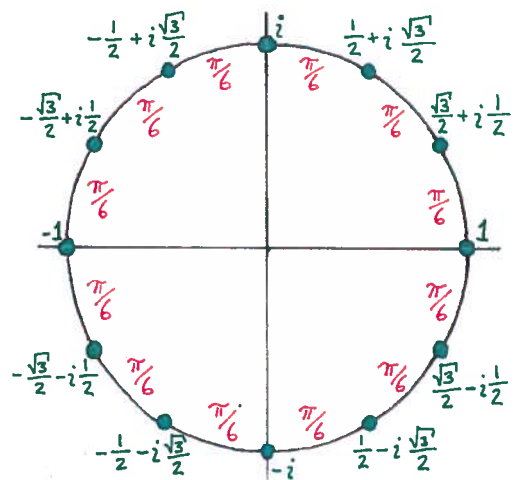
IV. To multiply complex numbers on the unit circle,
add their angles.



- 11.) Find $[\cos(4) + i\sin(4)][\cos(3) + i\sin(3)]$
- 12.) Find $[\cos(2) + i\sin(2)][\cos(13) + i\sin(13)]$
- 13.) Find $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + i\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - i\frac{1}{2}\right)$
- 14.) Find $\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - i\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$
- 15.) Find $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + i\frac{1}{2}\right)^7$
- 16.) Find $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^6$



The 8 8th roots of unity



The 12 12th roots of unity

V. To multiply complex numbers, multiply their norms and add their angles.

17.) Find $2(\cos(3) + i\sin(3)) 4(\cos(7) + i\sin(7))$.

18.) Find $3(\cos(8) + i\sin(8)) 7(\cos(5) + i\sin(5))$.

VI. Multiplying by $r(\cos(\theta) + i\sin(\theta))$ scales by r and rotates by θ .

19.) Put a dot on

$3(\cos(\pi) + i\sin(\pi)) z$.

20.) Put an X on

$(\cos(-\frac{\pi}{2}) + i\sin(-\frac{\pi}{2})) z$.

21.) Put a Δ on

$(\cos(\frac{\pi}{6}) + i\sin(\frac{\pi}{6})) w$.

22.) Put a \square on

$\frac{1}{2}(\cos(\frac{\pi}{4}) + i\sin(\frac{\pi}{4})) w$.

