

## Equations in one variable

Circle those equations  
that have no solution

1.)  $e^{2x} = 3$

2.)  $\log_e(x-4) = 5$

3.)  $\sqrt{2x-1} = -3$

4.)  $e^{3x-4} = 0$

5.)  $(2x-5)^2 = 0$

6.)  $\log_e(2x-1) = -7$

7.)  $e^{4x} = -5$

8.)  $(2x + \frac{1}{x})^2 = -4$

Find the implied domains  
of the equations

9.)  $e^{x^2-3x} = 4$

10.)  $(3x^4-2x)^2 = 3$

11.)  $\log_e(x-7) = -10$

12.)  $\log_2(x-4) + \log_2(x+3) = 1$

Simplify

13.)  $e^x e^{x+1}$

14.)  $\log_e(x+2) + \log_e(x-4)$

15.)  $(e^{x-3})^2$

16.)  $\log_e(x) - \log_e(x-1)$

Write the next step in  
solving each equation

17.)  $e^{3x-7} = 2$

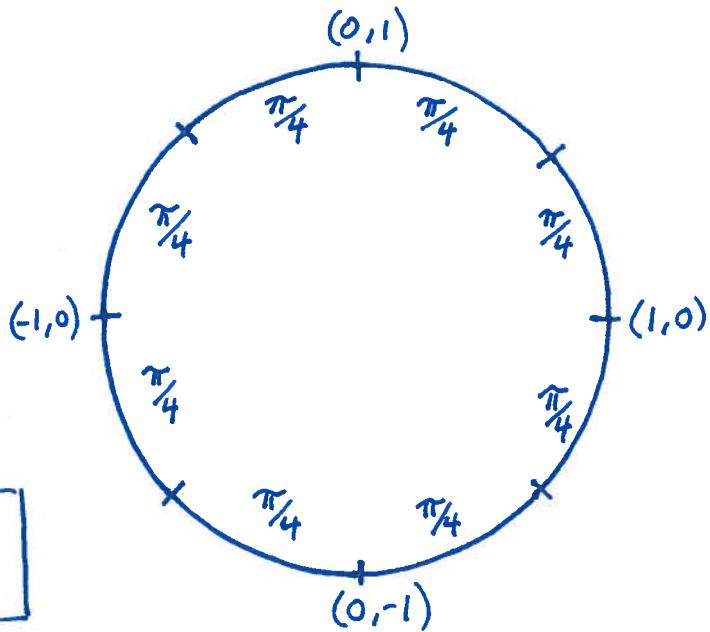
18.)  $\log_e(2x-4) = 3$

19.)  $(2x-7)^2 = 25$

20.)  $\log_e(x+1) = \log_e(3)$

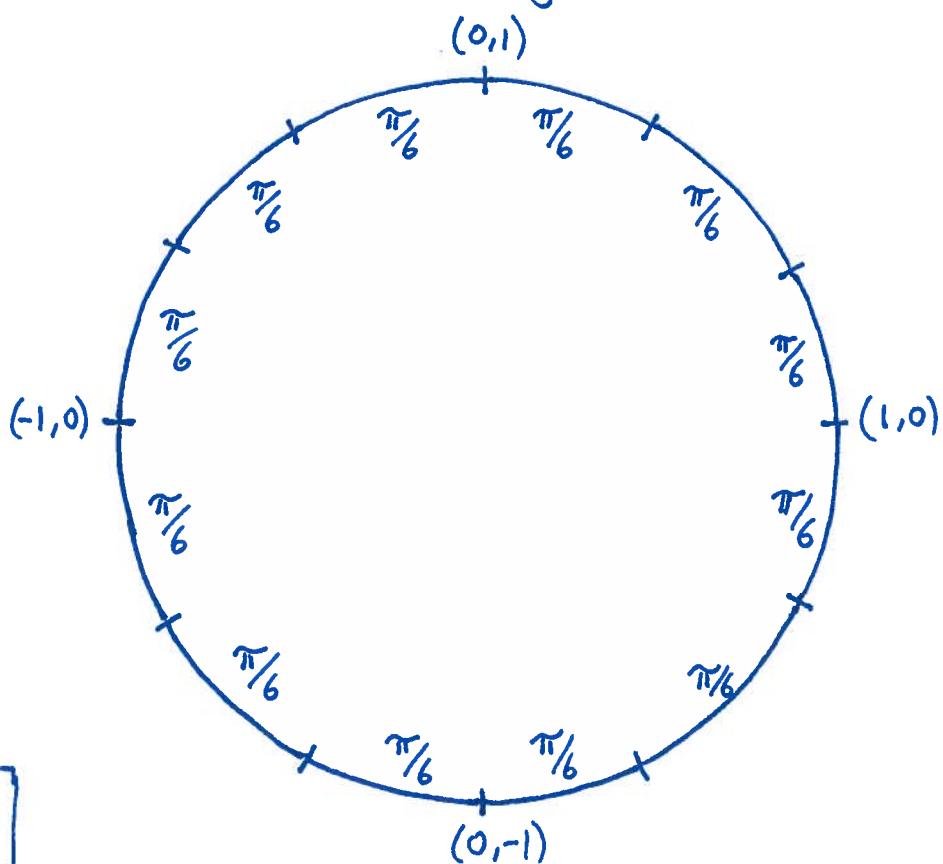
## Angles

What's the only positive number you'll use to write the coordinates of the unlabelled points below?



$$\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) =$$

Which are the only two positive numbers you'll use to label the coordinates below?  
Which of the two is greatest?

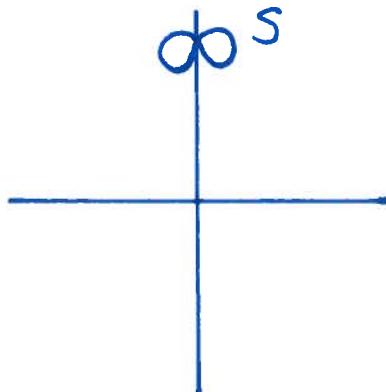


$$\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right) =$$

## Polar Coordinates

- 1.) What's the norm of  $(-2, 7)$ ?
- 2.) What's the norm of  $(3, -1)$ ?
- 3.) Write  $(-2, 7)$  in polar coordinates.
- 4.) Write  $(3, -1)$  in polar coordinates.
- 5.) Rotate  $3(\cos(4), \sin(4))$  counterclockwise by an angle of  $7$ .
- 6.) Rotate  $2(\cos(10), \sin(10))$  clockwise by an angle of  $6$ .

- 7.) Draw  $R_{\frac{\pi}{2}}(s)$  and  $R_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}(s)$  on the axes to the right.



8.) Write  $R_{-\frac{\pi}{3}}$  as a matrix.

9.) Write  $R_{\frac{5\pi}{4}}$  as a matrix.

10.) Rotate  $(5,7)$  clockwise by an angle of  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ .

11.) Rotate  $(3,11)$  cunterclockwise by an angle of  $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ .

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### Triangles

1.) State the Law of Sines



2.) State the Law of Cosines

