

- a. $\log(10) = 1$ since $10^1 = 10$
 b. $\log(1) = \log(10^0) = 0$ $\log(10) = 0$
 c. $\log(10^4) = 4 \log(10) = 4$
 d. $\log(100,000,000) = \log(10^8) = 8 \log(10) = 8$
 e. $\log(10^{-3}) = -3 \log(10) = -3$
 f. $\log(0.001) = \log(10^{-3}) = -3 \log(10) = -3$

2a. $\log(4^x) = 7$
 $x \log(4) = 7$
 $x = \frac{7}{\log(4)}$
 $= 11.627$

b. $3 \cdot 2^x = 384$
 $\div 3$
 $2^x = 128$
 $\log(2^x) = \log(128)$
 $x \log(2) = \log(128)$
 $x = \frac{\log(128)}{\log(2)}$
 $= 7$

c. $e^x - 4 = 16$
 $-4 \quad -4$
 $e^x = 6$
 $\log(e^x) = \log(6)$
 $x \log(e) = \log(6)$
 $\div \log(e)$
 $x = \frac{\log(6)}{\log(e)}$
 $= 1.792$

d. $1000 \cdot (1 + \frac{0.04}{12})^x = 2000$
 $\div 1000$
 $(1 + \frac{0.04}{12})^x = 2$
 $\log((1 + \frac{0.04}{12})^x) = \log(2)$
 $x \log(1 + \frac{0.04}{12}) = \log(2)$
 $x = \frac{\log(2)}{\log(1 + \frac{0.04}{12})}$
 $= 208.291$

3.

$$A(t) = P \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\text{APR}}{n}\right)^{n \cdot y}$$

$$110,000 = 70,000 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{0.07}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot y}$$

$$\div 70,000$$

$$\frac{110,000}{70,000} = \left(1 + \frac{0.07}{12}\right)^{12y}$$

$$\log\left(\frac{110,000}{70,000}\right) = \log\left(\left(1 + \frac{0.07}{12}\right)^{12y}\right)$$

$$\log\left(\frac{110,000}{70,000}\right) = 12y \log\left(1 + \frac{0.07}{12}\right)$$

$$\div \log\left(1 + \frac{0.07}{12}\right)$$

$$\frac{\log\left(\frac{110,000}{70,000}\right)}{\log\left(1 + \frac{0.07}{12}\right)} = 12y$$

$$\frac{\log\left(\frac{110,000}{70,000}\right)}{12 \cdot \log\left(1 + \frac{0.07}{12}\right)} = y$$

$$y = 6.476 \text{ years}$$

$$6.476 \text{ years} \cdot \frac{12 \text{ mo}}{1 \text{ year}} = 5.709 \text{ months}$$

So 6 years & 6 months

4a. $Q(t) = Q_0 \cdot (1+r)^t$

$$2 = 1 \cdot (1+0.07)^t$$

$$\log(2) = \log((1+0.07)^t)$$

$$\log(2) = t \log(1+0.07)$$

$$t = \frac{\log(2)}{\log(1.07)} = \boxed{10.245 \text{ weeks}}$$

b. 5 months $\cdot \frac{4 \text{ weeks}}{1 \text{ month}} = 20 \text{ weeks}$

Method 1:

$$Q(t) = 1000 \cdot (1+0.07)^t$$

$$Q(20) = 1000 \cdot (1+0.07)^{20} = 3869.68$$

So 3869 jellyfish

Method 2:

$$Q(t) = 1000 \cdot 2^{t/10.245}$$

$$Q(20) = 1000 \cdot 2^{20/10.245} = 3869.68$$

So 3869 jellyfish

c. $1,000,000 = 1,000 \cdot (1+0.07)^t$

$$\div 1000$$

$$1000 = (1+0.07)^t$$

$$\log(1000) = \log((1+0.07)^t)$$

$$3 = t \log(1+0.07)$$

$$t = \frac{3}{\log(1.07)} = \boxed{102.097 \text{ weeks}}$$