

Assume  $EXP(\theta, \pi)$  population.

Derive a GLR test of  $H_0: \theta = 4$  vs.  $H_0: \theta > 4$ .

Step 1: Find MLEs under  $H_0 \cup H_A: \theta \geq 4, \pi \in \mathbb{R}$ .

$$L(\theta, \pi) = \prod \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{(x_i - \pi)}{\theta}} \mathbb{1}\{x_i \geq \pi\}$$
$$= \frac{1}{\theta^n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{\theta}(\sum x_i - n\pi)\right] \mathbb{1}\{x_{1:n} \geq \pi\}$$

No matter what  $\theta > 0$  is,  $\hat{\pi} = x_{1:n}$  is the best choice for  $\pi$ .

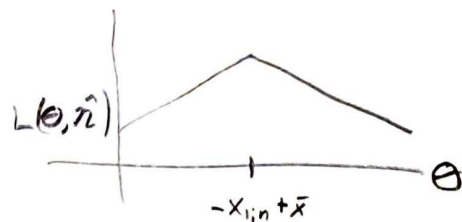
Now,  $L(\theta, \hat{\pi}) = \frac{1}{\theta^n} e^{-\frac{1}{\theta}[n\bar{x} - n\hat{\pi}]}$

$$l(\theta, \hat{\pi}) = -n \ln(\theta) - \frac{1}{\theta}[n\bar{x} - n\hat{\pi}]$$

$$\frac{d}{d\theta} l(\theta, \hat{\pi}) = -\frac{n}{\theta} + \frac{n\bar{x} - n\hat{\pi}}{\theta^2} := 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -n\theta + n\bar{x} - n\hat{\pi} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = -\hat{\pi} + \bar{x} = -x_{1:n} + \bar{x} \text{ is a critical point.}$$



$$\hat{\theta} = \max(4, -x_{1:n} + \bar{x})$$
$$\hat{\pi} = x_{1:n}$$

Step 2: Find MLEs under  $H_0$ .

$$\hat{\theta}_0 = 4$$
$$\hat{\eta}_0 = x_{(1:n)}$$

Step 3: Define  $\lambda$ .

$$\lambda(x) = \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\hat{\theta}_0} e^{-\frac{(x_i - \hat{\eta}_0)}{\hat{\theta}_0}}}{\prod_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\hat{\theta}} e^{-\frac{x_i - \hat{\eta}}{\hat{\theta}}}}$$

Step 4: The test.

Reject  $H_0$  if  $-2 \ln(\lambda) > \chi_{.95}^2(1)$  for a test with  $\alpha = 0.05$ .