

Review

1220-23

4/3/24

$$F' = f$$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a)$$

↓ ↑

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_a^x f(t) dt = f(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_a^x f(t) dt = \frac{d}{dx} (F(x) - F(a))$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} F(x) = f(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_a^x e^{-t^2} dt = e^{-x^2} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x$$

overline{1}

$$F'(z) = e^{-z^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_a^{\sin x} e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{d}{dx} (F(\sin x) - F(a))$$

$$= F'(\sin x) \cos x =$$

$$= e^{-\sin^2 x} \cos x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_a^{x^2 + \sin x} t^t - e^t dt = \left(\begin{array}{cc} x^2 + \sin x & x^2 + \sin x \\ (x^2 + \sin x) & -e \end{array} \right) (2x + \cos x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx} \int_{L(x)}^{U(x)} f(t) dt &= \frac{d}{dx} (F(U(x)) - F(L(x))) \\ &= F'(U(x)) U'(x) - F'(L(x)) L'(x) \\ &= f(U(x)) U'(x) - f(L(x)) L'(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_0^{\sin x} t^2 dt = \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{t^3}{3} \right]_0^{\sin x} = \frac{d}{dx} \frac{\sin^3 x}{3}$$

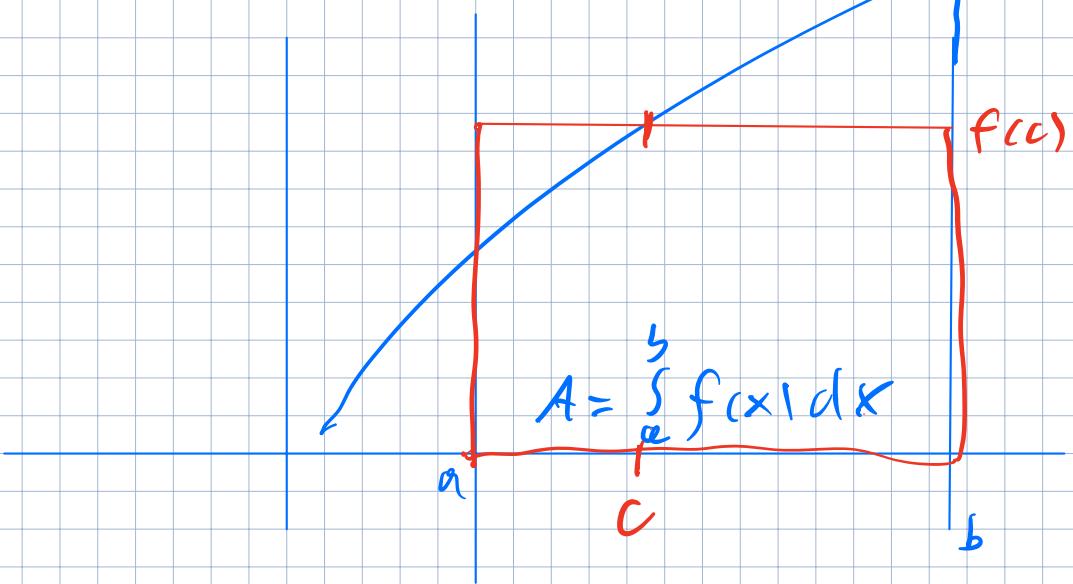
$$= \frac{3 \sin^2 x}{3} \cdot \cos x$$

$$= \sin^2 x \cos x$$

MVT integrals

exists c
in $[a, b]$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = f(c)(b-a)$$



$$A = \int_0^1 x^3 + 6x^2 + 3x + 1 \, dx$$

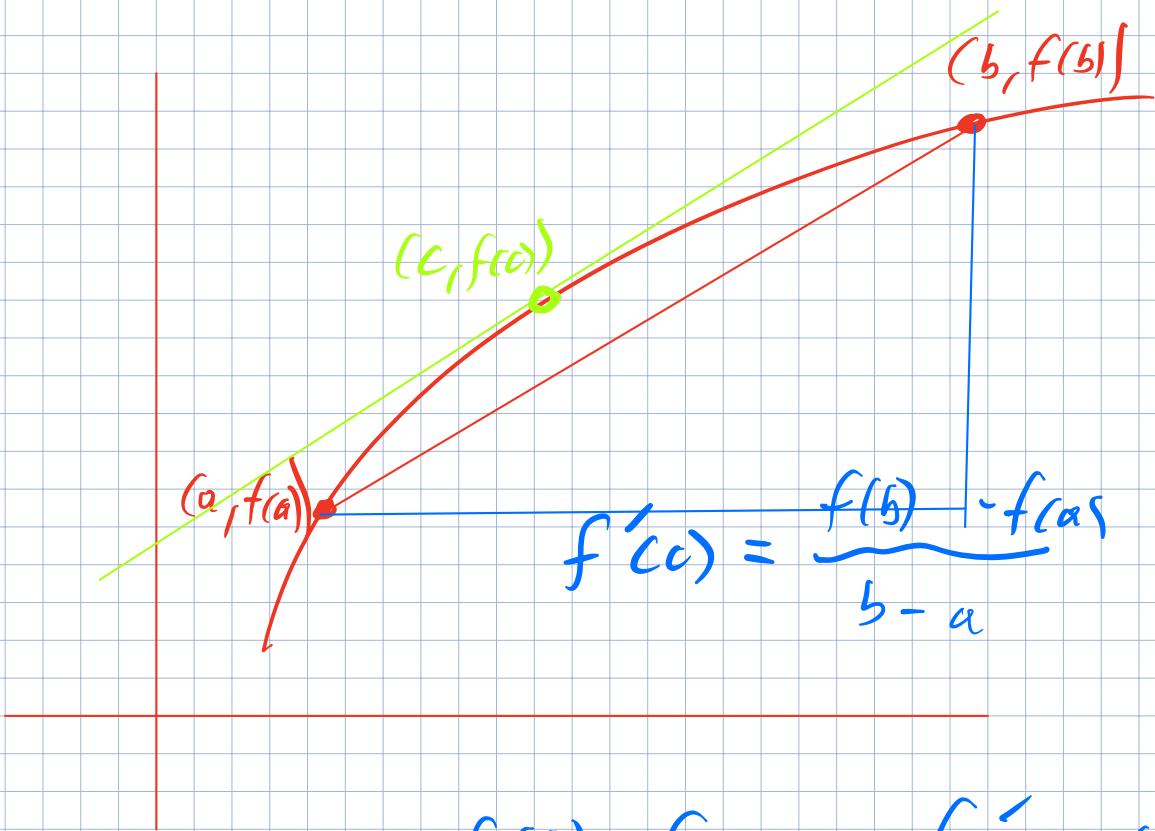
$$= \left[\frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{6}{3}x^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + x \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{6}{3} + \frac{3}{2} + 1 = \underline{\underline{3+24+18+12}}$$

$$(1-v)f(c) = \frac{19}{3}$$

$$\frac{19}{3} = (1 - \alpha) f(c)$$

$$(b-a) f(c) = A$$





$$f(b) - f(a) = f'(c)(b - a)$$

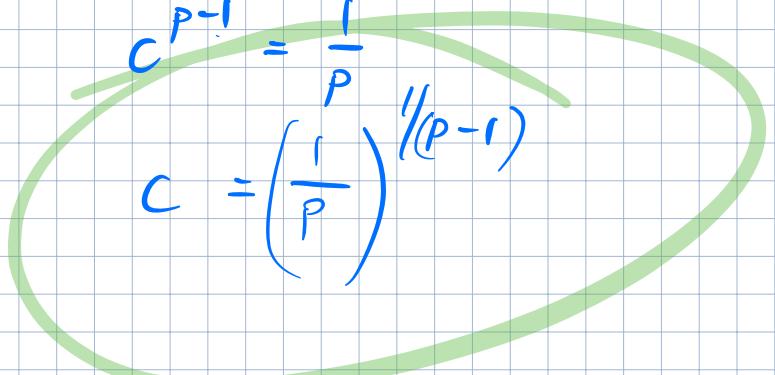


$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^p \\ f'(x) &= px^{p-1} \end{aligned} \quad [a, b] = [0, 1]$$

$$f(b) - f(a) = 1^p - 0^p = 1 = p c^{p-1} (1 - 0) =$$

$$p c^{p-1} = 1$$

$$c^{p-1} = \frac{1}{p} \quad c = \left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^{\frac{1}{p-1}}$$



$$1+2+3+\dots+n = \sum_{i=1}^{100} i$$

$$a_1+a_2+a_3+\dots+a_n = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^3 i^2 = 1+4+9 = 14$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^2 \sin i = \sin 0 + \sin 1 + \sin 2$$

$$\sum_{i=r}^n (a_i + b_i) = \sum_{i=r}^n a_i + \sum_{i=r}^n b_i$$

$$\sum k a_i = k \sum a_i$$

Optimization

