

Exercises

April 21, 2010

Exercise 1. Let $f(x, y) = \ln(x^2 + y^2 + 1)$.

- (1) Find all **local** minima and maxima of f on its domain.
- (2) Find all **global** minima and maxima of f on its domain.
- (3) Find the tangent plane to the surface $z = f(x, y)$ at $(x_0, y_0) = (1, 0)$ and find its normal vector.
- (4) Evaluate

$$\int_S f(x, y) \, dx dy,$$

where

$$S = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 9, y \geq 0\}.$$

- (5) Evaluate

$$\int_C \nabla f \cdot d\mathbf{r},$$

where

$$C : \begin{cases} x = \log(t^2 + 1) \\ y = \frac{t^6}{(e-1)^3} \end{cases} \quad 0 \leq t \leq \sqrt{e-1}.$$

Exercise 2. Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \cos(xy) \mathbf{i} + \sin(xy) \mathbf{j} + z \mathbf{k}$.

- (1) Compute $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}$ and $\nabla \times \mathbf{F}$.
- (2) Is \mathbf{F} conservative?
- (3) Evaluate

$$\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r},$$

where

$$C : \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = 1 \\ z = e^t \end{cases} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1.$$

Exercise 3. Let

$$C : \begin{cases} x = \cos(t) \\ y = \sin(t) \\ z = \cos^2(t) \end{cases} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

be a **closed** curve in 3D and let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = -y\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{j} - 2xy\mathbf{k}$ be a vector field.

(1) Show that C is an integral curve of $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z)$, that is

$$x'(t)\mathbf{i} + y'(t)\mathbf{j} + z'(t)\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{F}(x(t), y(t), z(t)).$$

(2) Evaluate

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}.$$

(3) Let

$$C : \begin{cases} x = x(t) \\ y = y(t) \\ z = z(t) \end{cases} \quad a \leq t \leq b$$

be a **closed** curve in 3D and let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z)$ be a vector field. Show that if

$$x'(t)\mathbf{i} + y'(t)\mathbf{j} + z'(t)\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{F}(x(t), y(t), z(t))$$

then

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} \geq 0.$$

Exercise 4. Let $f(x, y) = -\frac{1}{x^2+y^2+1} + x^2 + y^2$.

(1) Find all **local** minima and maxima of f on its domain.

(2) Find all **global** minima and maxima of f on its domain.

(3) Find the tangent plane to the surface $z = f(x, y)$ at $(x_0, y_0) = (1, 1)$ and find its normal vector.

(4) Evaluate

$$\int_S f(x, y) \, dx dy,$$

where

$$S = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, y \leq 0\}.$$

(5) Evaluate

$$\int_C \nabla f \cdot d\mathbf{r},$$

where

$$C : \begin{cases} x = t^{5/3} \\ y = |t| \end{cases} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1.$$

Exercise 5. Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = 2yz \mathbf{i} + 2xz \mathbf{j} + 2xy \mathbf{k}$.

- (1) Compute $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}$ and $\nabla \times \mathbf{F}$.
- (2) Show that \mathbf{F} conservative.
- (3) Find a scalar function $f(x, y, z)$ such that $\nabla f = \mathbf{F}$.

Exercise 6. Let

$$C : \begin{cases} x = \sin(2t) \\ y = 2 \\ z = \cos(2t) \end{cases} \quad 0 \leq t \leq \pi$$

be a **closed** curve in 3D and let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{4}yz \mathbf{i} - \frac{1}{4}yx \mathbf{k}$ be a vector field.

- (1) Show that

$$(x'(t) \mathbf{i} + y'(t) \mathbf{j} + z'(t) \mathbf{k}) \cdot \mathbf{F}(x(t), y(t), z(t)) = 1.$$

- (2) Evaluate

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}.$$

- (3) Let

$$C : \begin{cases} x = x(t) \\ y = y(t) \\ z = z(t) \end{cases} \quad a \leq t \leq b$$

be a **closed** curve in 3D and let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z)$ be a vector field. Show that if

$$(x'(t) \mathbf{i} + y'(t) \mathbf{j} + z'(t) \mathbf{k}) \cdot \mathbf{F}(x(t), y(t), z(t)) = 1$$

then

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = b - a.$$

Use this to show that \mathbf{F} is not conservative.

Exercise 7. Let $f(x, y) = e^{x^3+y^3-3x-3y}$.

- (1) Find all **local** minima and maxima of f on its domain.
- (2) Show that f has no **global** maximum. (**Suggestion:** Consider the restriction of $f(x, y)$ to the line $(x, y) = (t, t)$ and let t go to $+\infty$.)
- (3) Find the tangent plane to the surface $z = f(x, y)$ at $(x_0, y_0) = (0, 0)$.

(4) Evaluate

$$\int_R (x^2 - 1)(y^2 - 1)f(x, y) \, dx dy,$$

where R is the rectangle

$$R = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1\}.$$

(5) Evaluate

$$\int_C \nabla f \cdot d\mathbf{r},$$

where

$$C : \begin{cases} x = t^{100} \\ y = \log(t^2 - t + 1) \end{cases} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1.$$

Exercise 8. Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = (6x^5 + ye^{xy})\mathbf{i} + (5y^4 + xe^{xy})\mathbf{j}$.

- (1) Compute $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}$.
- (2) Show that \mathbf{F} conservative.
- (3) Find a scalar function $f(x, y)$ such that $\nabla f = \mathbf{F}$.

Exercise 9. Let

$$C : \begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(2t) + 1 \\ y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(2t) + 2 \\ z = \cos(2t) + 1 \end{cases} \quad 0 \leq t \leq \pi$$

be a **closed** curve in 3D and let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}z\mathbf{i} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}z\mathbf{j} - \sqrt{2}(x + y)\mathbf{k}$ be a vector field.

(1) Show that

$$\mathbf{F}(x(t), y(t), z(t)) = (x'(t)\mathbf{i} + y'(t)\mathbf{j} + z'(t)\mathbf{k}) + \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\mathbf{i} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\mathbf{j} + -3\sqrt{2}\mathbf{k} \right).$$

(2) Evaluate

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}.$$

(3) Let

$$C : \begin{cases} x = x(t) \\ y = y(t) \\ z = z(t) \end{cases} \quad a \leq t \leq b$$

be a **closed** curve in 3D and let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z)$ be a vector field. Show that if

$$\mathbf{F}(x(t), y(t), z(t)) = (x'(t) \mathbf{i} + y'(t) \mathbf{j} + z'(t) \mathbf{k}) + \mathbf{v},$$

where \mathbf{v} is a constant vector, and

$$|x'(t) \mathbf{i} + y'(t) \mathbf{j} + z'(t) \mathbf{k}| = 1,$$

then

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = b - a.$$

(**Suggestion:** Use that the constant vector field \mathbf{v} is conservative.)