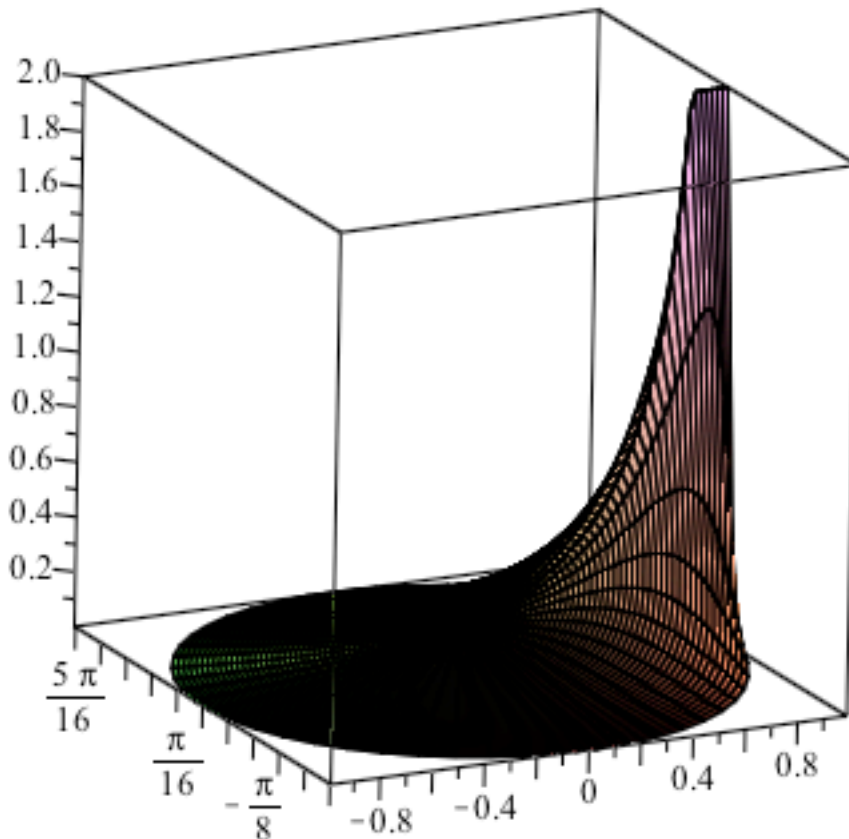


Poisson Integral formula for harmonic functions

> $pkernel := (rho, phi) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2 \cdot Pi} \cdot \frac{(1 - \rho^2)}{(1 - rho \cdot \cos(phi))^2 + \rho^2 \cdot \sin(phi)^2};$

$pkernel := (\rho, \phi) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \frac{1 - \rho^2}{\pi ((1 - \rho \cos(\phi))^2 + \rho^2 \sin(\phi)^2)}$ (1)

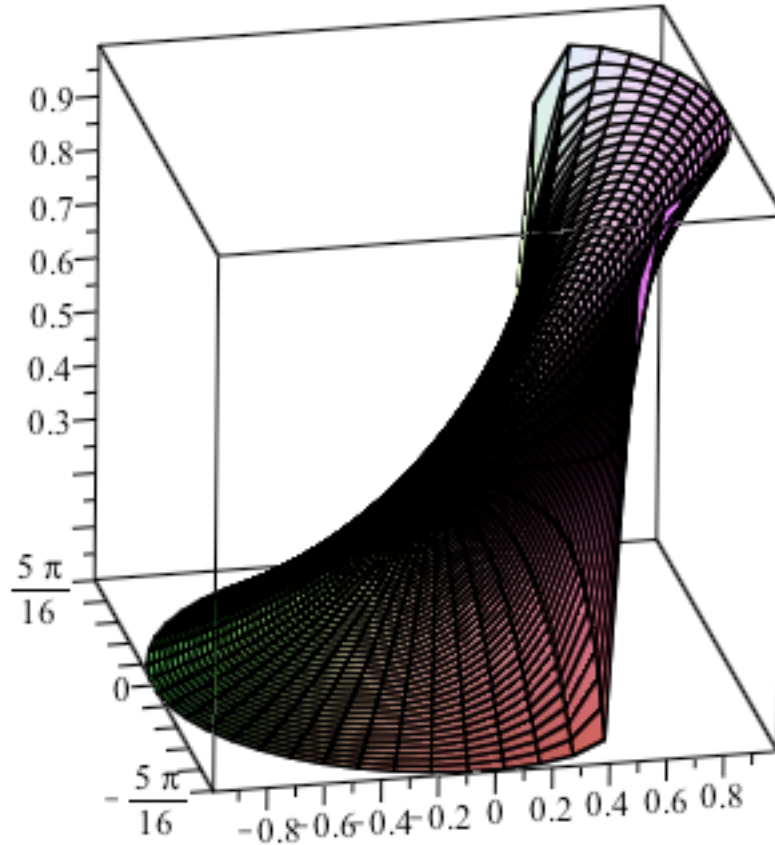
> with(plots):
 > plot3d([rho*cos(phi), rho*sin(phi), min(pkernel(rho, phi), 2)], rho = 0..(.99), phi = 0..2*Pi,
 axes = boxed, grid = [50, 50], title = `delta function heat source`);
 delta function heat source



> $hotcold := (rho, phi) \rightarrow \int_{-\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{3.0}} pkernel(rho, phi - theta), theta = -\frac{Pi}{3} .. \frac{Pi}{3.0};$

$hotcold := (\rho, \phi) \rightarrow \int_{-\frac{1}{3}\pi}^{\frac{\pi}{3.0}} pkernel(\rho, \phi - \theta) d\theta$ (2)

```
> plot3d([rho*cos(phi), rho*sin(phi), hotcold(rho, phi)], rho = 0..(.99), phi = 0..2*pi, axes = boxed, grid  
= [50, 50], title = 'hot and cold boundary temperatures');  
hot and cold boundary temperatures
```



```
>
```