Math 2270-004 Homework due February 21.

Recall that problems which are not underlined are good for seeing if you can work with the underlying concepts; only the underlined problems need to be handed in. The Wednesday quiz will be drawn from all of these concepts and from these or related problems.

3.1 Introduction to determinants

<u>1</u>, <u>3</u>, <u>9</u>, 15, <u>25</u>, <u>27</u>, <u>29</u>, <u>31</u>, 39, 40, <u>41</u>

3.2: Properties of determinants

1, 2, 3, 4, <u>5</u>, <u>21</u>, <u>25</u>, <u>27</u>, <u>29</u>, <u>31</u>, <u>33</u>, <u>39</u>

3.3: Determinants and linear transformations; adjoint formula and Cramer's rule.

3, 5, 13, 18, 21, 23, 27, 29, 31

<u>w6.1a</u>) Use Cramer's rule to re-solve for x and y in the linear system <u>w4.1c</u> from previous homework, namely

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc} 5 & 2 \\ 7 & 1 \end{array}\right] \left[\begin{array}{c} x \\ y \end{array}\right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 5 \end{array}\right] .$$

w6.1b) Compute the determinants of the two matrices in **w4.2** from previous homework, and verify that the determinant test correctly identifies the invertible matrix. The two matrices were

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & -4 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -2 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

w6.1c) Use the adjoint formula to re-find B^{-1} in **w6.1b**

 $\underline{\mathbf{w6.1d}}$ Use B^{-1} to solve the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -2 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

w6.1e) Re-solve for the y-variable in **w6.1d)**, using Cramer's Rule.