

Homework Exercises for Mathematics 6710 - Fall 2009

Chapter 1:(due Sept. 29, 2009)

Remark: The use of maple is permitted for any of these exercises as a tool (for example to find eigenvalues and eigenvectors), as long as you demonstrate an understanding of what is being done.

1. Section 1; 3, 4, 9, 10
2. Section 2; 1, 5, 6, 10
3. Section 4; 1, 2, 4
4. Section 5; 1a-d, 3, 7, 13

Chapter 2: (due Nov. 3, 2009)

1. Section 1; 11.
2. Section 2; 1, 2, 4, 6, 15, 26
3. Use the Galerkin method to approximately solve the boundary value problem

$$u'' - u = e^{-x}, \quad u(0) = 0, \quad u(1) = 0 \quad (1)$$

using the two different sets of basis functions $\{\phi_n(x)\}$:

- (a) $\phi_n(x) = \sin(n\pi x)$,
- (b) The cubic splines.

Compare the two solutions you find, using solutions with the same number of basis functions, say 6. Which of the two approximations is better? (Which gives a smaller L_2 error?)

Chapter 3 (due Nov. 24, 2009)

1. Section 2; 3
2. Section 3; 2
3. Section 4; 2, 3
4. Section 5; 2

5. One way to approximate the integral equation

$$u(x) + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} k(x, \xi)u(\xi)d\xi = f(x) \quad (2)$$

is with the point wise approximation

$$u(x_j) + \sum_k k(x_j, x_k)u(x_k)d\xi = f(x_j) \quad (3)$$

where $x_j = (j - N)h, j = 0, 1, \dots, 2N$.

- (a) Show that this approximation can be derived using a projection built with sinc functions.
 - (b) Under what conditions on $k(x, \xi)$ does this approximation converge to the solution of the integral equation, in the limit $N \rightarrow \infty$, with h fixed?
6. (a) What is the appropriate projection operator for the Galerkin method using the cubic splines? That is, define P such that $P : H \rightarrow S^h(3, 1)$, and $P^2 = P$.
- (b) Find the cubic spline approximation for the solutions of problems Section 3.2; 3a,b. (What are the approximating equations? Solve these equations in the simple case that $h = \frac{1}{2}$. How does the approximation solution compare with the exact solution?)

Chapter 4 (Due 12/14/05)

- 1. Section 1; 5, 7
- 2. Section 2; 2, 4, 10
- 3. Section 3; 3, 9, 11
- 4. Section 4; 2, 5, 8
- 5. Section 5; 5, 12