

# Homework Exercise 1 for Mathematics 6410 - Fall 2020 (due Set. 16, 2020)

1. A simple population growth model with harvesting (with an “Allee effect”) is

$$\frac{du}{dt} = \alpha u(A - u)(u - a) - hu, \quad (1)$$

where  $0 < a < A$ ,  $h \geq 0$ .

- (a) Nondimensionalize this equation in such a way (with nondimensional variables  $U$  and  $\tau$ ) that the region  $0 < U < 1$  is invariant when  $h = 0$ . What (and how many) are the non-dimensional parameters for this problem?
  - (b) Give a full graphical analysis of this equation. For what values of harvesting rate is the population sustainable?
  - (c) Find an implicit relationship for the solution  $U$  as a function of  $\tau$  when  $U(0) = 1$ .
2. Solve the differential equation  $\frac{du}{dt} = -t\sqrt{u}$  for  $u(0) = u_0 > 0$ , and  $t > 0$ . Show that all solutions (i.e., for all  $u_0 > 0$ ) eventually intersect.
3. Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{3x - 2t}{t} \quad (2)$$

4. (a) Find an integral curve for the equation  $x\frac{dy}{dx} + 3x - 2y = 0$ .
- (b) Show that all first order linear differential equations (of the form  $f(x)\frac{dy}{dx} + g(x)y = h(x)$ ) have integral curves of the form  $A(x)y + B(x) = y_0$ . What are  $A(x)$  and  $B(x)$ ?
5. Suppose  $h(t)$  is a periodic function,  $h(t + 1) = h(t)$ . Under what conditions on  $a$  and  $h(t)$  does the equation

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = ax + h(t) \quad (3)$$

have a *stable* periodic solution?

6. Show that the differential equation  $\frac{du}{dt} = u(A(t) - u)$  with  $0 < A(t) \leq 1$ ,  $A(t + 1) = A(t)$  and  $A(t) \neq 1$ , has a unique, positive, stable periodic solution.

Hint: Define the Poincare map  $P(u_0) = u(1, u_0)$ , where  $u(t, u_0)$  satisfies the differential equation with  $u(0, u_0) = u_0$ . Show that  $P(1) < 1$ ,  $P'(0) > 1$ , and  $P''(u_0) < 0$  for  $0 \leq u_0 \leq 1$ .