Name	Class Time
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# Math 2280 Extra Credit Problems Chapter 2 S2016

Submitted work. Please submit one stapled package per chapter. Kindly label problems **Extra Credit**. Label each problem with its corresponding problem number, e.g., Xc2.1-8. Please attach this printed sheet to simplify your work.

## Problem XcL1.1. (maple lab 1)

Solve the following quadratic equations using maple, as in Example 1 of maple lab 1, then use maple to reconstruct the quadratic equation from the roots. You may submit this problem only for score increases on maple lab 1.

- (a)  $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$
- (b)  $8x^2 + 2x + 15 = 0$
- (c)  $5x^2 250x + 3125$

# Problem XcL1.2. (maple lab 1)

Plot the following functions in maple. Print the plots in size  $2 \times 2$  inches, approximately. You may submit this problem only for score increases on maple lab 1.

- (a)  $f(x) = x^2 7x + 5$  on  $-1 \le x \le 3$
- (b) f(x) = |x 1| + |2x + 3| on  $-5 \le x \le -1$
- (c)  $f(x) = e^x \sinh(x-1) + e^{-x} \sinh(2x-3)$  on  $-2 \le x \le 1$
- (d)  $f(x) = \ln|\sin(2x) + \cos(3x) + 3|$  on  $-2\pi \le x \le 3\pi$

## Problem Xc2.1-8. (Verhulst equation)

Solve x'(t) = 4x(t)(7 - x(t)), x(0) = 11 by separation of variables and partial fractions. Sketch the solutions, including equilibria. Check your answer from the textbook answer for 2.1-7.

# Problem Xc2.1-16. (population dynamics)

Assume a population P(t) of alligators with  $P(0) = P_0$  satisfies the Verhulst equation P' = (aP - b)P with birth rate  $aP_0^2 = 11$  and death rate  $bP_0 = 12$  [see 2.1-18 in the textbook]. Find the equilibrium solutions, sketch them and a suitable sampling of other possible solutions. Determine the time t at which P(t) = M/10, where M = b/a is the threshold population.

## Problem Xc2.2-10. (Separation of variables, Verhulst DE)

Solve x'(t) = x(t)(3 - x(t)) by separation of variables and partial fractions. Sketch the solutions, including equilibria. Check your answer from the textbook answer for 2.2-4.

#### Problem Xc2.3-10. (Parachute)

Assume model (1) v' = -32 - 0.15v before the chute opens and model (2) v' = -32 - 1.5v after. Suppose the fall from 10000 feet uses (1) for 15 seconds. Find the trip time from 10000 feet to the ground (0 feet).

# Problem Xc2.3-20. (Terminal speed)

Assume model  $v' = -32 + 0.075v^2$  for a parachutist who pulls the ripcord at 10000 feet at speed 10 feet per second. Find his terminal speed and the trip time to the ground from 10000 feet.

### End of extra credit problems chapter 2.