

Sample Midterm 2, Problem 2, part a

a) $y^{(6)} + y^{(4)} = \underbrace{x + 2x^2 + x^3 + e^{-x} + x \sin x}_{f(x)}$

$y_h: r^6 + r^4 = 0$
 $r^4(r^2 + 1) = 0$
 $y_h = C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 x^2 + C_4 x^3 + C_5 \sin x + C_6 \cos x$

use $x^6 f(x)$ to generate possible atoms

for base atoms: 1

$\underbrace{1, x, x^2, x^3}_{\text{duplicates from homogeneous solution}}, \underbrace{x^4, x^5, x^6, x^7}_{\text{cross out from end to eliminate 6 total}}, x^8, x^9$ $(x^6(x + 2x^2 + x^3)) = x^7 + 2x^8 + x^9$

for base atom e^{-x}

$\underbrace{e^{-x}}_{\text{no duplicates from homogeneous sol.}}, x e^{-x}, x^2 e^{-x}, x^3 e^{-x}, x^4 e^{-x}, x^5 e^{-x}, x^6 e^{-x}$ $(x^6(e^{-x})) = x^6 e^{-x}$

cross out 6 total

for base atoms $\sin x, \cos x$ (both treated the same)

$\underbrace{\sin x, \cos x}_{\text{duplicates from homo. sol.}}, \underbrace{x \sin x, x^2 \sin x, x \cos x, x^2 \cos x}_{\text{cross out 6 total}}, x^3 \sin x, x^4 \sin x, x^5 \sin x, x^6 \sin x, x^7 \sin x, x^3 \cos x, x^4 \cos x, x^5 \cos x, x^6 \cos x, x^7 \cos x$

cross out 6 total

$y_p = Ax^4 + Bx^5 + Cx^6 + Dx^7 + Ee^{-x} + Fx \sin x + Gx^2 \sin x + Hx \cos x + Ix^2 \cos x$

Sample Midterm 2, Problem 2, part b

b) $y^{(4)} + y'' = t - \sin t$

Transfer function $T(s)$ is $\mathcal{L}\{\text{LHS}\}$ with all initial conditions set to 0

$$\mathcal{L}(y^{(4)} + y'') = \mathcal{L}(t - \sin t)$$

$$s^4 \mathcal{L}(y) + s^2 \mathcal{L}(y) = \mathcal{L}(t - \sin t)$$

$$(s^4 + s^2) \mathcal{L}(y) = \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(y) = \frac{\frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}}{s^4 + s^2}$$

$$= \frac{s^2 + 1 - s^2}{s^2(s^2 + 1)} \left(\frac{1}{s^2(s^2 + 1)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^4(s^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{d_1}{s} + \frac{d_2}{s^2} + \frac{d_3}{s^3} + \frac{d_4}{s^4} + \frac{d_5 s + d_6}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{d_7 s + d_8}{(s^2 + 1)^2}$$

from partial fractions theory

without solving the partial fractions it can be seen that the result will look like

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{d_1}{s} + \frac{d_2}{s^2} + \frac{d_3}{s^3} + \frac{d_4}{s^4} + \frac{d_5 s + d_6}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{d_7 s + d_8}{(s^2 + 1)^2} \right)$$

these produce terms that are found in y_h , so they are removed from the trial sol.

The rest will produce:
 $y_p = d_1 t^2 + d_2 t^3 + d_3 t \cos t + d_4 t \sin t$

$$y_h: \begin{aligned} r^4 + r^2 &= 0 \\ r^2(r^2 + 1) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_h = c_1 + c_2 t + c_3 \cos t + c_4 \sin t$$