

6. (Linear differential equations) Version 2 for 2 April 2009: Do all three parts.

- (a) [30%] Solve for the general solution of  $4y'' + 4y' + 25y = 0$ .  
 (b) [40%] The characteristic equation is  $r^2(r+2r)^2(r^2 - 4r + 5) = 0$ . Find the general solution  $y$  of the homogeneous constant-coefficient differential equation.  
 (c) [30%] Find a homogeneous second order differential equation with constant coefficients which has two solutions  $e^x$  and  $e^x + e^{-x/5}$ .

(a)  $4r^2 + 4r + 25 = 0$   
 $(2r+1)^2 + 24 = 0$

$2r+1 = \pm 2\sqrt{6}i$   
 $r = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{6}i$

atoms =  $e^{-x/2} \cos(\sqrt{6}x)$   
 $e^{-x/2} \sin(\sqrt{6}x)$   
 $y = \text{l.c. of atoms}$

(b)  $4r^4(r^2 - 4r + 5) = 0$   
 roots =  $0, 0, 0, 0, 2 \pm i$

atoms =  $1, x, x^2, x^3$   
 $e^{2x} \cos x, e^{2x} \sin x$   
 $y = \text{l.c. of atoms}$

(c) roots =  $1, -1/5$   
 Factors =  $r-1, r+1/5$

$(r-1)(5r+1) = 0$

$5r^2 - 4r - 1 = 0$

$5y'' - 4y' - y = 0$