

6. (Linear differential equations) Version 1 for 2 April 2009: Do all three parts.

(a) [30%] Solve for the general solution of  $4y'' + 4y' + 73y = 0$ .

(b) [40%] The characteristic equation is  $r^2(r^2 - 2r)^2(r^2 - 2r + 10) = 0$ . Find the general solution  $y$  of the homogeneous constant-coefficient differential equation.

(c) [30%] Find a homogeneous second order differential equation with constant coefficients which has two solutions  $e^{-x/3}$  and  $e^x + e^{-x/3}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{a} \quad & 4r^2 + 4r + 73 = 0 \\ & (2r+1)^2 + 72 = 0 \\ & 2r+1 = \pm \sqrt{72}i \\ & 2r+1 = \pm 6\sqrt{2}i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} r &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm 3\sqrt{2}i \\ \text{atoms} &= e^{-x/2} \cos(3\sqrt{2}x) \\ &\quad e^{-x/2} \sin(3\sqrt{2}x) \\ y &= \text{l.c. of atoms} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{b} \quad & r^4(r-2)^2((r-1)^2 + 9) = 0 \\ \text{roots} &= 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1 \pm 3i \\ \text{atoms} &= 1, x, x^2, x^3, e^{2x}, xe^{2x}, e^x \cos(3x), e^x \sin(3x) \\ y &= \text{l.c. of atoms} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{c} \quad & \text{roots are } -1/3, 1 \\ \text{Factors are } & r + 1/3, r - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3r+1)(r-1) &= 0 \\ 3r^2 + r - 3r - 1 &= 0 \\ 3r^2 - 2r - 1 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{3y'' - 2y' - y = 0}$$