Applied Differential Equations 2250-1 and 2250-3 Midterm Exam 4, Due classtime 27-Nov-2002

Instructions. The four take-home problems below are to be submitted by Wednesday, November 27. Answer checks are expected. If maple assist is used, then please attach the maple output.

The in-class portion of the exam (December 2) is 15 minutes, one problem, of a type similar to one of the last two problems. Calculators, hand-written or computer-generated notes are allowed, including xerox copies of tables or classroom xerox notes. Books are not allowed.

1. (Eigenanalysis) Find the 3×3 matrix P which under the change of variables x=PY converts the system x'=Ax into Y'=DY, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -7 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad D = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Represent the general solution of x' = Ax as a matrix product, by solving Y' = DY and then back-substituting the answer into the relation x = PY.

2. (Coupled spring-mass system) The system

$$x_1'' = -k_1 x_1 + k_2 (x_2 - x_1),$$

$$x_2'' = -k_2 (x_2 - x_1) + k_3 (x_3 - x_2),$$

$$x_3'' = -k_3 (x_3 - x_2) - k_4 x_3$$
(1)

represents three masses m_1 , m_2 , m_3 coupled by springs of Hooke's constant k_1 , k_2 , k_3 , k_4 as in Figure 7.4.1, Edwards-Penney. Let $m_1 = m_2 = m_3 = 1$, $k_1 = k_2 = k_3 = k_4 = 1$. Find the natural frequencies ω_1 , ω_2 , ω_3 of ocillation of system (1). Do Not Solve for x_1 , x_2 , x_3 !

- **3.** (Laplace transform) Solve $x'' + x = \sin 2t$, x(0) = 0, x'(0) = 0 by two methods: (1) Undetermined coefficients and (2) Laplace transform. Show all steps, thus verifying the answer $x = (2 \sin t \sin 2t)/3$.
- **4.** (Laplace inverse transform) Show the partial fraction steps involved in solving for f(t) in the Laplace equation

$$\mathcal{L}(f(t)) = \frac{2s}{(s-1)(s-2)(s^2+1)}.$$

Kindly flag the step where Lerch's theorem is applied to give the answer $f(t) = -e^t + \frac{4}{5}e^{2t} + \frac{1}{5}\cos(t) - \frac{3}{5}\sin(t)$.