

Name. \_\_\_\_\_

Section. \_\_\_\_\_

## Applied Differential Equations 2250-1 and 2250-3 Midterm Exam 2, Due classtime 18-Oct-2002

**Instructions.** The four take-home problems below are to be attached to your in-class exam. Answer checks are expected. If `maple assist` is used, then please attach the `maple` output.

The in-class portion of the exam is 15 minutes, one problem, of a type similar to either problem 3 or problem 4. Calculators, hand-written or computer-generated notes are allowed, including xerox copies of tables or classroom xerox notes. Books are not allowed.

- (Periodic harvesting)** The population equation  $y' = y(1 - y) - \sin(5.57t)$  appears to have a steady-state periodic solution that oscillates about  $y = 1$ . (a) Apply ideas from the example below to make a computer graphic that supports this conclusion. (b) Discuss the biological meaning.

```
with(DEtools): # See Figure 12, section 2.5
de:=diff(y(t),t)=y(t)*(2-y(t))-4*cos(4*Pi*t):
ic:=[y(0)=1.7],[y(0)=2],[y(0)=2.4],[y(0)=2.8]:
DEplot(de,y(t),t=0..4,y=1..3,[ic],stepsize=0.05);
```

- (Cross bow)** The height  $y(t)$  of a crossbow bolt shot straight upward satisfies  $v'(t) = -(0.0013)v(t)|v(t)| - 9.8$ ,  $v(0) = 50$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ , where  $v = dy/dt$ , in **mks** units. Compute decimal approximations for the maximum height, the ascent time, the fall time and the impact speed. See Example 3, section 2.3.

- (Gaussian algorithm)** Solve for  $x$ ,  $y$ ,  $z$  in the  $3 \times 3$  linear system

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + 3ay + cz &= b \\ 3x + ay + 2cz &= 0 \\ 5x + 4ay + 3cz &= b \end{aligned}$$

using the Gaussian algorithm, for all constant values of  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ . Include all algorithm details and an answer check (there are four cases and four separate answers).

- (Inverse matrix)** Determine by `rref` methods the inverse matrix of

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Please state conditions on  $a$ ,  $b$  for when the inverse exists. Include an answer check.