Name. $\qquad$

## Applied Differential Equations 2250-1 and 2250-2 Sample Midterm Exam 1 Wednesday, 29 September 2004

Instructions: This in-class exam is 50 minutes. No calculators, notes, tables or books. No answer check is expected. Details count $75 \%$. The answer counts $25 \%$.

## 1. (Quadrature Equation)

Solve for $y(x)$ in the equation $y^{\prime}=x e^{x}-\tan x+\frac{x}{1+x^{2}}+e^{2 x}$.
[Integral tables will be supplied for anything other than basic formulae. This sample problem would require no integral table. The exam problem will be shorter.]

## 2. (Separable Equation)

The problem $y^{\prime}=2 x-x^{3 / 2}-2 x y^{2}+x^{3 / 2} y^{2}$ may or may not be separable. If it is, then decompose the problem as $y^{\prime}=F(x) G(y)$ and write formulae for $F, G$. Otherwise, explain in detail why it fails to be separable. Do not solve for $y$ !

## 3. (Separable Equation)

Given the separated form $\frac{y^{\prime}}{1+y}=\frac{x^{2}}{1+x}$, find the non-equilibrium solution in implicit form. Do not solve for $y$ explicitly and do not find equilibrium solutions.

## 4. (Linear Equations)

Solve $5 v^{\prime}(t)=-50-\frac{20}{t+5} v(t), v(0)=10$. Show all integrating factor steps.
5. (Stability)

Draw a phase line diagram for the chemical reaction equation $d x / d t=(1-x)^{2}(3-2 x) x$ and add these labels as appropriate: funnel, spout, stable, unstable, source, sink, node. Expected in the diagram are equilibrium points and flow direction markers (< and $>$ ).

