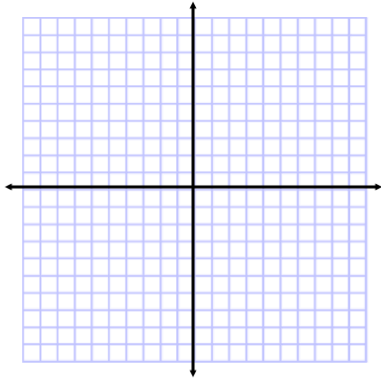


Midterm 3  
Practice Test

Graph1-8. State: Domain, Range, x-intercept(s), and y intercept

1)  $f(x) = e^x - 2$

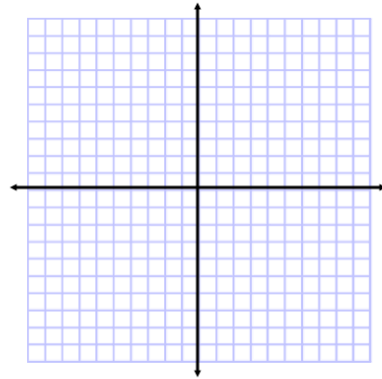


x int(s) \_\_\_\_\_

y int. \_\_\_\_\_

D= \_\_\_\_\_ R= \_\_\_\_\_

2)  $g(x) = \ln(x - 1)$

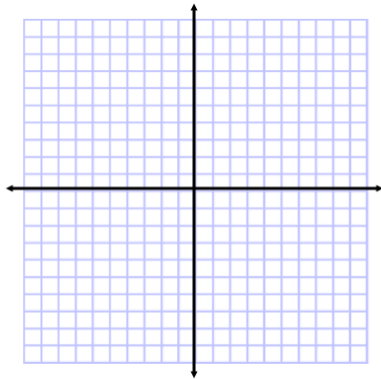


x int(s) \_\_\_\_\_

y int. \_\_\_\_\_

D= \_\_\_\_\_ R= \_\_\_\_\_

3)  $f(x) = e^{x-2} + 1$

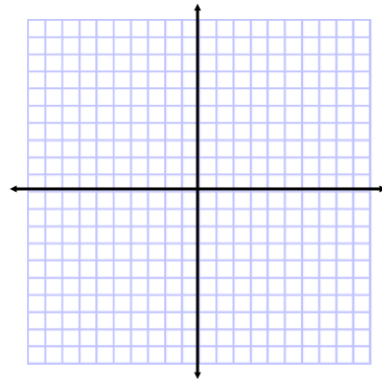


x int(s) \_\_\_\_\_

y int. \_\_\_\_\_

D= \_\_\_\_\_ R= \_\_\_\_\_

4)  $m(x) = \ln(x + 1) - 2$

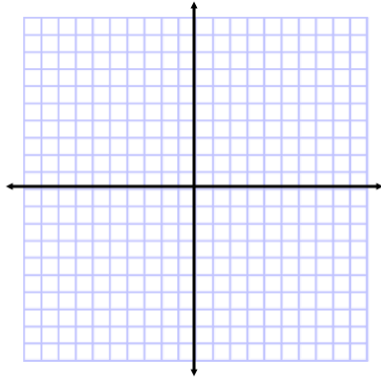


x int(s) \_\_\_\_\_

y int. \_\_\_\_\_

D= \_\_\_\_\_ R= \_\_\_\_\_

5)  $f(x) = -e^{x+2} + 3$

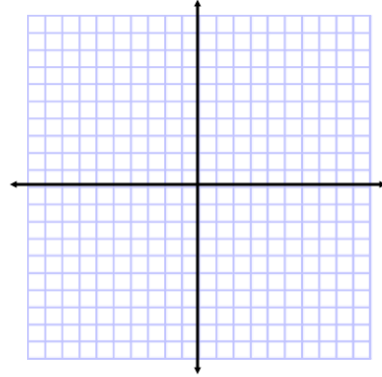


x int(s) \_\_\_\_\_

y int. \_\_\_\_\_

D= \_\_\_\_\_ R= \_\_\_\_\_

6)  $g(x) = -\ln(x-3) + 1$

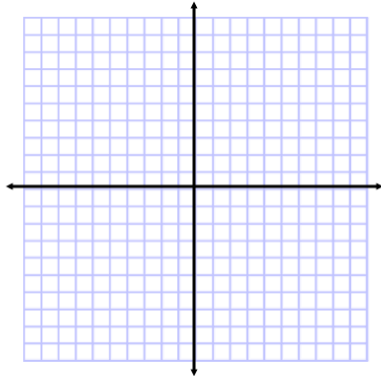


x int(s) \_\_\_\_\_

y int. \_\_\_\_\_

D= \_\_\_\_\_ R= \_\_\_\_\_

7)  $f(x) = e^{2-x} + 1$

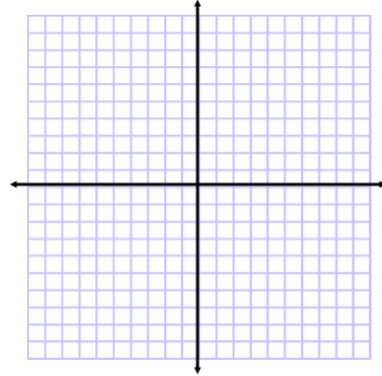


x int(s) \_\_\_\_\_

y int. \_\_\_\_\_

D= \_\_\_\_\_ R= \_\_\_\_\_

8)  $m(x) = \ln(2-x) + 1$



x int(s) \_\_\_\_\_

y int. \_\_\_\_\_

D= \_\_\_\_\_ R= \_\_\_\_\_

Simplify each:

9)  $\log_3 \frac{1}{81}$

10)  $\log_2 \sqrt[3]{4}$

11)  $\log_{16} \frac{1}{8}$

12)  $\log_4 1$

13)  $\log_{10} 10,000$

14)  $\log_e e^3$

15)  $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 32$

Approximate each; state the integers between which each expression lays.

16)  $\log_2 20$

17)  $\log_3 100$

17.5)  $\log_{(1/3)} 30$

Solve each:

$$18) \log_2 x - \log_2(x-1) = 3$$

$$19) 4e^{x-2} - 7 = 2$$

$$20) (2^{2x+3}) = 5(2^{x-2})$$

$$21) e^{2x} = \frac{e^3}{e^{x-1}}$$

$$22) \log_6(x-1) + \log_6(x+2) = \log_6(x^2 + 2)$$

$$23) \log_2(x-2) + \log_2(x+1) = 3$$

$$24) 3(2^{x+2}) = 2^{3x-1}$$

$$25) 12 = 3e^{x+2} + 5$$

$$26) \log_{10}(x-1)^{-2} = -4$$

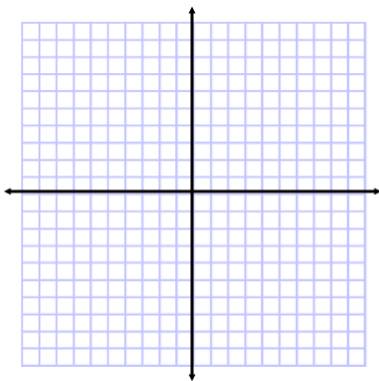
$$27) |3x-4| < 8$$

28)  $|2x + 3| - 5 \geq 2$

29)  $|3x + 1| - 5 < -2$

30) Graph

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & x \in (-\infty, -1) \\ x^2 & x \in [-1, 2] \\ 3 - x & x \in (2, \infty) \end{cases}$$



For  $f(x)$  above, find:

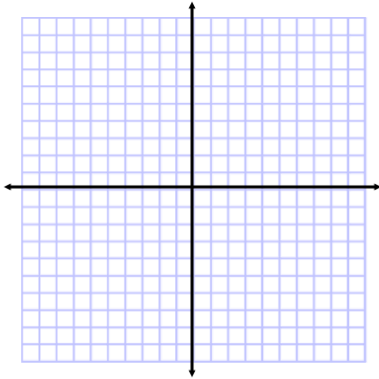
$f(-2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$f(0) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$f(2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

31) Graph

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & x \in (-\infty, 0] \\ \log_3 x & x \in (0, 3] \\ 2^x & x \in (3, \infty) \end{cases}$$



find:

$$f(-1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$f(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$f(3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Solve the following systems

32)

$$x + y = 5$$

$$x - y = 3$$

33)

$$2x - 3y = 12$$

$$y = x - 10$$

34)

$$8x + 7y = 38$$

$$3x - 5y = -1$$

35)

$$3x + 2y - z = 4$$

$$2x - 3y + z = -1$$

$$x + y + z = 6$$

Given the following matrices:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad D = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad G = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

36)  $AB$

37)  $3A + B$

38)  $AC$

39)  $DF$

40)  $CG$

41)  $D - C$

42)  $C - D$

43)  $4C$