

$S_t \circ c(h)(a_s)_{ti} c(s) + \mathfrak{S}_e m^i n(a_r)$
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Charged polymers and random walk in random scenery

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We prove that two seemingly-different models of random walk in random environment are generically quite close to one another. One model comes from statistical physics, and describes the behavior of a randomly-charged random polymer. The other model comes from probability theory, and was originally designed to describe a large family of asymptotically self-similar processes that have stationary increments.