## MATH 5610/6860 HOMEWORK #1, DUE THU SEP 10

## Notes:

- Problems marked with "[EC]" are extra credit for Math 5610 students but required for Math 6860 students.
- The homework policy is in the class website (Aug 31 entry).
- Please read the guidelines for numerical experiments and submitting your homework electronically sections in the class website.
- Common abbreviations for problem sources are: B&F (Burden and Faires, the class textbook) and K&C (Kincaid and Cheney).
- 1. B&F 1.1.1 a,b
- 2. B&F 1.1.3 a,b
- 3. B&F 1.1.7
- 4. B&F 1.2.3 a
- 5. B&F 1.3.3
- 6. K&C 1.2.7: Choose the correct assertions (in each,  $n \to \infty$ ) a.  $(n+1)/n^2 = o(1/n)$ b.  $(n+1)/\sqrt{n} = o(1)$ c.  $1/\ln n = \mathcal{O}(1/n)$ 
  - C.  $1/\ln n = O(1/n)$
  - d.  $1/(n \ln n) = o(1/n)$
  - e.  $e^n/n^5 = \mathcal{O}(1/n)$
- 7. K&C 1.2.8: The expressions  $e^h$ ,  $(1 h^4)^{-1}$ ,  $\cos(h)$ , and  $1 + \sin(h^3)$  all have the same limit as  $h \to 0$ . Express each in the following form with the best integer values of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .

$$f(h) = c + \mathcal{O}(h^{\alpha}) = c + o(h^{\beta})$$

- 8. K&C 2.1.10: Let  $x = 2^3 + 2^{-19} + 2^{-22}$ . Find the machine numbers (in IEEE single precision) that are just to the left and to the right of x. Determine fl(x) (rounding to the nearest machine number), the absolute error |fl(x) - x|, and the relative error |fl(x) - x|/|x|. Verify that the relative error in this case does not exceed  $\epsilon/2 = 2^{-24}$ .
- 9. Verify numerically that  $\sin((2n-1)/n^3) = \mathcal{O}(1/n^2)$ .
- 10. **[EC]** K&C 1.2.35: Show that  $x_n = o(\alpha_n) \Rightarrow x_n = \mathcal{O}(\alpha_n)$ . Show that the converse is not true.