## Math 2280-2, Practice Midterm Exam 1

February 12, 2008

**Total:** 110/100 points

**Problem 1 (25 pts)** A certain population P can be modeled by the differential equation

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = -P^2 + 8P - 15$$

- (a) (4 pts) Find the equilibrium solutions of the differential equation
- (b) (4 pts) Sketch the phase diagram for the differential equation. Identify the type of equilibrium solution.
- (c) (4 pts) Sketch the slope field for the differential equation together with the equilibrium solutions and a few representative solutions (**note:** you do not need to find the formulas of the solutions to sketch them).
- (d) (9 pts) Solve the differential equation with initial condition P(0) = 2. (Here you do need to find the formula for P(t) for this initial condition).
- (e) (4 pts) Check that your solution is consistent with the slope field, that is study the behavior of P(t). In particular, find the value T for which  $\lim_{t \to T} P(t) = -\infty$ .

**Problem 2 (25 pts)** Consider a 10 gallon tank, initially full of pure water. A brine with concentration of 1 pound of salt per gallon enters the tank at the rate of 1 gallon per minute. The mixture at the tank is kept perfectly mixed, and the tank has a hole that lets the solution escape at 2 gallons per minute. Thus the tank will be empty after exactly 10 minutes and the volume of solution in the tank is V(t) = 10 - t.

(a) (5 pts) Show that the quantity of salt x(t) (pounds) inside the tank before it is empty satisfies the differential equation,

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 1 - \frac{2}{10 - t}x$$

- (b) (15 pts) Use the integrating factor method to solve the above differential equation.
- (c) (5 pts) What is the maximum quantity of salt ever in the tank?

**Problem 3 (25 pts)** Consider the differential operator L(y) = y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0.

- (a) (5 pts) Write the characteristic polynomial p(r) of L and find its roots.
- (b) (5 pts) Find the general form of a solution  $y_H$  to the homogeneous differential equation L(y) = 0.
- (c) (10 pts) Find a particular solution  $y_p$  to  $L(y) = \cos(2x)$ , using the method of undetermined coefficients.

**Problem 4 (25 pts)** Consider a mass-spring system with damping, where the mass m = 1, the string constant k = 104 and the damping constant c = 4. Recall that the displacement x(t) from the equilibrium position satisfies the differential equation

$$mx'' + cx' + kx = 0.$$

- (a) (5 pts) Find the characteristic polynomial p(r) of this DE and its roots for the given values of m, k and c.
- (b) (5 pts) What kind of motion is this?
- (c) (5 pts) Find the general form of a solution to the DE.
- (d) (5 pts) Sketch (qualitatively) a typical x(t) for this system.
- (e) (5 pts) What is the pseudoperiod of the motion?

**Problem 5 (10 pts)** Let L be a third order *linear* differential operator. Assume  $y_1$ ,  $y_2$ , and  $y_3$  are solutions to the following initial value problems,

$$L(y_1) = 0, \ y_1(0) = 1, \ y_1'(0) = 0, \ y_1''(0) = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$L(y_2) = 0, \ y_2(0) = 0, \ y'_2(0) = 1, \ y''_2(0) = 0$$
(2)

$$L(y_3) = 0, \ y_3(0) = 0, \ y'_3(0) = 0, \ y''_3(0) = 1$$
 (3)

Let a, b and c be some real constants. Give a solution y to the following IVP

$$L(y) = 0, y(0) = a, y'(0) = b, y''(0) = c.$$

What result from class did you use?