

### MATH 205: Homework 3

Due Wednesday April 18

Problems are from Boller and Sally. I recommend at least thinking about all the exercises, even if they are not assigned, as you read through the textbook. I also recommend trying to prove all the Theorems which are left unproven in the book.

**Problem 1.** Exercises 5.10.3, 5.10.6, 5.10.7, 5.10.8

**Problem 2.** Suppose  $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  is a bounded set such that, for all  $\varepsilon > 0$  there exists an open set  $U \supset E$ , with  $\partial U$  having measure zero, such that  $|U| \leq \varepsilon$ . Show that  $E$  has measure zero.

**Problem 3.** Let  $R$  be a closed bounded rectangle. and  $f : R \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  bounded.

(a) Suppose  $f : R \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  bounded. Show that if  $E = \{x \in R : f \neq 0\}$  has measure zero then  $f$  is Riemann integrable on  $R$  and,

$$\int_R f \, dx = 0.$$

(b) Suppose that  $f, g : R \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are bounded and integrable. Show that if  $D = \{x \in R : f(x) \neq g(x)\}$  has measure zero then,

$$\int_R f \, dx = \int_R g \, dx.$$

(c) Show that if  $f : R \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is Riemann integrable and  $\Omega \subset R$  is a bounded set with  $\partial\Omega$  having measure zero then,

$$\int_{\Omega} f \, dx = \int_{\overline{\Omega}} f \, dx = \int_{\Omega^0} f \, dx,$$

where  $\Omega^0$  is the interior of  $\Omega$ .

(d) Show that if  $\Omega$ , and  $V_1, \dots, V_N \subset \Omega$  are open bounded sets whose boundaries have measure zero,  $V_j$  are mutually disjoint, and  $\Omega \subset \cup_{j=1}^N \overline{V_j}$  then for any  $f$  which is Riemann integrable on  $\Omega$ ,

$$\int_{\Omega} f = \sum_j \int_{V_j} f.$$

Hint: Show that  $\mathbf{1}_{\Omega} = \sum_j \mathbf{1}_{V_j}$  except for a set of measure zero.

**Problem 4.** Cylindrical coordinates  $(r, \theta, z)$  for  $\mathbb{R}^3$  are defined by  $(x, y, z) = (r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z)$ . Spherical coordinates were defined in the previous problem 5.10.6. Compute the following integrals by choosing a convenient coordinate system.

(a)  $\int_D z^2$  where  $D$  is the hemisphere  $D = \{x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1\} \cap \{z \geq 0\}$ .

(b)  $\int_{-3}^3 \int_0^{\sqrt{9-x^2}} \int_{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}^3 xy \, dz dy dx$  (what region is this integral over?)