1

Consider the following PDE:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \; \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3}$$

Use the method of separation of variables to transform the previous PDE into a pair of ODEs.

2

A bar of length 10 with insulated lateral ends and no internal sources of heat has its x=0 end held at a constant 0 degrees and its x=1 end held at a constant 50 degrees. The initial temperature of the bar is a constant 100 degrees. The constant c in the heat equation is 4 for this bar.

- a) Find the steady-state temperature distribution.
- b) Find the function u(x,t) that describes the temperature of point x of the bar at time t.

3

Solve the heat equation in a 1×1 square plate with zero boundary conditions and the following initial condition:

$$u(x, y, 0) = \begin{cases} 100 & \text{if } 0 < x \le \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \text{if } \frac{1}{2} < x < 1 \end{cases}$$

Assume that the constant c in the heat equation is 1.

4

Determine the steady-state temperature distribution in a 1×1 square plate with boundary conditions

$$f_1(x) = 0$$
 $f_2(x) = 10$ $g_1(y) = g_2(y) = 10y$

5

Determine the steady-state temperature distribution in a 2×2 square plate with boundary conditions

$$f_1(x) = f_2(x) = g_2(y) = 0$$
 $g_1(y) = \sin \frac{\pi}{2}y + 3\sin 2\pi y$

6

Find a solution to the one-dimensional wave equation with c=1 and $L=\pi$,

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial^2 t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$
 for $0 \le x \le \pi$, $t \ge 0$,

satisfying the usual boundary conditions,

$$u(0,t) = 0,$$
 $u(\pi,t) = 0,$ for $t \ge 0,$

and satisfying the following initial conditions:

$$u(x,0) = x,$$
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x,0) = 1 - x^2,$ for $0 \le x \le \pi$.

Note: the actual midterm will probably be shorter. You are allowed to bring a crib sheet to the midterm (one page, both sides).