

MATH 2270
Quiz #1 - Fall 2008

Name: Answer

1. (5 points) Consider the following linear system

$$\begin{aligned}x - 2y &= 3 \\ 2x - y &= 9.\end{aligned}$$

(a) Write the corresponding augmented matrix.

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 9 \end{array} \right)$$

(b) Use Gauss-Jordan elimination to convert the augmented matrix to reduced row-echelon form. Clearly show each step.

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 9 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{-2(I)} \left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\div 3}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{+2(II)} \left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$

(c) Solve for x and y .

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} x = 5 \\ y = 1 \end{array}}$$

2. (4 points) True or false. Determine if the following statements are true or false.

(a) There exists a system of three linear equations with three unknowns that has exactly three solutions.

False: A linear system can have only 0, 1, or infinitely many solutions

(b) If A is a 3×4 matrix and \vec{v} is a vector in \mathbb{R}^4 , then the vector $A\vec{v}$ is in \mathbb{R}^3 .

True:

$$\begin{matrix} & 3 \times 4 & & 4 \times 1 & & 3 \times 1 \\ & & & & & \\ \left(\begin{array}{cccc} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{array} \right) & \left(\begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \end{array} \right) & = & \left(\begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \end{array} \right) \end{matrix}$$

3. (2 points) Let A be a 3×2 matrix of rank 2. Then $\text{rref}(A) =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$