HW 3

M 5500 Calculus of Variations. Spring 2013

February 4, 2013

1. Derive the Euler-Lagrange equation for the Lagrangian

$$F = F(x, u, \nabla \times u),$$

where $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3)$ is a point in R_3 and $u = (u_1, u_2, u_3)$ is a vector minimizer. Use Stokes theorem for integration by parts. Work on the example

$$F = (\nabla \times u)^T (\nabla \times u) - c^2 u^2,$$

2. Derive the Euler-Lagrange equation for the Lagrangian

$$F = F(x, u, \nabla \cdot u),$$

where $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3)$ is a point in R_3 and $u = (u_1, u_2, u_3)$ is a vector minimizer.

- 3. Show that $det(\nabla u(x))$ is a Null-Lagrangian, if $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3)$ is a point in R_3 and $u = (u_1, u_2, u_3)$.
- 4. Elastic energy of the bending plate is given by the formula

$$E = \frac{D}{2} \left[\left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \right)^2 - 2(1-\nu) \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right)^2 \right) \right]$$

Derive Euler-Lagrange equation and natural boundary conditions (conditions at the free edge). Discuss the dependence on ν and identify null-Lagrangian in the energy.