

NAME : \_\_\_\_\_

QUESTION	VALUE	SCORE
1	10	
2	15	
3	10	
4	10	
5	15	
6	20	
7	20	
8	15	
TOTAL	115	

1. (10 points) If  $L: \mathbb{R}^p \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^q$  is a linear map, prove that  $L$  is differentiable.

2. (15 points) Find the best affine approximation near  $(0, 0)$  to the function  $F: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  defined by

$$F(x, y) = (xy - 2x + y + 1, x^2 + y^2 + x - 3y + 6)$$

**3. (10 points)** For the function  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^3 + 2xy$ , find the direction of greatest ascent of  $f$  at  $(1, 1)$ , and a direction in which the increase of the function is 0.

**4. (10 points)** Consider the function  $F: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by:

$$F(x, y, z) = x^2 \sin y + 2x - z$$

The 0-level set of this function is a surface in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Give a smooth parameterization of this surface.

**5. (15 points)** Find the degree 2 Taylor approximation to the function  $F: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by:

$$f(x, y) = \ln(x + xy)$$

near the point  $(1, 0)$ .

**6. (20 points)** Consider the function  $F: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  defined by

$$F(r, t) = (r \cos t, r \sin t)$$

Apply the Inverse Function Theorem to determine points in the domain that have a smooth local inverse. The function is not one to one. Consider the point  $(1, 0)$  in the range. Find two distinct local inverses to  $F$  defined on a neighborhood of  $(1, 0)$ .

7. (20 points) For the system of equations

$$x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 0$$

$$x + y + z = 0$$

at which points of the solution set  $S$  is there a neighborhood in which  $S$  is a smooth curve?  
At each such point, find an equation of the tangent line.

8. (15 points) Consider the function  $F: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$  defined by

$$F(x, y, z) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$$

For each point in the domain, determine whether or not  $F$  has a local inverse.



