## Examples for Chapter 2- Descriptive Statistics

Math 1040-1

## Section 2.1

1. Make a frequency distribution for the following data, using 5 classes:

| 5 | 10 | 7 | 19 | 25 | 12 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 17 | 17 | 22 | 21 | 7 | 7 | 24 | 5 | 6 | 5 |

2. Add the midpoint of each class, the relative frequency, and the cumulative frequency to previous frequency table.
3. Construct a frequency histogram for the data considered before.
4. Construct an ogive for the data considered before.

## Section 2.2

1. Make a stem-and-leaf plot for:

| 5 | 10 | 7 | 19 | 25 | 12 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 17 | 17 | 22 | 21 | 7 | 7 | 24 | 5 | 6 | 5 |

2. Sketch a dot plot for the above data.
3. Construct a pie chart for the following data:

Causes for lateness:

| Cause | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: |
| Snoozing after alarm goes off | 19 |
| Car trouble | 5 |
| Too long over breakfast | 13 |
| Last-minute studying | 20 |
| Finding something to wear | 8 |
| Talking too long with roommate | 9 |
| Other | 3 |

4. Construct a Pareto chart for the above data.
5. Construct a scatter plot for the following data:

Number of officers on duty in a Boston city park Number of muggings that day

| 10 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 2 |
| 16 | 1 |
| 1 | 9 |
| 4 | 7 |
| 6 | 8 |
| 18 | 1 |
| 12 | 5 |
| 14 | 3 |
| 7 | 6 |

6. Construct a time series chart for Salt Lake City's average monthly precipitation (in inches):

| Month | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Precipitation | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.79 | 1.99 | 1.95 | 0.98 | 0.61 | 0.69 | 1.21 | 1.52 | 1.45 | 1.41 |

## Section 2.3

1. Find the mean, median, and mode of the following data set:

| 5 | 10 | 7 | 19 | 25 | 12 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 17 | 17 | 22 | 21 | 7 | 7 | 24 | 5 | 6 | 5 |

2. At the end of the semester, your highest 4 quiz scores, which are worth $5 \%$ each, were $76 \%, 82 \%, 95 \%$, and $92 \%$. Your highest 2 midterm exam scores, which are worth $20 \%$ each, were $78 \%$ and $82 \%$. Your final exam score, worth $40 \%$, was an $80 \%$. What is your overall score for this course?
3. Approximate the mean of the following frequency distribution:

| Class | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5-9$ | 10 |
| $10-14$ | 2 |
| $15-19$ | 4 |
| $20-24$ | 3 |
| $25-29$ | 1 |

## Section 2.4

1. Calculate the range, sample variance, and sample standard deviation for the following data from a sample:
101212171920
2. The weight of 64 female college athletes is roughly bell-shaped with a mean $\bar{x}=133$ and standard deviation $s=17$. In what range do about $95 \%$ of the weights fall?

## Section 2.5

1. Find the quartiles and IQR of the following data:
(a) 100102102102102106108
2. Find the five-number summary and sketch the box-and-whisker plot for: 710111213 141617
3. For healthy females, the red blood cell count (RBC, in millions per cubic millimeter of whole blood) has mean 4.8 and standard deviation 0.3 . Is a RBC of 4.6 considered unusual?
