

2210-90 Exam 1
Spring 2013

Name _____

Instructions. Show all work and include appropriate explanations when space is provided. Correct answers unaccompanied by work may not receive full credit. Page 5 is blank in case you need extra paper. Please circle your final answers.

1. (16pts) Consider the vectors $\mathbf{u} = \langle 0, 2, -1 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{v} = \langle 3, 2, 3 \rangle$. Find

(a) (2pts) $\mathbf{u} - 3\mathbf{v}$

(b) (2pts) $\|\mathbf{u}\|$

(c) (2pts) $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}$

(d) (2pts) Find the angle θ between $\mathbf{u}$ and $\mathbf{v}$. Answer in the form $\theta = \cos^{-1}(x)$.

(e) (4pts) $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$

(f) (4pts) Find the vector projection of $\mathbf{u}$ onto $\mathbf{v}$

2. (8pts) Find a unit vector which is perpendicular to both of the vectors $\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = 5\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$.

3. (12pts) Consider the points $P(1, 3, -1)$ and $Q(2, 2, 5)$.

(a) (3pts) Find the vector $\overrightarrow{PQ}$ that points in the direction from P to Q ; that is find the vector with a tail at P and head at Q .

(b) (3pts) Find the midpoint of P and Q .

(c) (6pts) Find the equation of the plane which is equidistant from P and Q . **Hint:** This plane has normal vector $\overrightarrow{PQ}$ and contains the midpoint.

4. (8pts) The set of all points (x, y, z) which satisfy

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 4x + 6y - 16z = 0$$

determines a sphere. Determine the center point (h, k, l) and the radius r of the sphere. Write your final answers in the provided blanks. **Hint:** Complete the squares.

$h =$ _____

$k =$ _____

$l =$ _____

$r =$ _____

5. (20pts) Suppose a particle's position at time t is given by the curve

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = 2 \cos(2t)\mathbf{i} + 2 \sin(2t)\mathbf{j} + 3t\mathbf{k}.$$

(a) (2pts) Find the velocity $\mathbf{v}(t)$ of the particle at time t .

(b) (3pts) Find the arc length of the curve between times $t = 0$ and $t = 3$.

(c) (2pts) Find the acceleration $\mathbf{a}(t)$ of the particle at time t .

(d) (2pts) Find the unit tangent vector $\mathbf{T}(t) = \frac{\mathbf{v}(t)}{\|\mathbf{v}(t)\|}$.

(e) (3pts) Find the principal unit normal vector $\mathbf{N}(t) = \frac{\mathbf{T}'(t)}{\|\mathbf{T}'(t)\|}$.

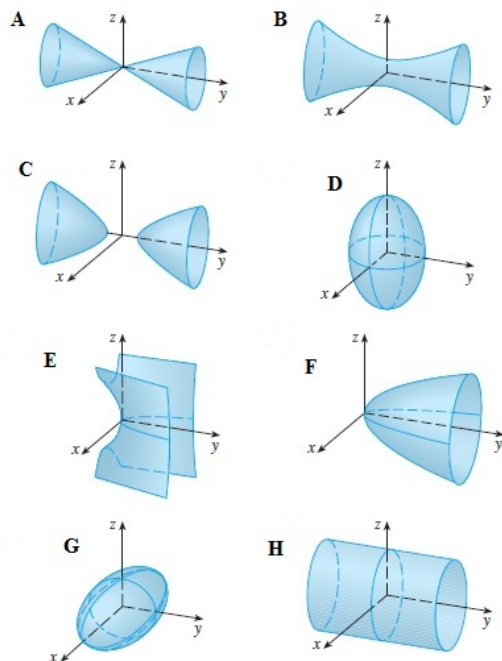
(f) (6pts) Find the curvature $\kappa(t)$ of the particle's path at time t .

(g) (2pts) For all time t , this curve is contained on what type of surface? Circle the correct letter

- A a sphere of radius 3 centered at the origin
- B a hyperboloid of one sheet parallel to the y -axis
- C a cylinder of radius 2 parallel to the z -axis

6. (16pts) Match the equation with its graph on the right by writing the appropriate capital letter (**A-H**) in the provided blank.

- (a) _____ $2x^2 + 2y^2 + z^2 = 1$
 (b) _____ $x^2 + z^2 - y^2 = -1$
 (c) _____ $y^2 = x^2 + z^2$
 (d) _____ $x^2 + z^2 = 1$
 (e) _____ $y = x^2 + z^2$
 (f) _____ $x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 = 1$
 (g) _____ $x^2 + z^2 - y^2 = 1$
 (h) _____ $y = x^2 - z^2$



7. (8pts) Match the equation and the description of the surface by writing the appropriate capital letter (**A-D**) in the provided blank. Each letter should be used exactly once.

- (a) _____ In cylindrical coordinates, the surface $r = 5$.
 (b) _____ In cylindrical coordinates, the surface $z = r$.
 (c) _____ In spherical coordinates, the surface $\rho = 1$.
 (d) _____ In spherical coordinates, the surface $\phi = \frac{3\pi}{4}$.

- A sphere centered at the origin.
 B cylinder parallel to the z -axis.
 C cone opening in the positive z direction.
 D cone opening in the negative z direction.

8. (12pts) Convert between Cartesian, cylindrical, and spherical coordinates as indicated.

- (a) Find the cylindrical coordinates of the point with Cartesian coordinates $(\sqrt{3}, 1, -2)$

$$r = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad z = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- (b) Find the spherical coordinates of the point with Cartesian coordinates $(1, 1, \sqrt{2})$

$$\rho = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \phi = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- (c) Find the Cartesian coordinates of the point with spherical coordinates $(2, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{2})$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad z = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- (d) Find the Cartesian coordinates of the point with cylindrical coordinates $(4\sqrt{2}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \pi)$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad z = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

