

Name: Solution

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1-3. Let  $p(t) = \frac{x}{18}$  be the density function for the shelf life of a brand of banana which lasts up to 6 weeks. Time  $t$  is measured in weeks and  $0 \leq t \leq 6$ .

1.(5 pts) What is the cumulative distribution function value  $P(2)$  that the shelf life of a brand of banana lasts up to 2 weeks?

$$\begin{aligned} P(2) &= \int_{-\infty}^2 p(t) dt = \int_0^2 \frac{x}{18} dx = \left[ \frac{x^2}{36} \right]_0^2 \\ &= \frac{2^2}{36} - \frac{0^2}{36} \\ &= \frac{4}{36} = \left( \frac{1}{9} \right) (\approx 11.1\%) \end{aligned}$$

2.(5 pts) Find the mean time of the shelf life of a brand of a banana.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{mean time} &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x p(x) dx = \int_0^6 x \cdot \frac{x}{18} dx = \int_0^6 \frac{x^2}{18} dx \\ &= \left[ \frac{x^3}{54} \right]_0^6 = \frac{6^3}{54} - \frac{0^3}{54} \\ &= \boxed{4 \text{ weeks}} \end{aligned}$$

So a banana can last average for 4 weeks.

3.(5 pts) Find the median time of the shelf life of a brand of a banana. (You might use  $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.4$ .)

Find  $T$  such that  $\int_{-\infty}^T p(x) dx = 0.5$ .

$$\int_0^T \frac{x}{18} dx = \frac{1}{2} \Leftrightarrow \left[ \frac{x^2}{36} \right]_0^T = \frac{1}{2} \Leftrightarrow \frac{T^2}{36} - \frac{0^2}{36} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{T^2}{36} = \frac{1}{2} \Leftrightarrow T^2 = 18 \Leftrightarrow T = \sqrt{18} = \sqrt{9 \cdot 2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2} \approx 3 \cdot (1.4) = \boxed{4.2 \text{ weeks}}$$

So half bananas can last up to 4.2 weeks.