Week 1 Examples

Three Examples. Solve differential equations without a book. Three basic examples used throughout a course in differential equations, which require only a calculus background.

Growth-Decay:
$$\frac{dA(t)}{dt} = k A(t), A(0) = A_0.$$

The unique solution is $A(t) = A_0 e^{kt}$. Radioactive decay. Jeweler's bench light experiment. Malthusian population dynamics. RC and LR circuits. Drug elimination. First-order chemical reactions, law of mass-action. Compound continuous bank interest.

Newton Cooling: $\frac{du(t)}{dt} = -h(u(t) - u_1), u(0) = u_0.$

The solution is $u(t) = u_1 + (u_0 - u_1) e^{-ht}$. Hot chocolate at initial temperature u_0 with room thermometer reading u_1 . Symbol u(t) = time-varying hot chocolate dial thermometer temperature.

Verhulst Dynamics: $\frac{dP(t)}{dt} = (a - bP(t))P(t), P(0) = P_0.$ The solution is $P(t) = \frac{aP_0}{bP_0 + (a - bP_0)e^{-at}}$. Fish population P(t) in **Cecret Lake at Alta**. Carrying capacity. Stocking and re-stocking. Harvesting.

Example 1: Exercise 1.2-2: Solve $dy/dx = (x - 2)^2$, y(2) = 1. Method of quadrature. Answer Check details. Non-reversible steps, false proof for 0 = 1. http://www.math.utah.edu/ gustafso/s2019/2280/lectureslides/FTC-Method-of-Quadrature.pdf

Example 2: Exercise 1.2-4: $dy/dx = 1/x^2$, y(1) = 5.

Power rule in Newton calculus. Answer check shortcuts.

Example 4: Exercise 1.3-8: $dy/dx = x^2 - y$ Thread edge-to-edge solutions through the direction field at each blue dot. JPEG image source: http://www.math.utah.edu/~gustafso/s2019/2280/images/exercise1.3-8-EdwardsPenney.jpg

Example 5: Exercise 1.3-14: $dy/dx = y^{1/3}, y(0) = 0$ Explain application of the Peano and Picard theorems. Computer numerical methods fail on this example. Why?

Example 6: Exercise 1.4-6: Solve $y' = 3\sqrt{xy}$ Three answers. Book reports only one answer.

Example 7: Exercise 1.4-10: Solve $(1 + x^2)y' = (1 + y)^2$ Two answers. Book reports only one answer.

Example 8: Exercise 1.4-18: Solve $x^2y' = 1 - x^2 + y^2 - x^2y^2$ [See Example 11 infra]

Example 9: Exercise 1.4-22: Solve $y' = 4x^3y - y, y(1) = -3$

Example 10: Show that y' = x + y is not separable. TEST I. f_x/f depends on y implies y' = f(x, y) not separable.

TEST 1. $f_{x/y}$ depends on y implies y = f(x, y) not separable.

Example 11: Find a factorization f(x, y) = F(x)G(y) given

(1) f(x,y) = 2xy + 4y + 3x + 6(2) $f(x,y) = (1 - x^2 + y^2 - x^2y^2)/x^2$

Answers: (1) F = x + 2, G = 2y + 3; (2) $F = (1 - x^2)/x^2, G = 1 + y^2$. Main idea: Choose y = 0 in F(x) = f(x,y)/G(y) to find F(x) = (3x + 6)/G(0) in equation (1). How to find G? Warning: Divide by zero is not allowed. Choose y = 0, y = 1, etc. until no divide by zero error.

Example 12: Midterm 1 examples: $y' = x + y, y' = x + y^2, y' = x^2 + y^2$