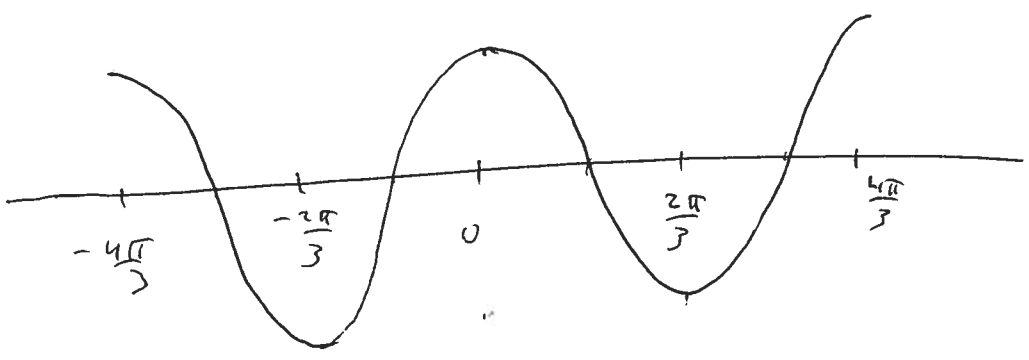


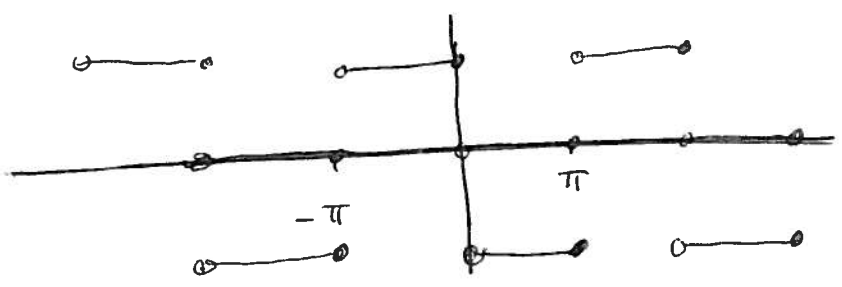
Homework 8 Solutions

Sec. 9.11 (3) $f(t) = \cos \frac{3}{2}t$. f is periodic, the period is

T where $\frac{3}{2}T = 2\pi$ or $T = \frac{4\pi}{3}$



(12) $f(t) = \begin{cases} 3 & -\pi < t \leq 0 \\ -3 & 0 < t \leq \pi \end{cases}$



f is odd so $a_n = 0$ all n .

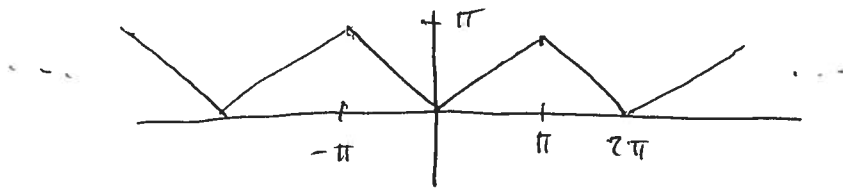
$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(t) \sin nt dt = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \sin nt dt$ (since $f(t) \sin nt$ is even)

$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} -3 \sin nt dt = +\frac{6}{\pi n} \cos nt \Big|_0^{\pi} = \frac{6}{\pi n} (\cos n\pi - 1)$

$= \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ even} \\ -\frac{12}{\pi n} & n \text{ odd.} \end{cases}$

$$-\frac{12}{\pi} \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n} \sin nt$$

(17) $f(t) = |t| \quad -\pi \leq t \leq \pi$



f is even so $b_n = 0$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} t dt \quad (\text{since } |t| = t \text{ on } [0, \pi])$$

$$= \left. \frac{t^2}{2\pi} \right|_0^{\pi} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$u = t$
 $dv = \cos nt$

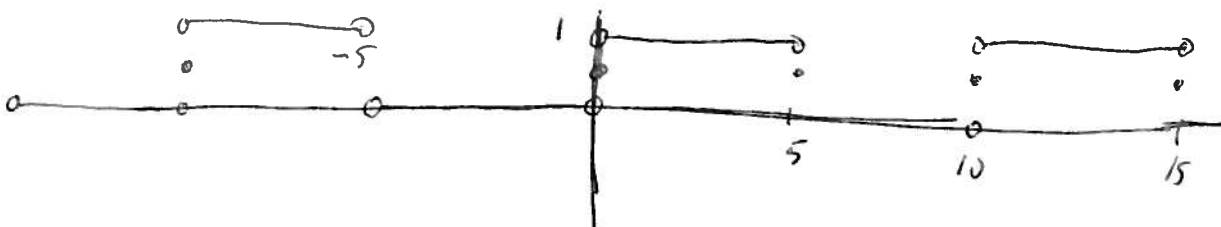
$du = dt$
 $v = \frac{\sin nt}{n}$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} t \cos nt = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\cancel{t \frac{\sin nt}{n}} \Big|_0^{\pi} - \frac{1}{n} \int_0^{\pi} \sin nt dt \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2}{\pi n} \cdot \frac{-\cos nt}{n} \Big|_0^{\pi} = \frac{2}{\pi n^2} (\cos n\pi - 1) = \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ even} \\ -\frac{4}{\pi n^2} & n \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n^2} \cos nt$$

Sec 9.2 (2) $f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & -5 < t < 0 \\ 1 & 0 < t < 5 \end{cases}$



$$a_0 = \frac{1}{10} \int_{-5}^5 f(t) dt = \frac{1}{10} \int_0^5 dt = \frac{1}{2}$$

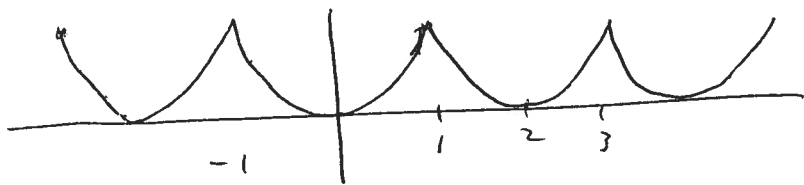
$$a_n = \frac{1}{5} \int_{-5}^5 f(t) \cos \frac{n\pi}{5} t dt = \frac{1}{5} \int_0^5 \cos \frac{n\pi}{5} t dt = \frac{1}{5} \frac{5}{n\pi} \sin n\pi t \Big|_0^5 = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{5} \int_{-5}^5 f(t) \sin \frac{n\pi}{5} t dt = \frac{1}{5} \int_0^5 \sin \frac{n\pi}{5} t dt = -\frac{1}{5} \frac{5}{n\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi}{5} t \Big|_0^5$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\pi n} (\cos n\pi - 1) = \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ even} \\ \frac{2}{\pi n} & n \text{ odd.} \end{cases}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n} \sin \frac{n\pi}{5} t}$$

⑨ $f(x) = x^2 \quad -1 < x < 1$



f is even so $b_n = 0$.

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 dt = \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$a_n = 2 \int_0^1 x^2 \cos n\pi x dt = 2 \left[\frac{x^2 \sin n\pi x}{n\pi} \Big|_0^1 - \frac{2}{n\pi} \int_0^1 x \sin n\pi x dt \right]$$

$$u = x^2 \quad dv = \cos n\pi x dt \quad du = 2x dt \quad v = \frac{\sin n\pi x}{n\pi}$$

$$u = t \quad dv = \sin n\pi t dt \\ v = -\frac{\cos n\pi t}{n\pi}$$

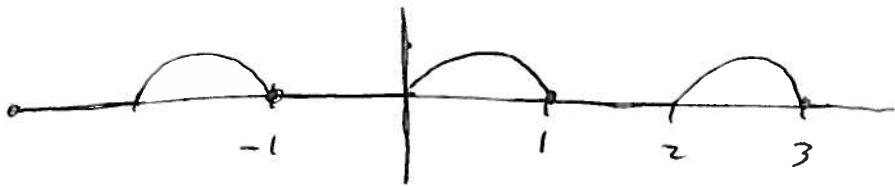
$$= \frac{-4}{n\pi} \left[\frac{-t \cos n\pi t}{n\pi} \Big|_0^1 + \frac{1}{n\pi} \int_0^1 \cos n\pi t dt \right]$$

$$= \frac{-4}{n\pi} \left[\frac{-1 \cos n\pi}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{n\pi} \frac{\sin n\pi t}{n\pi} \Big|_0^1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{4}{\pi^2 n^2} \cos n\pi = \frac{4(-1)^n}{\pi^2 n^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cos n\pi x$$

$$(13) \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & -1 < x < 0 \\ \sin \pi x & 0 < x < 1 \end{cases}$$



$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \sin \pi x dx = \frac{-1}{2} \frac{\cos \pi x}{\pi} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{-1}{2\pi} (-1 - 1) = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{1} \int_{-1}^1 f(x) \cos n\pi x dx = \int_0^1 \sin \pi x \cos n\pi x dx$$

$$\text{If } n=1: \quad \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \sin 2\pi x dx = \frac{-1}{4\pi} \cos 2\pi x \Big|_0^1 = 0$$

$$\text{If } n > 1, \text{ using \#31, integral table: } a_n = \frac{-\cos(\pi - n\pi)x}{2(\pi - n\pi)} - \frac{\cos(\pi + n\pi)x}{2(\pi + n\pi)} \Big|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{-\cos((n-1)\pi) + 1}{2\pi(n-1)} - \frac{\cos((n+1)\pi) - 1}{2\pi(n+1)}, \text{ If } n \text{ odd, } n-1, n+1 \text{ even}$$

then are zero

n even:

$$a_n = \frac{2}{2\pi(n-1)} + \frac{2}{2\pi(n+1)} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{n-1} + \frac{1}{n+1} \right) = \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{n}{n^2-1}$$

$$b_n = \int_{-1}^1 f(t) \sin n\pi t dt = \int_0^1 \sin \pi t \sin n\pi t dt$$

$$= 0 \text{ if } n \neq 1$$

$$\text{If } n=1: b_1 = \int_0^1 \sin^2 \pi t dt = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{\pi} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n \text{ even}} \frac{n}{n^2-1} \cos n\pi t + \frac{1}{2} \sin \pi t$$

(25a) $f(t) - 2\pi$ periodic, $f(t) = t^3$, $-\pi < t < \pi$

f odd, so $a_n = 0$ all n .

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} t^3 \sin n t dt = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\frac{t^3}{n} \cos n t \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{3}{n} \int_0^{\pi} t^2 \cos n t dt \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\frac{\pi^3}{n} \cos n\pi + \frac{3}{n} \left(\frac{t^2}{n} \sin n t \Big|_0^{\pi} - \frac{2}{n} \int_0^{\pi} t \sin n t dt \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\frac{\pi^3}{n} (-1)^n - \frac{6}{n^2} \left(-\frac{t}{n} \cos n t \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{n} \int_0^{\pi} \cos n t dt \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{\pi^3}{n} (-1)^{n+1} + \frac{6 \cdot \pi}{n^3} (-1)^n \right] = \frac{2\pi^2}{n} (-1)^{n+1} + \frac{12}{n^3} (-1)^n$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\pi^2}{n} (-1)^{n+1} + \frac{12}{n^3} (-1)^n \right) \sin n t$$

Sec. 9.3 | (1) $f(t) = 1, 0 < t < \pi$



Cosine series:

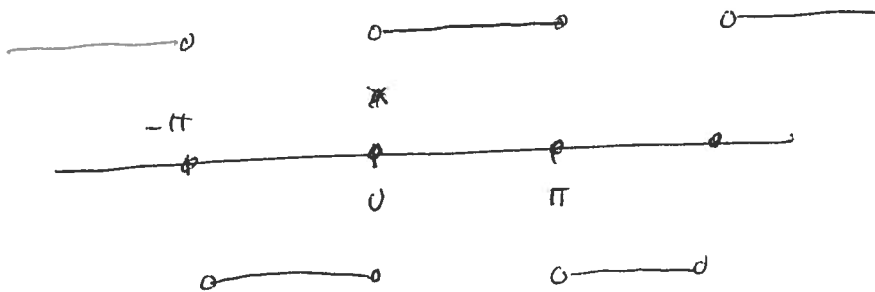


$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} dt = 1$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos nt \, dt = \frac{2}{\pi} \left. \frac{\sin nt}{n} \right|_0^{\pi} = 0$$

~~The~~ Cosine Series: $f(t) = 1$

Sine series:



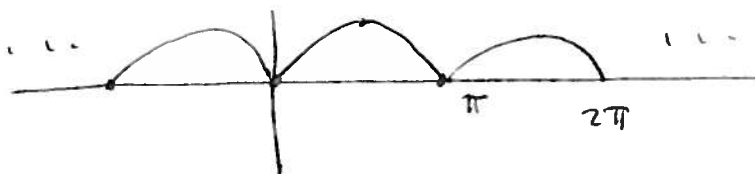
$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin nt \, dt = \frac{2}{\pi} \left. -\frac{\cos nt}{n} \right|_0^{\pi} = -\frac{2}{\pi n} (\cos n\pi - 1)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ even} \\ \frac{4}{\pi n} & n \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n} \sin nt$$

(2) $f(t) = t(\pi - t), 0 < t < \pi$

Cosine series



$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x(\pi-x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \pi x - x^2 dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi^3}{2} - \frac{\pi^3}{3} \right) = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x(\pi-x) \cos nx dx = 2 \int_0^{\pi} x \cos nx dx - \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \cos nx dx$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{x \sin nx}{n} \Big|_0^{\pi} - \frac{1}{n} \int_0^{\pi} \sin nx dx \right] - \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{x^2 \sin nx}{n} \Big|_0^{\pi} - \frac{2}{n} \int_0^{\pi} x \sin nx dx \right]$$

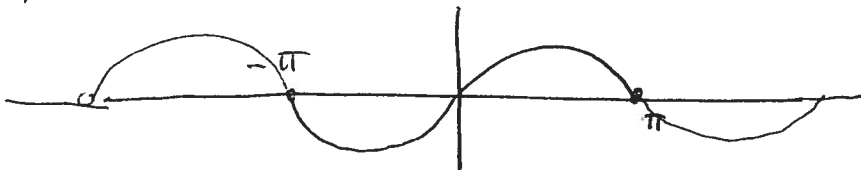
$$= -\frac{2}{n} \left(-\frac{\cos nx}{n} \Big|_0^{\pi} \right) + \frac{4}{\pi n^2} \left[-\frac{x \cos nx}{n} \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{n} \int_0^{\pi} \cos nx dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{n^2} (\cos n\pi - 1) - \frac{4\pi \cos n\pi}{\pi n^2} = \frac{2}{n^2} ((-1)^n - 1 - 2(-1)^n) = \frac{2}{n^2} (-1 - (-1)^n)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ odd} \\ -\frac{4}{n^2} & n \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\pi^2}{6} - 4 \sum_{n \text{ even}} \frac{1}{n^2} \cos nx$$

Sine series:



$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x(\pi-x) \sin nx dx = 2 \int_0^{\pi} x \sin nx dx - \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \sin nx dx$$

$$= 2 \left(-\frac{x}{h} \cos nt \Big|_0^\pi + \frac{1}{h} \int_0^\pi \cos nt dt \right) - \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\frac{x^3}{h} \cos nt \Big|_0^\pi + \frac{2}{h} \int_0^\pi x \cos nt dt \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{h} (-1)^n - \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\frac{\pi^2}{h} (-1)^n + \frac{2}{h} \left(\frac{x}{h} \sin nt \Big|_0^\pi - \frac{1}{h} \int_0^\pi \sin nt dt \right) \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{h} (-1)^n + \frac{2\pi}{h} (-1)^n + \frac{-4}{\pi h^2} \frac{\cos nt}{n} \Big|_0^\pi = \frac{-4}{\pi h^3} ((-1)^n - 1)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ even} \\ \frac{8}{\pi h^3} & n \text{ odd.} \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{8}{\pi} \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n^3} \sin nt$$

$$(19) \quad x = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin nt \quad -\pi < x < \pi$$

$$\int_0^x x dt = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \int_0^x \sin nt dt$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2} = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (-1)}{n^2} \cos nt \Big|_0^x = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cos nt - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{x^3}{6} = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \int_0^x \cos nt dt - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} x$$

$$\frac{x^3}{6} = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^3} \sin nt - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} x$$

One more time:

$$\frac{x^4}{24} = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^3} \int_0^x \sin nt dt - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} x^2$$

$$= 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (-1) (\cos nt - 1)}{n^4} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} x^2$$

$$= -2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \cos nt}{n^4} + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} x^2$$

Now, from problem 9, sec. 9.2 (also done in class)

$$x^2 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cos n\pi t \quad -1 < t < 1$$

Substituting $t=0$ gives

$$0 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} = -\frac{\pi^2}{12}$$

substituting above gives

$$\frac{x^4}{24} = \frac{\pi^2}{12} x^2 - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4} \cos nt + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4}$$

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Substituting $t=\pi$ gives

$$\frac{\pi^4}{24} = \frac{\pi^4}{12} - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (-1)^n}{n^4} + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4}$$

$$2 \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 - (-1)^n}{n^4} \right) = \frac{\pi^4}{12} - \frac{\pi^4}{24} = \frac{\pi^4}{24}$$

$$2 \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{2}{n^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{24}$$

$$\sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{96}$$

Substituting $x = \pi/2$: n odd

$$\frac{\pi^4}{24 \cdot 16} = \frac{\pi^4}{48} - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{n^4} + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4}$$

~~$$2 \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{(-1)^n \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{n^4} - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{48} - \frac{\pi^4}{384} = \frac{7\pi^4}{384}$$~~

~~$$\sum_{n \text{ even}} \frac{\cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{n^4} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4} = \frac{7\pi^4}{768}$$~~

~~$$\sum_{n \text{ even}} \frac{\cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{n^4} - \sum_{n \text{ even}} \frac{1}{n^4} + \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n^4} = \frac{7\pi^4}{768}$$

$\frac{\pi^4}{96}$~~

Note that in the middle term on the right, the odd terms have a factor of $\cos \frac{n\pi}{2} = 0$, so we only get the even ones. Therefore substitute $m = \frac{n}{2}$, that is $n = 2m$,
 $m = 1, 2, \dots$
 and we get

$$\frac{\pi^4}{384} = \frac{\pi^4}{48} - 2 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{2m}}{(2m)^4} \cos m\pi + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4}$$

$$\frac{\pi^4}{384} = \frac{\pi^4}{48} - 2 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m}{16 m^4} + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4}$$

$$\frac{\pi^4}{384} = \frac{\pi}{48} + 2 \frac{1}{16} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{m^4} - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^4}$$

Let's call $S = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^4}$. Then

$$\frac{\pi^4}{384} = \frac{\pi}{48} + 2 \left(\frac{1}{16} S - S \right)$$

$$\frac{\pi^4}{384} = \frac{\pi}{48} - \frac{30}{16} S \Rightarrow \frac{15}{8} S = \frac{\pi}{48} - \frac{\pi}{384}$$

$$S = \frac{8}{15} \pi^4 \left(\frac{1}{48} - \frac{1}{384} \right) \Rightarrow \boxed{S = \pi^4 \cdot \frac{7}{720}}$$

To get $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4}$ Note that

$$\sum_{n \text{ even}} \frac{1}{n^4} = \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n^4} - S \Rightarrow \sum_{n \text{ even}} \frac{1}{n^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{96} - \frac{7}{720} \pi^4$$

therefore
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} = \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{n^4} + \sum_{n \text{ even}} \frac{1}{n^4}$$

$$= \frac{\pi^4}{96} + \frac{\pi^4}{96} - \frac{7}{720} \pi^4$$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{96} - \frac{7}{720} \right) \pi^4$$

$$= \left(\frac{15}{720} - \frac{7}{720} \right) \pi^4$$

$$= \frac{8}{720} \pi^4$$

$$= \frac{\pi^4}{90} !$$