

### Week 3 Examples

**Example 1:** Solve: (1)  $y'' = -9.8$ , (2)  $y'' = -0.04y' - 9.8$ , both with  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 49$ .

**Answers:** (1)  $y = -9.8t^2/2 + 49t$ ; (2)  $y = 7350 - 245t - 7350e^{-t/25}$ .

**Example 2:** Let  $w = v\sqrt{\rho/g}$  and  $p = \frac{1}{\sqrt{g\rho}}$  to replace Newton's quadratic drag model  $v' = -g - \rho v|v|$  by  $pw' = -1 - w|w|$ . Explain rise model  $pw' = -1 - w^2$  and fall model  $pw' = -1 + w^2$ .

**Example 3:** Solve  $pw' = -w^2 + 1$  and  $pw' = w^2 + 1$  as separable equations. See the previous example. **Answers:**  $w(t) = \tanh(c_1 + t/p)$  and  $w(t) = \tan(c_2 + t/p)$

**Example 4:** Verify rise time 4.6 and fall time 4.8 for Newton's quadratic drag model  $v' = -9.8 - 0.0011v|v|$ ,  $v(0) = 49$ . Use textbook formulas or the previous two examples.

**Example 5:** Find the point  $r = r^*$  of zero acceleration in the Jules Verne equation  $r'' = -\frac{Gm_1}{(R_1+r)^2} + \frac{Gm_2}{(R_3-r)^2}$ . The answer has symbols. Then calculate  $r^* \approx 339,620,820$  meters for the earth-moon problem. Reference:

<http://www.math.utah.edu/~gustafso/s2016/2280/julesVerneDE2008.pdf>